

Capital Impact Investment Notes

Up to \$300,000,000

Interest rates set with each offering

Total Aggregate Offering	\$300,000,000
Term/Maturity	Various terms from 6 months to 20 years
Interest Rates	Interest rates will be fixed rate and are set at the time of issuance and are determined by current market conditions. Interest rates will be set forth in the accompanying pricing supplement.
Minimum Investment Requirement	\$1,000
Status	Unsecured debt obligations

Lead Agent

InspereX

Investor dollars are not used to pay sales concessions or any other expenses of the offering.

Prospectus dated June 30, 2025

Included in this Prospectus is the essential information related to the Capital Impact Investment Notes (the "Notes"), fixed income securities that raise capital to financially support impact investments targeted towards underestimated communities across the United States. Prospective investors are advised to read this Prospectus carefully prior to making any decisions to invest in the Notes. The Notes are issued by Capital Impact Partners ("Capital Impact"), a District of Columbia nonprofit corporation organized at the direction of the United States Congress that is a tax-exempt Internal Revenue Code 501(c)(3) public charity and is a Community Development Financial Institution ("CDFI") certified by the U.S. Department of the Treasury Community Development Financial Institutions Fund (the "CDFI Fund"). Capital Impact's national headquarters are located at 1400 Crystal Drive, Suite 500, Arlington, Virginia 22202. Capital Impact's telephone number is (703) 647-2300. Specific terms of the Notes will be described in a separate pricing supplement. The Notes will be global book-entry Notes, which means that they may be purchased electronically through a prospective investor's brokerage account and settled through the Depository Trust Company ("DTC").

The Notes will be offered through InspereX LLC ("InspereX") as lead agent for sale of the Notes ("Lead Agent"), and InspereX will reoffer the Notes to several other registered broker-dealers that are part of a selling group of broker-dealers established by the Lead Agent, including Momentus Securities, LLC, a registered broker-dealer and indirect wholly owned subsidiary of Capital Impact ("Momentus Securities"). InspereX's principal address is 25 SE 4th Avenue, Suite 400, Delray Beach, FL 33483. The Lead Agent, or any other agent appointed by Capital Impact that is a party to a sales agent agreement with Capital Impact, is not required to purchase or sell any specific amount of Notes and will sell the Notes on a best-efforts basis. Through this offering, Capital Impact expects to receive net proceeds from sales after sales concessions to the Lead Agent and any agent appointed by us, based on certain factors including the maturity and marketability of the Notes. The sales concessions shall range from 0.300% to 3.000% based on the aforementioned factors. Capital Impact estimates that the total expenses of the offering excluding sales compensation will be approximately \$500,000, or 0.17% of the total aggregate, resulting in estimated net proceeds ranging from \$290,500,000 to \$298,600,000 if the total amount of Notes being offered are sold.

The Notes are subject to certain risks, discussed in the section entitled "Risk Factors" beginning on page 18.

Investors should not rely on any information not expressly set forth in this Prospectus (or any related pricing supplement). Investors should read this Prospectus and any related pricing supplement carefully prior to making any decision to purchase the Notes. No person has been authorized to give any information or to make any representation in connection with this offering other than those contained in this Prospectus, and if given or made, such information or representation must not be relied upon as having been made by Capital Impact.

This Prospectus and any related pricing supplement provide potential investors with information necessary to make an informed investment decision concerning the Notes. However, nothing contained herein is intended as legal, accounting, tax or investment advice, and it should not be relied upon as such. A prospective investor should consult his or her own legal, tax, and/or financial advisor concerning potential investments in the Notes. An investor must rely on his or her own evaluations of Capital Impact, the Notes, and the terms of this offering, including the merits and risks involved.

In this Prospectus and in the course of its operations, Capital Impact will make a number of forward-looking statements. The words "believe," "expect," "intend," "anticipate," "estimate," "project," and other similar expressions identify forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date the statement was made.

Forward-looking statements are inherently subject to risks and uncertainties, some of which cannot be predicted or quantified. Future events and actual results could differ materially from those set forth in, contemplated by, or underlying these forward-looking statements. Statements in this Prospectus, including those contained in the section entitled "Risk Factors," describe factors, among others, that could contribute to or cause such differences.

Neither the Notes nor the adequacy of this Prospectus have been approved, disapproved, or passed on by the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), any state securities commission, or any other regulatory body. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

None of the SEC, any state securities commission, nor any other regulatory body have passed upon whether the offering can be sold in compliance with existing or future suitability or conduct standard, including the "best interest" standard established pursuant to Regulation Best Interest under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act").

The Notes are not and will not be insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Company ("FDIC"), the Securities Investment Protection Corporation ("SIPC"), or any other agency.

This Prospectus does not constitute an offer nor the solicitation of an offer to sell to any person in any state or any other political jurisdiction in which such offer or solicitation may not lawfully be made. This Prospectus does not constitute an offer by a broker-dealer in any state where that broker-dealer is not qualified to act as a broker-dealer. Federal and state securities laws may affect Capital Impact's ability to continue to sell the Notes in certain states. As of the date hereof, the Notes will be offered for sale in the United States, excluding the State of Arkansas and the State of Washington and any territories thereof.

The Notes are being offered under an exemption from federal registration pursuant to Section 3(a)(4) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and Section 3(c)(10) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "Investment Company Act"). The SEC has not made an independent determination that these Notes are exempt from registration.

Purchasers of the Notes should not expect there to be any secondary market in or for the Notes. The Notes may not be transferred or resold except as permitted under the Securities Act, the Exchange Act, and applicable state securities laws. Accordingly, investors should be aware that they may be required to bear the financial risks of this investment for an indefinite period of time.

The Lead Agent has advised Capital Impact that at its sole discretion it may purchase and sell Notes, but that it is not obligated to buy or sell Notes or make a market in the Notes and may suspend or permanently cease that activity at any time.

The Notes will be offered on a continuous basis. Capital Impact has not set a date for termination of this offering in the event it elects to terminate the offering prior to the sale of the total aggregate offering amount.

FOR RESIDENTS OF ALABAMA ONLY:

THESE SECURITIES ARE OFFERED PURSUANT TO A CLAIM OF EXEMPTION FROM REGISTRATION UNDER SECTION 37(H) OF THE ALABAMA SECURITIES ACT AND SECTION 3(A)(4) OF THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933. A REGISTRATION STATEMENT RELATING TO THESE SECURITIES HAS NOT BEEN FILED WITH THE ALABAMA SECURITIES COMMISSION OR WITH THE UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION. NEITHER THE ALABAMA SECURITIES COMMISSION NOR THE UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION. NEITHER COMMISSION HAS PASSED UPON THE VALUE OF THESE SECURITIES, MADE ANY RECOMMENDATIONS AS TO THEIR PURCHASE, APPROVED OR DISAPPROVED OF THE OFFERING, OR PASSED UPON THE ADEQUACY OR ACCURACY OF THIS PROSPECTUS. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS UNLAWFUL.

FOR RESIDENTS OF FLORIDA ONLY:

THESE SECURITIES HAVE NOT BEEN REGISTERED IN THE STATE OF FLORIDA. THE SECURITIES WILL BE SOLD PURSUANT TO THE ELEEMOSYNARY EXEMPTION IN FLORIDA STATUTES SECTION 517.015(10).

FOR RESIDENTS OF GEORGIA ONLY:

THESE SECURITIES ARE EXEMPT FROM REGISTRATION WITH THE SECURITIES COMMISSIONER OF THE STATE OF GEORGIA PURSUANT TO RULE 590-4-2-.07. THE SECURITIES COMMISSIONER, BY ACCEPTING REGISTRATION, DOES NOT IN ANY WAY ENDORSE OR RECOMMEND THE PURCHASE OF ANY OF THESE SECURITIES.

IN ORDER TO REMAIN IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE POLICIES ESTABLISHED BY THE GEORGIA DIVISION OF SECURITIES AND BUSINESS REGULATION, AUTOMATIC REINVESTMENT AT MATURITY (AS DISCUSSED ON PAGE 12) WILL NOT BE OFFERED TO GEORGIA INVESTORS.

CAPITAL IMPACT HAS FILED NOTICE TO SELL UP TO \$300,000,000 OF THE NOTES IN THE STATE OF GEORGIA. IF AND WHEN \$300,000,000 IN THE NOTES HAVE BEEN SOLD IN THE STATE OF GEORGIA, UNDER THIS EXEMPTION, WHICH INCLUDES NEW SALES AS WELL AS RENEWALS, CAPITAL IMPACT MUST FILE NOTICE OF A NEW ISSUE OF SECURITIES IN THE STATE OF GEORGIA BEFORE IT MAY EFFECT ANY ADDITIONAL NEW SALES OR RENEWALS.

AS REQUIRED BY STATE LAW, ALL RESIDENTS OF GEORGIA HAVE THE OPTION OF RESCINDING THEIR INVESTMENT WITHIN 72 HOURS OF THE EXECUTION OF A WRITTEN AGREEMENT TO PURCHASE OR TO REINVEST A NOTE AT MATURITY. PLEASE NOTE THAT NO INVESTOR IN THE STATE OF GEORGIA HAS EVER EXERCISED THIS OPTION.

FOR RESIDENTS OF INDIANA ONLY:

THE INDIANA SECURITIES DIVISION HAS NOT IN ANY WAY PASSED UPON THE MERITS OR QUALIFICATIONS OF, OR RECOMMENDED OR GIVEN APPROVAL TO, THE SECURITIES OFFERED, OR PASSED UPON THE ACCURACY OR ADEQUACY OF THIS PROSPECTUS.

IN MAKING AN INVESTMENT DECISION, INVESTORS MUST RELY ON THEIR OWN EXAMINATION OF THE ISSUER AND THE TERMS OF THIS OFFERING, INCLUDING THE MERITS AND RISKS INVOLVED. THESE SECURITIES HAVE NOT BEEN RECOMMENDED BY ANY FEDERAL OR STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION OR REGULATORY AUTHORITY. FURTHERMORE, THE FOREGOING AUTHORITIES HAVE NOT CONFIRMED THE ACCURACY OR DETERMINED THE ADEQUACY OF THIS DOCUMENT. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY

IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE. THESE SECURITIES ARE SUBJECT TO RESTRICTIONS ON TRANSFERABILITY AND RESALE AND MAY NOT BE TRANSFERRED OR RESOLD EXCEPT AS PERMITTED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED, AND THE APPLICABLE STATE SECURITIES LAWS, PURSUANT TO REGISTRATION OR EXEMPTION THEREFROM. INVESTORS SHOULD BE AWARE THAT THEY MAY BE REQUIRED TO BEAR THE FINANCIAL RISKS OF THIS INVESTMENT FOR AN INDEFINITE PERIOD OF TIME.

FOR RESIDENTS OF KENTUCKY ONLY:

THESE SECURITIES ARE ISSUED PURSUANT TO A CLAIM OF EXEMPTION FROM REGISTRATION UNDER SECTION KRS 292.400(9) OF THE KENTUCKY SECURITIES ACT.

FOR RESIDENTS OF LOUISIANA ONLY:

THESE SECURITIES HAVE BEEN REGISTERED WITH THE SECURITIES COMMISSIONER OF THE STATE OF LOUISIANA UNDER SECTION 51-705(B) OF THE LOUISIANA REVISED STATUTES. THE SECURITIES COMMISSIONER, BY ACCEPTING REGISTRATION, DOES NOT IN ANY WAY ENDORSE OR RECOMMEND THE PURCHASE OF THESE SECURITIES.

FOR RESIDENTS OF MICHIGAN ONLY:

THESE SECURITIES ARE OFFERED PURSUANT TO AN EXEMPTION AUTHORIZATION AS DESCRIBED BY SECTION 201(G) OF MICHIGAN'S UNIFORM SECURITIES ACT, MCL 451.2201(G). THE STATE OF MICHIGAN DOES NOT RECOMMEND OR ENDORSE THE PURCHASE OF ANY SECURITIES, NOR DOES IT PASS UPON THE TRUTH, MERITS, OR COMPLETENESS OF ANY PROSPECTUS OR ANY OTHER INFORMATION FILED WITH THIS STATE. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE.

FOR RESIDENTS OF MISSOURI ONLY:

THESE SECURITIES HAVE NOT BEEN REGISTERED UNDER THE MISSOURI SECURITIES ACT, BEING EXEMPTED FROM REGISTRATION BY 409.2-201(7)(B) OF THE MISSOURI SECURITIES ACT. THE AVAILABILITY OF THAT EXEMPTION DOES NOT MEAN THE MISSOURI SECURITIES COMMISSIONER HAS PASSED IN ANY WAY UPON THE MERITS OR QUALIFICATIONS OF, OR RECOMMENDED OR GIVEN APPROVAL TO, CAPITAL IMPACT, THE NOTES, OR THE OFFER OR SALE THEREOF IN CONNECTION TO ANY MISSOURI RESIDENTS.

FOR RESIDENTS OF OHIO ONLY:

IN ORDER TO REMAIN IN COMPLIANCE WITH POLICIES ESTABLISHED BY THE OHIO DIVISION OF SECURITIES, AUTOMATIC REINVESTMENT AT MATURITY (AS DISCUSSED ON PAGE 12) WILL NOT BE OFFERED TO OHIO INVESTORS. OHIO INVESTORS SHALL NOT INVEST MORE THAN 10% OF THEIR LIQUID NET WORTH IN THE ISSUER, AFFILIATES OF THE ISSUER, AND IN ANY OTHER NON-TRADED DEBT INVESTMENT PROGRAM. "LIQUID NET WORTH" IS DEFINED AS THAT PORTION OF NET WORTH (TOTAL ASSETS EXCLUSIVE OF PRIMARY RESIDENCE, HOME FURNISHINGS, AND AUTOMOBILES, MINUS TOTAL LIABILITIES) COMPRISED OF CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND READILY MARKETABLE SECURITIES.

FOR RESIDENTS OF OREGON ONLY:

IN ORDER TO REMAIN IN COMPLIANCE WITH POLICIES ESTABLISHED BY THE OREGON DIVISION OF FINANCE AND CORPORATE SECURITIES, AUTOMATIC REINVESTMENT AT MATURITY (AS DISCUSSED ON PAGE 12) WILL NOT BE OFFERED TO OREGON INVESTORS. CAPITAL IMPACT WILL REGISTER TO SELL \$300,000,000 OF NOTES IN OREGON PURSUANT TO THIS PROSPECTUS DURING A 12-MONTH PERIOD.

FOR RESIDENTS OF PENNSYLVANIA ONLY:

A REGISTRATION STATEMENT WITH RESPECT TO THE SECURITIES OFFERED BY THIS PROSPECTUS HAS BEEN FILED IN THE OFFICES OF THE PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF BANKING AND SECURITIES IN HARRISBURG, PENNSYLVANIA. SUCH REGISTRATION STATEMENT INCLUDED CERTAIN EXHIBITS ONLY SUMMARIZED OR ALLUDED TO IN THE PROSPECTUS, AND ARE AVAILABLE FOR INSPECTION AT THE HARRISBURG OFFICE OF THE COMMISSION DURING REGULAR BUSINESS HOURS. THE HARRISBURG OFFICE IS LOCATED IN MARKET SQUARE PLAZA, 17 N. SECOND STREET, SUITE 1300, HARRISBURG, PENNSYLVANIA 17101. REGULAR BUSINESS HOURS ARE MONDAY THROUGH FRIDAY, 8:30 AM TO 5:00 PM. THE PHONE NUMBER FOR THE PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF BANKING AND SECURITIES IS (717) 787-8059.

IF YOU HAVE ACCEPTED AN OFFER TO PURCHASE THESE SECURITIES MADE PURSUANT TO A PROSPECTUS WHICH CONTAINS A WRITTEN NOTICE EXPLAINING YOUR RIGHT TO WITHDRAW YOUR ACCEPTANCE PURSUANT TO SECTION 207(M) OF THE PENNSYLVANIA SECURITIES ACT OF 1972, YOU MAY ELECT, WITHIN TWO BUSINESS DAYS AFTER THE FIRST TIME YOU HAVE RECEIVED THIS NOTICE AND A PROSPECTUS (WHICH IS NOT MATERIALLY DIFFERENT FROM THE FINAL PROSPECTUS) TO WITHDRAW FROM YOUR PURCHASE AGREEMENT AND RECEIVE A FULL REFUND OF ALL MONEYS PAID BY YOU. YOUR WITHDRAWAL WILL BE WITHOUT ANY FURTHER LIABILITY TO ANY PERSON. TO ACCOMPLISH THIS WITHDRAWAL, YOU NEED ONLY SEND A WRITTEN NOTICE (INCLUDING A NOTICE BY FACSIMILE OR ELECTRONIC MAIL) TO CAPITAL IMPACT OR INSPEREX INDICATING YOUR INTENTION TO WITHDRAW. IT IS THE POSITION OF THE PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF BANKING AND SECURITIES THAT INDEMNIFICATION IN CONNECTION WITH VIOLATION OF SECURITIES LAWS IS AGAINST PUBLIC POLICY AND VOID.

THE PAYING AGENT IS U.S. BANK TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION ("U.S. BANK"), LOCATED AT 100 WALL STREET, SUITE 600, NEW YORK, NY 10005 ("PAYING AGENT").

THE LEAD AGENT AUTHORIZED TO AFFECT SALES OF THE NOTES THROUGH ITS SELLING GROUP IS INSPEREX, LOCATED AT 25 SE 4TH AVENUE, SUITE 400, DELRAY BEACH, FL 33483. INSPEREX HAS BEEN AUTHORIZED BY CAPITAL IMPACT TO OFFER THE NOTES FOR SALE AND RESELL THE NOTES TO OTHER REGISTERED BROKER-DEALERS THAT ARE MEMBERS OF INSPEREX'S NETWORK OF SELECTED DEALERS INCLUDING MOMENTUS SECURITIES, AN INDIRECT WHOLLY OWNED SUBSIDIARY OF CAPITAL IMPACT.

INVESTORS ARE ENCOURAGED TO CONSIDER THE CONCEPT OF INVESTMENT DIVERSIFICATION WHEN DETERMINING THE AMOUNT OF NOTES THAT WOULD BE APPROPRIATE FOR THEM IN RELATION TO THEIR OVERALL INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO AND PERSONAL FINANCIAL NEEDS.

FOR RESIDENTS OF TENNESSEE ONLY:

THESE SECURITIES HAVE NOT BEEN REGISTERED WITH THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION IN RELIANCE UPON AN EXEMPTION FROM REGISTRATION SET FORTH IN THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933. THESE SECURITIES HAVE BEEN REGISTERED WITH THE TENNESSEE DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INSURANCE. SUCH REGISTRATION DOES NOT CONSTITUTE A RECOMMENDATION OR ENDORSEMENT OF ANY SECURITY, NOR HAS THE TENNESSEE DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INSURANCE PASSED UPON THE ACCURACY OR ADEQUACY OF THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS OFFERING DOCUMENT. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE. THE PAYING AGENT IS U.S. BANK TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION ("U.S. BANK"), LOCATED AT 100 WALL STREET, SUITE 600, NEW YORK, NY 10005 ("PAYING AGENT").

THE LEAD AGENT AUTHORIZED TO AFFECT SALES OF THE NOTES THROUGH ITS SELLING GROUP IS INSPEREX, LOCATED AT 25 SE 4TH AVENUE, SUITE 400, DELRAY BEACH, FL 33483. INSPEREX HAS BEEN AUTHORIZED BY CAPITAL IMPACT TO OFFER THE NOTES FOR SALE AND RESELL THE NOTES TO OTHER REGISTERED BROKER-DEALERS THAT ARE MEMBERS OF INSPEREX'S NETWORK OF SELECTED DEALERS, INCLUDING MOMENTUS SECURITIES, AN INDIRECT WHOLLY OWNED SUBSIDIARY OF CAPITAL IMPACT, AND BROKER-DEALERS MAY RE-OFFER THE NOTES TO THEIR RETAIL AND INSTITUTIONAL CUSTOMERS. INSPEREX MAY ALSO RE-OFFER THE NOTES TO ITS INSTITUTIONAL CUSTOMERS. INSPEREX AND OTHER SELLING AGENTS APPOINTED BY CAPITAL IMPACT MAY REOFFER THE NOTES TO THEIR RETAIL AND INSTITUTIONAL CUSTOMERS AS APPLICABLE.

INVESTORS ARE ENCOURAGED TO CONSIDER THE CONCEPT OF INVESTMENT DIVERSIFICATION WHEN DETERMINING THE AMOUNT OF NOTES THAT WOULD BE APPROPRIATE FOR THEM IN RELATION TO THEIR OVERALL INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO AND PERSONAL FINANCIAL NEEDS.

FOR RESIDENTS OF VERMONT ONLY:

IN ORDER TO REMAIN IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE POLICIES ESTABLISHED BY THE VERMONT DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL REGULATION, AUTOMATIC REINVESTMENT AT MATURITY (AS DISCUSSED ON PAGE 12) WILL NOT BE OFFERED TO VERMONT INVESTORS.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Statements contained in this Prospectus that are not historical facts are forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act, and Section 21E of the Exchange Act. Also, when Capital Impact uses any of the words "anticipate," "assume," "believe," "estimate," "expect," "intend" or similar expressions, it is making forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are not guaranteed and are based on Capital Impact's present intentions and on Capital Impact's present expectations and assumptions. These statements, intentions, expectations, and assumptions involve risks and uncertainties, some of which are beyond Capital Impact's control, that could cause actual results or events to differ materially from those anticipated or projected. Purchasers of Notes should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, as events described or implied in such statements may not occur. Except as required by law, Capital Impact undertakes no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS
OFFERING SUMMARY
SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION 14
RISK FACTORS
USE OF PROCEEDS
DESCRIPTION OF THE ISSUER
LENDING ACTIVITIES
INVESTING ACTIVITIES
BOARD OF DIRECTORS
MANAGEMENT TEAM AND KEY EMPLOYEES
EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION
LEGAL PROCEEDINGS
CAPITALIZATION
DESCRIPTION OF THE NOTES
CERTAIN KEY INDENTURE PROVISIONS
HOW TO INVEST / PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION
FINANCIAL REPORTING
APPENDIX I AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

OFFERING SUMMARY

This section summarizes the legal and financial terms of the Notes that are described in more detail in the section entitled "Description of the Notes" beginning on page 62. Final terms of any particular Note, including the public offering price, will be determined at the time of sale and will be contained in the accompanying pricing supplement relating to those Notes. The terms in that pricing supplement may vary from and supersede the terms contained in this Prospectus, including the terms contained in this summary section and in the section entitled "Description of the Notes." Before making a decision to purchase a Note, investors are advised to carefully read this Prospectus and the accompanying pricing supplement.

In this prospectus, unless the context indicates otherwise, the words "we," "Capital Impact," "our," "ours" and "us" refer to Capital Impact Partners and all of its consolidated subsidiaries (which consolidated subsidiaries do not include CDC Small Business Finance Corporation ("CDC") or its subsidiaries). The term "you" refers to a prospective investor.

Key Investment Terms							
lssuer	Capital Impact Partners, a District of Columbia nonprofit corporation and certified CDFI.						
Securities Offered	Up to \$300,000,000 of Capital Impact Investment Notes (the "Notes").						
Authorized Denominations	Minimum investment of \$1,000.						
Term of Investments	Notes may be purchased for various terms ranging from 6 months up to 20 years.						
Interest Rates and Payment Options	Interest rates will be fixed rate and are set at the time of issuance and are determined by current market conditions. Interest rates for the Notes will be set forth in the accompanying pricing supplement relating to those Notes. Interest payments will be made quarterly.						
Offering Period	The Notes will be offered on a continuous basis and no termination date has been set for this offering.						
Note Purchases	The Notes are available for purchase in book- entry form, which means they may be purchased electronically through the investor's brokerage account and settled through DTC. As of the date hereof, the Notes will be offered and sold only in the United States, excluding the						

	State of Arkansas and the State of Washington
	and any territories thereof.
Use of Proceeds	The proceeds of the offering will be used primarily to fund initiatives that meet critical needs in low-income communities across the United States, including through Capital Impact's subsidiaries, affiliates, strategic partners, joint ventures and third-party intermediaries, including CDC, Equitable Prosperity Manager, LLC ("Equitable Prosperity") and Momentus Securities, as further described on page 37. We may allow investors who offer to purchase a minimum of \$2,000,000 in Notes to request that we use the proceeds of the Notes purchased by such investor for a particular purpose (i.e., to benefit vulnerable populations in a particular geography, or to meet a critical need in a particular industry or sector). We will weigh a variety of factors when considering such requests, including, in particular, whether or not the use of the proceeds to benefit such population, geography, or sector is aligned with our non-profit, tax-exempt purposes and strategic plan, and will accept or decline such requests in its sole discretion. The proceeds of the offering may also be used to purchase securities or other assets that will be leveraged to support our lending and investment activities and general operations, and to further our general corporate purposes.
Distribution of Notes	We will offer the Notes through InspereX, as Lead Agent, and any other agent appointed by us. InspereX will reoffer the Notes to other registered broker-dealers acting as selected dealers, including Momentus Securities. InspereX and any other agent appointed by us are not required to purchase or sell any specific amount of Notes and will sell the Notes on a best-efforts basis.

Interest Accrual and Interest Periods	Notes begin to accrue interest on the issuance date and mature on the relevant anniversary of issuance. Interest accrues on a 360-day year based on twelve 30-day months. Interest is paid out quarterly and cannot be reinvested. The interest payment dates for a Note will be the fifteenth day of every third month, commencing in the third succeeding calendar month following the month in which the Note is issued, unless such calendar day is not a business day, in which case the interest payment shall be made on the next succeeding business day. The first payment of interest under a Note shall be an amount equal to interest accruing during the period commencing on the closing date of the Note and ending on the day preceding the fifteenth day of the third full calendar month that follows such closing date (the "First Interest Period"). The interest accrual period does not include each interest under the Note shall be in an amount equal to interest accruing during each period of three calendar months that follow the First Interest Period.
Ranking	The Notes constitute unsecured debt obligations of Capital Impact. Capital Impact has outstanding secured debt obligations that rank senior to the Notes and has other unsecured debt obligations, including previously issued and outstanding Capital Impact Investment Notes, that will rank equally with the Notes. The notes will also be structurally subordinated to the indebtedness and other liabilities of Capital Impact's subsidiaries (to the extent of the value of the assets of those subsidiaries). As described more fully on page 37, neither CDC nor any of its subsidiaries are guarantors of the Notes and the assets of CDC and its subsidiaries are not available to satisfy Capital Impact's obligations under the Notes.

Redemption	Notes may be redeemable by us prior to stated maturity at our option, as provided in the relevant pricing supplement. Notes will not be repayable at the option of the Note holder prior to stated maturity date, except as provided under "Survivor's Option" below.
Survivor's Option	In the limited circumstances set forth below, a holder of Notes may sell the Notes back to us prior to stated maturity. This sale option can only be made by the authorized representative of the beneficial owner of the Notes within one year following the death of the beneficial owner of the Notes, so long as the Notes were owned by the beneficial owner or his or her estate at least six months prior to the request and certain documentation requirements are satisfied. This feature is referred to as a "Survivor's Option." The right to exercise the Survivor's Option is subject to (i) a limit on total exercises by all holders of Notes in any calendar year of the aggregate principal balance of all Notes outstanding at the end of the most recently completed calendar year, and (ii) a limit on individual exercises by any holder of Notes in any calendar year of \$250,000. Additional details on the Survivor's Option are described in the section entitled "Description of Notes—Survivor's Option" on page 64.
Options at Maturity/Reinvestments	Principal is automatically repaid at maturity. Investors may reinvest their repaid principal by purchasing new Notes at then-current interest rates and terms offered by us at such time, assuming we are offering the Notes for sale.
Covenants	The Notes are subject to the terms of an indenture (the "Indenture"), with U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association (as successor in interest to U.S. Bank National Association) ("U.S. Bank") serving as indenture trustee (the "Indenture Trustee"). The

	Indenture contains certain affirmative and negative covenants.
Risk Factors	Please refer to "Risk Factors" beginning on page 18.
Tax Consequences	Amounts paid by an investor to purchase the Notes are not deductible for federal tax purposes. Any interest paid on the Notes to an investor is taxable. Please refer to "Description of the Notes - Interest Payments and Tax Considerations" on page 66.

SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The tables below set forth select financial information as of and for the years ended December 31, 2020 through 2024. This information is based on historical audited financial statements for Capital Impact and its consolidated subsidiaries, and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements attached to this Prospectus as Appendix I. For the avoidance of doubt, this financial information does not include any financial information of CDC.

Capital Impact Partners and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Financial Position As of December 31, 2020 through December 31, 2024

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted	\$ 59,662,347	\$ 73,212,984	\$ 67,806,764	\$ 44,233,703	\$ 100,043,027
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	27,638,893	25,053,259	20,560,201	26,424,133	26,847,156
Accounts and interest receivable	2,314,277	2,831,834	4,262,594	7,455,892	10,808,212
Contributions receivable	-	250,000	2,600,000	-	-
Investments	36,279,999	33,922,261	42,359,730	41,473,089	47,358,811
Mortgage Backed and US Treasury Securities	66,386,667	59,429,070	29,230,723	33,822,580	34,029,460
Loans receivable (1)	371,116,831	364,076,525	382,419,078	499,585,126	557,337,088
Less: allowance for credit losses	(13,482,640)	(13,355,265)	(13,622,171)	(12,573,430)	(16,914,877)
Loans receivable, net	357,634,191	350,721,260	368,796,907	487,011,696	540,422,211
Loans receivable - subsidiaries (2)	30,730,771	27,105,392	20,227,669	19,868,695	15,938,096
Loans receivable - intercompany	-	-	-	2,500,000	16,800,000
Other real estate owned	-	-	-	658,498	658,498
Other assets	3,118,407	2,928,134	2,831,666	3,643,329	3,053,759
Right of use assets ⁽⁶⁾	9,496,017	8,637,426	7,898,991	9,428,191	8,425,267
Total assets	\$ 593,261,569	\$ 584,091,620	\$ 566,575,245	\$ 676,519,806	\$ 804,384,497
Liabilities and Net Assets					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 3,847,742	\$ 5,033,519	\$ 7,002,491	\$ 10,847,230	\$ 10,201,921
Refundable advance liability	8,853,592	6,694,569	6,172,250	9,735,754	8,336,547
Revolving lines of credit	29,500,000	-	46,000,000	69,500,000	83,000,000
Notes payable	61,924,794	52,230,970	54,242,446	68,786,736	64,289,530
Investor Notes, net	159,538,327	183,197,579	201,306,219	262,805,148	377,129,499
Subordinated debt	2,500,000	2,500,000	2,500,000	14,500,000	14,500,000
Federal Home Loan Bank borrowing	47,271,304	47,271,304	24,000,000	24,000,000	24,000,000
Bond loan payable	61,077,161	58,849,113	5,000,000	5,000,000	10,000,000
Notes payable - subsidiaries	30,696,140	27,384,895	24,193,922	24,193,922	19,120,355
Liability for CECL - loan commitments (7)	-	-	-	2,917,764	2,596,742
Lease liabilities ⁽⁶⁾	12,442,193	11,463,612	10,588,824	11,991,765	10,821,624
Total liabilities	417,651,253	394,625,561	381,006,152	504,278,319	623,996,218
Net assets:					
Without donor restrictions (4)	121,469,936	120,919,519	115,654,148	106,347,815	133,312,603
Noncontrolling interest in consolidated subsidiaries (3)	20,572,345	20,572,345	20,572,345	20,572,345	1,281,113
Total without donor restrictions	142,042,281	141,491,864	136,226,493	126,920,160	134,593,716
With donor restrictions ⁽⁵⁾	33,568,035	47,974,195	49,342,600	45,321,327	45,794,563
Total net assets	175,610,316	189,466,059	185,569,093	172,241,487	180,388,279
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 593,261,569	\$ 584,091,620	\$ 566,575,245	\$ 676,519,806	\$ 804,384,497

(1) As of December 31, 2024, Capital Impact had \$8,214,380 of outstanding receivables from unsecured loans, or 1.5% of all outstanding loans receivable.

(2) Capital Impact's subsidiaries had no outstanding receivables from unsecured loans at December 31, 2024.

(3) As of December 31, 2018 and 2019, this represents the non-managing member's 80% equity interest in Community Investment Impact Fund, LLC and Community Investment Impact Fund II, LLC, which is exclusive of Capital Impact's equity interest. On January 1, 2020, Community Investment Impact Fund II, LLC merged with Community Investment Impact Fund, LLC, which decreased the non-managing member's equity interest to 70%. As such, as of December 31, 2020 - 2024, this represents the non-managing member's 70% equity interest in Community Investment Impact Fund, LLC. As of December 31, 2024, the non-managing member's equity in Community Investment Impact Fund, LLC has decreased to 13%.

Per ASU 2016-14, Capital Impact now classifies net assets into two categories: Without donor restrictions and With donor restrictions.

(4) Net assets without donor restrictions means that contributions are available for unrestricted use.

(5) Net Assets with donor restrictions are contributions with donor-imposed time or purpose restrictions.

- (6) Per ASU 2016-02, Capital Impact now recognizes lease assets and lease liabilities on the statement of financial position for all leases with terms longer than 12 months. The new standard is effective for the fiscal year beginning January 1, 2019.
- (7) Per ASU 2016-13, Capital Impact now recognizes a liability for Current Expected Credit Losses (CECL) on the statement of financial position. The new standard is effective for the fiscal year beginning after December, 31, 2022. Capital Impact adopted the standard on January 1, 2023.

Capital Impact Partners and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Activities For Years ended December 31, 2020 through December 31, 2024

Loan fees 879.665 771.969 723.022 389.267 Inestment income, net 2802.042 (396.969) (73.40.506) 3554.364 Gain / (oss) on equity method investments (420) 23.600 (21.845) - Gain ot safe of securities (2420) 23.600 (21.845) - Total financial income 22.651.551 22.455.30 18.678.691 31.602.879 Pinancial expense 11.388.935 10.312.851 10.753.248 16.489.064 Interest expense 11.200.153 10.753.248 16.489.064 Provision (creati) brick in losses 713.095 13.875 266.605.273 15.422.806 Revenue and support: 1.200.230 1.384.53 1.580.738 1.580.738 Loan servicing fees 2.324.433 1.580.738 1.580.738 Fees 1.228.083 1.003.002 1.383.433 1.580.738 Continuctions 57.648 7.19.071 1.443.923 Continuctions 1.200.000 2.000.000 8.0852.238 Incontinuctions	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	
Financial income: \$ 23 426.997 \$ 21,999.678 \$ 22,808.542 \$ 26,888.711 \$ Loan fees \$70,055 751,099 \$ 22,800,402 (399,959) (4,349,503) 358,3267 Gair / (tes) on equity method investments 1,502,237 110,112 (466,532) 770,537 Gair / (tes) on NNTC unwind (420) 23,800 (21,945) - Total financial income 28,610,551 22,485,430 18,673,691 31,602,879 Provision (credit) for loan losses 71,305 13,875 206,600 (30,991) Total financial income 16,528,521 12,158,704 7,658,537 15,422,806 Not financial income 1,220,633 1,103,502 1,383,433 1,890,738 Fees 1,220,633 1,023,592 1,384,433 1,890,738 Fees 2,248,610 1,023,592 1,384,433 1,890,738 Fees 2,248,810 1,023,228 4,000 365,710 Contributions 1,020,517 1,242,606 <						
Interest income on loans \$ 23, 243, 29, 97 \$ 21, 99, 77, 99 \$ 22, 323, 542 \$ 22, 320, 22 Loan kees 78, 965 77, 999 72, 302 389, 267 Investment income, net 2, 802, 402 (399, 999) (4, 344, 566) 3, 554, 364 Gain / (bos) on NMTC unwind 1, 502, 237 1112 (465, 532) 770, 537 Gain on allot of socurities 28, 610, 551 22, 465, 430 18, 678, 691 31, 602, 879 Financial expense: 11, 369, 395 10, 312, 251 10, 753, 248 16, 489, 054 Provision (credit) for can losses 713, 095 13, 875 298, 809, 10 10, 732, 248 16, 489, 054 Net financial expense 12, 2082, 030 10, 325, 726 11, 202, 154 16, 180, 073 Net financial expense 12, 2082, 030 10, 325, 87, 04 7, 658, 537 15, 422, 206 Reverue and support: Loan servicing fees 1, 220, 083 1, 103, 502 1, 383, 433 1, 590, 738 Loan servicing fees 1, 220, 063 1, 035, 239 1, 244, 007 15, 244, 007 15, 262, 699 3, 305, 333 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
Lone kes 576.696 751.999 723.022 389.287 Investment income, net 2.802.042 (399.959) (4.34.506) 3.554.364 Gain / (loss) on equity method investments 1.502.237 110.112 (480.532) 770.537 Gain / (loss) on equity method investments 1.502.237 110.112 (480.52) 770.537 Gain / (loss) on equity method investments 1.502.237 110.112 (480.52) 770.537 Gain / (loss) on equity method investments 2.24.855.484 1.602.879 770.537 Financial expense 11.388.035 10.312.851 10.752.248 16.489.064 Protectin (rend) for loss in bases 713.095 13.862.879 10.803.991 12.863.221 12.863.251 12.863.251 12.42.805 Resenue and support: 1.020.108 1.023.366 1.469.032 1.469.923 1.462.923 1.424.007 Loan servicing less 1.228.083 1.023.366 1.469.923 1.440.923.23 1.424.007 1.440.923.23 Contract reenue 1.228.083 1.020.100 2.060.000 2.067.023						
Investment income, net 2.802.04/2 (398.090) (4.348.506) 3.545.434 Gain / (bcs) on NMTC unwind 1.502.237 10.112 (446.532) 770.537 Gain / (bcs) on NMTC unwind (420) 23.600 (21.845) - Total financial income 28.610.551 22.485.430 18.678.691 31.802.879 Financial expense: 11.368.935 10.312.851 10.753.248 16.489.064 Provision (credit) kor toan losses 713.095 13.875 226.006 (308.911) Total financial income 16.528.51 12.158.704 7.658.537 15.422.806 Revenue and support: Lans servicing fees 1.228.063 1.139.502 1.383.433 1.580.738 Loans servicing fees 1.228.063 1.03.502 1.383.433 1.580.738 Contributions 15.00.000 2.000.000 9.068.225 44.007 Contributions 1.000.000 2.000.000 9.068.225 44.002 Contributions 1.000.000 2.000.000 9.068.225 44.002 Contributions					\$	\$
Gain / (loss) on explit/in method investments 1.502.237 110.112 (466.322) 770.537 Gain / (loss) on NMTC unwind Gain on sale of securities 28.610.551 22.485.430 18.678.691 31.602.879 Financial expense: Interest expense 11.388.035 10.312.851 10.753.248 16.489.064 Provision (anothic bricks) 710.857 228.600.272 11.602.154 10.602.728 Net financial expense 12.288.035 10.312.851 10.753.248 16.489.064 Provision (anothic bricks) 713.052 11.620.154 10.805.728 11.620.154 Net financial expense 12.288.033 1.0325.728 11.620.154 1.649.064 Contract revence - 7.76.88 711.560.738 1.560.738 Reserva and support: Loan servicing fees - 7.648 719.570 1.240.07 Contract revence - 57.648 719.570 1.240.07 1.240.07 Contract revence - 57.648 719.572 18.602 52.39 3.002.53 Not distextinguishment - 15.000.000						
Gain / fuesion (420) 23.800 (21.845) - Gain on add fscurities 28.610,551 22.485,430 18.678,691 31.602,879 Financial expense: 11.388,035 10.312,851 10.753,248 16.489,064 Provision (edit) for loan losses 713,095 11.875 206,906 (308,091) Total financial expense 11.388,035 10.312,851 10.753,248 16.489,064 Provision (edit) for loan losses 713,095 11.875 206,906 (308,091) Total financial expense 12.28,030 10.326,726 11.002,154 16.180,073 Net financial income 16.528,521 12.158,704 7,656,537 15.422,006 Revenue and support: 1.228,043 1.035,002 1.385,051 1.489,523 Contract revenue - 7,648 719,570 1.244,007 Contract revenue - - 6,452,689 332,273,332 Other income - - 6,452,689 322,777,717 Total revenue and support - - 15,372,8				,		
California sale of securities Control Total financial income 28,610,551 22,485,430 18,678,691 31,602,879 Financial expense: Interest expense 11,388,035 10,312,851 10,753,248 16,489,064 Provision (readi) for ioan losses 713,005 11,328,035 11,020,154 16,100,073 Net financial expense 12,020,030 10,326,726 11,020,154 16,809,064 Revenue and support: Loan servicing fees 1,228,083 1,013,502 1,383,433 1,800,738 Contract revenue - 15,508,521 12,258,097 1,582,739 1,449,923 Contract revenue - 15,508,525 94,0007 - 6,452,689 352,238 Inter-company fee income 34,175 12,24,007 1,683,243 1,900,738 Net assets released from restrictions 5,507 1,542,230 36,073,178 42,309,119 Expense: Inter-company fee income - 1,553,0363 18,417,209 36,073,178 42,309,119 Expenses: Intractical assistance 12,074,387 16,564,633 14,907,624 </td <td>942,906</td> <td>770,537</td> <td>(466,532)</td> <td>110,112</td> <td>1,502,237</td> <td>Gain / (loss) on equity method investments</td>	942,906	770,537	(466,532)	110,112	1,502,237	Gain / (loss) on equity method investments
Total financial income 28,610,651 22,485,430 18,678,691 31,602,879 Financial expense: Interest repense 113,088,835 10,312,851 10,753,248 16,489,064 713,005 13,875 266,009 (308,991) 12,082,030 10,326,726 11,020,154 16,180,073 Net financial expense 12,082,030 10,326,726 11,020,154 16,180,073 Revenue and support: Loan servicing fees 1,228,083 1,03,502 1,383,433 1,580,738 Contract revenue - 57,648 719,570 1,244,007 Contract revenue - 1,582,521 12,2469 118,602 527,332 Ontributions 10,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,002 0,000,225 9,400 Gain on debt extinguistment - - 1,583,233 335,333 Other income - - 1,583,233 337,717 42,399,119 Expenses: - - 1,533,248 12,072,528 - 16,072,528 Total program axpeneses 12,074,387 16	6,977	-	(21,845)	23,600	(420)	Gain / (loss) on NMTC unwind
Financial expense: 11.388.935 10.312.851 10.753.248 16.489.064 Provision (redit) for loan losses 713.005 13.875 286.009 (308.091) Total financial expense 12.082.030 10.328,725 11.020,154 16.180.073 Net financial expense 12.082.030 10.328,725 11.020,154 16.180.073 Revenue and support: 10.528.521 12.188.704 7.658.537 15.422.806 Contract revenue - 7.74.848 1.023.502 1.385.051 1.459.523 Asset management fees from investments - 12.50.97 1.244.007 1.568.719 1.244.007 Contract revenue - 5.7.648 719.570 1.244.007 1.568.719 1.568.719 Contract revenue - - 1.553.228 3.395.383 1.108.073.328 3.2.77.179 Contract revenue - - 1.53.02.283 3.20.73.732 1.207.4387 16.554.633 14.907.624 18.072.528 Intercome 3.109.737 12.274.337 16.564.633 14.907.624	1,041,401					 Gain on sale of securities
Interest expense 11,388,935 10,312,851 10,752,248 16,480,064 Provision (retrift) for lon losses 12,082,030 10,326,726 11,020,154 16,180,073 Net financial income 16,528,521 12,158,704 7,658,537 15,422,006 Revenue and support: 12,280,083 1,103,502 1,383,433 1,560,738 Loan servicing fees 6,324,483 1,023,091 1,456,523 383,433 1,560,738 Fees 6,324,483 1,023,091 1,456,523 383,433 1,560,738 Contract revenue - 7,648 719,570 1,240,007 1,240,007 Contract revenue - 7,648 719,570 1,240,007 1,240,007 Contract revenue - - 1,520,000 9,065,225 94,000 - Contract revenue - - 1,520,000 2,000,000 9,065,225 94,000 - Contract revenue - - 1,520,023 32,217,179 - 1,520,023 32,217,179 - 1,502,5	44,385,188	31,602,879	18,678,691	22,485,430	28,610,551	 Total financial income
Provision (credit) for loan losses 713.095 13.875 266.906 (308.991) Total financial expense 12.082.030 10.326.726 11.020.154 16,180.073 Net financial income 16.528,521 12,188.704 7,658,537 15,422,806 Revenue and support: 1.228.083 1,103,502 1,383,433 1,580,738 Loan servicing fees 623.448 1,023.399 1,345,051 1,456,523 Asset management fees from investments - 122,000 9,005,225 94,000 Contributions 150,000.00 2,000,000 9,006,225 94,000 1,652,283 336,383 Other income - - 16,522,828 3,39,383 30,433 1,580,738 Inter-company fee income - - 16,532,288 3,30,383 31,480,718 42,398,119 Total foremany fee income - - 16,534,510 22,144,128 Inter-company fee income 22,004,363 14,407,624 18,072,528 Investment income network 8,190,657 14,102,811 16,374						inancial expense:
Total financial expense 12,082,030 10,326,726 11,020,154 16,180,073 Net financial income 16,528,521 12,168,704 7,858,537 15,422,806 Revenue and support: Loan servicing fees 1,228,083 1,103,502 1,383,433 1,580,736 Pees 1,228,083 1,103,502 1,383,433 1,580,738 1,465,523 Asset management fees from investments - 125,087 1,460,523 1,440,073 Contract revenue - 57,648 719,570 1,244,007 1,460,228 3,227,332 Inter-company fee income 348,175 122,469 118,602 527,332 Net assets released from restrictions 8,190,657 14,110,283 32,177,179 25,330,363 18,417,289 36,073,178 42,399,119 Expenses: 10,074,387 16,564,633 14,907,624 18,072,528 12,074,387 16,564,633 31,4207,624 18,072,528 Total program expenses 12,074,387 16,564,633 14,907,624 18,072,528 Management and general 1,27,19,502	27,083,575	16,489,064	10,753,248	10,312,851	11,368,935	Interest expense
Net financial income 16,528,521 12,158,704 7,658,537 15,422,806 Revenue and support: Loan servicing fees 1,228,083 1,103,502 1,383,433 1,580,738 Fees 623,448 1,023,369 1,345,051 1,490,523 Asset management fees from investments - 15,000,000 2,000,000 9,065,225 94,000 Contract revenue - - 6,452,089 32,228 3,395,833 Other income - - 1,531,228 3,395,833 0,000 9,065,225 94,000 Charge from restrictions - - 1,533,228 3,395,833 0,017,179 22,328 3,395,833 0,017,179 25,390,363 18,407,269 11,8,002,523 18,177,179 10,564,633 14,907,624 18,072,528 3,2171,179 10,564,633 14,907,624 18,072,528 12,074,387 16,564,633 14,207,624 18,072,528 12,074,387 16,564,633 14,907,624 18,072,528 12,074,387 16,564,633 14,907,624 18,072,552 12,074,387 16,564,633 <t< td=""><td>) 9,805,409</td><td>(308,991)</td><td>266,906</td><td>13,875</td><td>713,095</td><td> Provision (credit) for loan losses</td></t<>) 9,805,409	(308,991)	266,906	13,875	713,095	 Provision (credit) for loan losses
Revenue and support: Loan servicing fees 1.222,083 1,103,502 1.383,433 1.580,738 Fees 623,448 1,023,309 1,345,051 1,459,623 Asset management fees from investments - 57,648 719,570 1,224,007 Contract revenue - 57,648 719,570 1,244,007 Contract revenue - 57,648 719,570 1,244,007 Contract revenue - - 1,550,228 3,395,383 Other income 348,175 122,409 118,600 52,273 3,395,383 Net assets released from restrictions 8,190,657 14,110,281 15,310,283 32,177,179 Total revenue and support 25,390,363 16,564,633 14,907,624 18,072,528 Innovative community lending program 12,074,387 16,564,633 14,907,624 18,072,528 Total revenue and support 12,074,387 16,564,633 14,907,624 18,072,528 Fundraising 12,074,387 16,564,633 14,907,624 18,072,528 Nanopemental degeneral	36,888,984	16,180,073	11,020,154	10,326,726	12,082,030	 Total financial expense
Loan servicing fees 1,228,083 1,103,502 1,383,433 1,580,738 Fees 623,448 1,023,369 1,345,051 1,459,523 Asset management fees from investments - 7,5648 719,570 1,568,719 Contract revenue - 57,648 719,570 1,244,007 Contract revenue - 64,52,689 352,238 Inter-company fee income - - 1,553,228 3,395,383 Other income 348,175 122,469 18,602 527,332 Net assets released from restrictions 8,190,657 14,110,281 15,310,283 32,177,179 Total revenue and support 25,309,363 18,417,269 36,073,178 42,399,119 Expenses: - - 16,374,510 22,144, 126 Innovative community lending program 12,074,387 16,564,633 31,282,134 40,216,664 Support expenses: 12,074,387 16,564,633 31,282,134 40,216,664 Management and general 12,074,387 16,564,633 31,282,311	7,496,204	15,422,806	7,658,537	12,158,704	16,528,521	 Net financial income
Fees 623,448 1,023,369 1,345,051 1,459,523 Asset management fees from investments - 125,097 1,568,719 Contract revenue - 57,648 719,570 1,244,007 Contributions 15,000,000 9,005,225 94,000 9,005,225 94,000 Gain on debt extinguishment - - 6,652,649 352,238 3,395,383 Other income - - 1,653,228 3,395,383 304 118,602 527,332 Net assets released from restrictions 8,190,657 14,110,281 15,310,283 32,77,717 Total revenue and support 25,390,363 18,417,269 36,073,178 42,399,119 Expenses: 12,074,387 16,564,633 14,907,624 18,072,528 Innovative community lending program 12,074,387 16,564,653 31,282,134 40,216,654 Support expenses: 12,074,387 16,564,653 31,282,732 12,00,552 Management and general 12,719,502 11,977,331 14,883,845 21,200,552						enue and support:
Fees 623,448 1,023,369 1,345,051 1,459,523 Asset management fees from investments - 125,097 1,568,719 Contract revenue - 57,648 719,570 1,244,007 Contributions 15,000,000 9,005,225 94,000 9,005,225 94,000 Gain on debt extinguishment - - 6,652,649 352,238 3,395,383 Other income - - 1,653,228 3,395,383 304 118,602 527,332 Net assets released from restrictions 8,190,657 14,110,281 15,310,283 32,77,717 Total revenue and support 25,390,363 18,417,269 36,073,178 42,399,119 Expenses: 12,074,387 16,564,633 14,907,624 18,072,528 Innovative community lending program 12,074,387 16,564,653 31,282,134 40,216,654 Support expenses: 12,074,387 16,564,653 31,282,732 12,00,552 Management and general 12,719,502 11,977,331 14,883,845 21,200,552	1,737,007	1,580,738	1,383,433	1,103,502	1,228,083	
Asset management fees from investments - 125,097 1,568,719 Contract revenue - 57,648 719,570 1,244,007 Contract revenue - 57,648 719,570 1,244,007 Contract revenue - - 6,452,689 352,238 Inter-company fee income - - 1,563,228 3,395,333 Other income - - 1,563,203 32,177,179 Total revenue and support 25,303,263 18,417,269 36,073,178 42,399,119 Expenses: - - 16,564,633 14,907,624 18,072,528 Innovative community lending program 12,074,387 16,564,633 31,282,134 40,216,654 Support expenses: 12,074,387 16,564,633 31,282,134 40,216,654 Management and general 12,719,502 11,977,331 14,883,845 21,209,552 <tr< td=""><td>1,861,940</td><td>1,459,523</td><td>1,345,051</td><td>1,023,369</td><td>623,448</td><td>ees</td></tr<>	1,861,940	1,459,523	1,345,051	1,023,369	623,448	ees
Contributions 15,000,000 2,000,000 9,065,225 94,000 Gain on debt extinguishment - - 6,452,689 352,238 Other income - - 6,452,689 352,238 Other income - - 15,53,228 3,305,383 Other income 348,175 122,469 118,602 527,332 Net assets released from restrictions 8,190,657 14,110,281 15,510,228 32,177,179 Expenses: - - 16,374,510 22,144,126 18,072,528 Innovative community lending program 12,074,387 16,564,633 31,282,134 40,216,654 Support expenses: - - 16,374,510 22,144,126 Management and general 12,719,502 11,977,331 14,883,845 21,209,552 Fundraising - 26,089,291 30,146,190 48,014,775 6,3827,550 Change in net assets without donor restrictions - 5,578,792 (550,417) (5,565,371) (7,017,757) Change in net assets with donor r	3,014,780	1,568,719	125,097		-	sset management fees from investments
Gain on debt extinguishment Inter-company fee income - - - 6,452,689 352,238 Inter-company fee income - - 1,553,228 3,395,383 Net assets released from restrictions 8,190,657 14,110,281 15,310,283 32,177,179 Total revenue and support 25,390,363 18,417,269 36,073,178 42,399,119 Expenses: Innovative community lending program 12,074,387 16,564,633 14,907,624 18,072,528 Innovative community lending program 12,074,387 16,564,633 31,282,134 40,216,654 Support expenses: 12,074,387 16,564,633 31,282,134 40,216,654 Management and general 12,719,502 11,977,331 14,883,845 21,290,552 Fundraising 12,295,402 1,604,226 1,848,796 2,320,344 Total expenses 26,089,291 30,146,190 48,014,775 63,827,550 Change in net assets without donor restrictions before noncontrolling interest - distribution (4,983,306) (6,005,625) (7,017,757) Change in net assets with door restrictions 15,829,593 429,783 (4,283,060) (6,005,625)	635,780	1,244,007	719,570	57,648	-	ontract revenue
Inter-company fee income - - 1,553,228 3,395,383 Other income 348,175 122,469 118,602 527,332 Net assets released from restrictions 8,190,657 14,110,281 15,310,283 3,395,383 Net assets released from restrictions 25,390,363 18,417,269 36,073,178 42,399,119 Expenses: Innovative community lending program 12,074,387 16,564,633 14,907,624 18,072,528 Innovative community lending program 12,074,387 16,564,633 31,282,134 40,216,654 Support expenses: 12,074,387 16,564,633 31,282,134 40,216,654 Support expenses: 12,074,387 16,564,633 31,282,134 40,216,654 Support expenses: 12,279,502 11,977,331 14,883,845 21,290,552 Management and general 12,719,502 11,977,331 14,880,147.75 63,827,550 Change in net assets without donor restrictions before noncontrolling interest - distribution 14,983,306 (980,200) (982,311) (1,017,757) Change in net assets with donor restricti	45,155,925	94,000	9,065,225	2,000,000	15,000,000	ontributions
Other income 348,175 122,469 118,602 527,332 Net assets released from restrictions 8,190,657 14,110,281 15,310,283 32,177,179 Total revenue and support 25,390,363 18,417,269 36,073,178 42,399,119 Expenses: Innovative community lending program 12,074,387 16,564,633 14,907,624 18,072,528 Support expenses: 12,074,387 16,564,633 31,282,134 40,216,654 Management and general 12,719,502 11,977,331 14,883,845 21,209,552 Fundraising 12,719,502 11,977,331 14,883,845 21,209,552 Total expenses 26,089,291 30,146,190 48,014,775 63,827,550 Change in net assets without donor restrictions before noncontrolling interest - distribution (4,983,306) (980,200) (982,311) (1,012,132) (Change in net assets without donor restrictions 15,829,553 429,783 (4,283,060) (6,005,625) Noncontrolling Interest - distribution 5,078,792 (550,417) (5,265,371) (7,017,757)	- 1	352,238	6,452,689	-	-	ain on debt extinguishment
Net assets released from restrictions 8,190,657 14,110,281 15,310,283 32,177,179 Total revenue and support 25,390,363 18,417,269 36,073,178 42,399,119 Expenses: Innovative community lending program 12,074,387 16,564,633 14,907,624 18,072,528 Total program expenses 12,074,387 16,564,633 31,282,134 40,216,654 Support expenses: 12,074,387 16,664,633 31,282,134 40,216,654 Support expenses: 12,074,387 16,64,633 31,282,134 40,216,654 Support expenses: 12,074,387 14,640,226 1,848,796 2,320,344 Fundraising 1,225,402 1,604,226 1,848,796 2,320,344 Total expenses 26,089,291 30,146,190 48,014,775 63,827,550 Change in net assets without donor restrictions before noncontrolling Interest - distribution (4,983,306) (980,200) (982,311) (1,012,132) (Change in net assets with donor restrictions 5,078,792 (550,417) (5,265,371) (7,017,757) Change in net	3,742,764	3,395,383	1,553,228	-	-	ter-company fee income
Net assets released from restrictions 8,190,657 14,110,281 15,310,283 32,177,179 Total revenue and support 25,390,363 18,417,269 36,073,178 42,399,119 Expenses: Innovative community lending program 12,074,387 16,564,633 14,907,624 18,072,528 Total program expenses 12,074,387 16,564,633 31,282,134 40,216,654 Support expenses: 12,074,387 16,664,633 31,282,134 40,216,654 Support expenses: 12,074,387 16,64,633 31,282,134 40,216,654 Support expenses: 12,074,387 14,640,226 1,848,796 2,320,344 Fundraising 1,225,402 1,604,226 1,848,796 2,320,344 Total expenses 26,089,291 30,146,190 48,014,775 63,827,550 Change in net assets without donor restrictions before noncontrolling Interest - distribution (4,983,306) (980,200) (982,311) (1,012,132) (Change in net assets with donor restrictions 5,078,792 (550,417) (5,265,371) (7,017,757) Change in net				122,469	348,175	
Total revenue and support 25,390,363 18,417,269 36,073,178 42,399,119 Expenses: Innovative community lending program 12,074,387 16,564,633 14,907,624 18,072,528 Total program expenses 22,074,387 16,564,633 31,282,134 40,216,654 Support expenses: 12,074,387 16,564,633 31,282,134 40,216,654 Management and general 12,719,502 11,977,331 14,883,845 21,290,552 Fundraising 1,285,402 1,604,226 1,848,796 2,320,344 Total expenses 26,089,291 30,146,190 48,014,775 63,827,550 Change in net assets without donor restrictions before noncontrolling interest activities 15,829,593 429,783 (4,283,060) (6,005,625) Noncontrolling interest - distribution (4,983,306) (980,200) (982,311) (1,012,132) (Change in net assets with donor restrictions 11,201,303 (4,283,060) (6,005,625) (6,005,625) (6,005,625) (6,005,625) (6,005,625) (7,017,757) (7,017,757) (7,017,757) (7,017,757)						et assets released from restrictions
Innovative community lending program 12,074,387 16,564,633 14,907,624 18,072,528 Total program expenses - - 16,374,510 22,144,126 Support expenses: 12,074,387 16,564,633 31,282,134 40,216,654 Fundraising 12,074,387 16,04,226 1,848,796 2,320,344 Total expenses 26,089,291 30,146,190 48,014,775 63,827,550 Change in net assets without donor restrictions 15,829,593 429,783 (4,283,060) (6,005,625) Change in net assets with donor restrictions 62,924 30,639 77,325						 Total revenue and support
Technical assistance - - 16,374,510 22,144,126 Total program expenses 12,074,387 16,564,633 31,282,134 40,216,654 Support expenses: 12,074,387 16,564,633 31,282,134 40,216,654 Management and general 12,719,502 11,977,331 14,883,845 21,290,552 Fundraising 1,295,402 1,604,226 1,848,796 2,320,344 Total expenses 26,089,291 30,146,190 48,014,775 63,827,550 Change in net assets without donor restrictions before noncontrolling interest - distribution 15,829,593 429,783 (4,283,060) (6,005,625) Noncontrolling interest - distribution (4,983,306) (980,200) (982,211) (1,012,132) (1,012,132) Change in net assets without donor restrictions 19,078,792 (550,417) (5,265,371) (7,017,757) Change in net assets with donor restrictions 62,924 30,639 77,325 304,422 Grant revenue 14,250,083 28,485,802 16,601,363 27,851,484 Net assets released from restrictions (8,190,657) (14,110,281) (15,310,283) (32,177,179)						ienses:
Total program expenses 12,074,387 16,564,633 31,282,134 40,216,654 Support expenses: Management and general 12,719,502 11,977,331 14,883,845 21,290,552 Fundraising 12,09,402 1,604,226 1,848,796 2,320,344 Total expenses 26,089,291 30,146,190 48,014,775 63,827,550 Change in net assets without donor restrictions before noncontrolling interest - distribution (4,983,306) (980,200) (982,311) (1,012,132) (Change in net assets with donor restrictions 14,250,083 28,485,802 16,601,363 27,851,484 Net assets released from restrictions 62,924 30,639 77,325 304,422 Net assets with donor restrictions 64,122,350 14,406,160 1,368,405 (4,021,273) Change in net assets with donor restrictions 61,122,350 14,406,160 1,368,405 (4,021,273) Change in net assets with donor restrictions 11,201,142 13,855,743 (3,896,966) (11,039,030)	17,919,218	18,072,528	14,907,624	16,564,633	12,074,387	novative community lending program
Support expenses: Management and general 12,719,502 11,977,331 14,883,845 21,290,552 Fundraising 1,295,402 1,604,226 1,848,796 2,320,344 Total expenses 26,089,291 30,146,190 48,014,775 63,827,550 Change in net assets without donor restrictions before noncontrolling Interest activities 15,829,593 429,783 (4,283,060) (6,005,625) Noncontrolling Interest - distribution (4,983,306) (980,200) (982,311) (1,012,132) (1 Change in net assets without donor restrictions 5,078,792 (550,417) (5,265,371) (7,017,757) Change in net assets with donor restrictions 62,924 30,639 77,325 304,422 Grant revenue 14,250,083 28,485,802 16,601,363 27,851,484 Net assets released from restrictions (8,190,657) (14,110,281) (15,310,283) (32,177,179) (14,021,273) Change in net assets 0,12,250 14,406,160 1,368,405 (4,021,273) Change in net assets 11,201,142 13,855,743 (3,896,966) (11,039,030)	11,086,702	22,144,126	16,374,510	-	-	echnical assistance
Management and general 12,719,502 11,977,331 14,883,845 21,290,552 Fundraising 1,295,402 1,604,226 1,848,796 2,320,344 Total expenses 26,089,291 30,146,190 48,014,775 63,827,550 Change in net assets without donor restrictions before noncontrolling interest - distribution 15,829,593 429,783 (4,283,060) (6,005,625) Change in net assets without donor restrictions 15,829,593 429,783 (4,283,060) (6,005,625) Change in net assets without donor restrictions 15,829,593 429,783 (4,283,060) (6,005,625) Change in net assets with donor restrictions 10,980,200) (982,311) (1,012,132) (1,012,132) Change in net assets with donor restrictions 5,078,792 (550,417) (5,265,371) (7,017,757) Change in net assets with donor restrictions 62,924 30,639 77,325 304,422 Net assets released from restrictions (8,190,657) (14,110,281) (15,310,283) (32,177,179) (14,110,281) Change in net assets 11,201,142 13,855,743 (3,896,966) (11,039,030)	29,005,920	40,216,654	31,282,134	16,564,633	12,074,387	Total program expenses
Fundraising 1,295,402 1,604,226 1,848,796 2,320,344 Total expenses 26,089,291 30,146,190 48,014,775 63,827,550 Change in net assets without donor restrictions before noncontrolling interest - distribution 15,829,593 429,783 (4,283,060) (6,005,625) Noncontrolling interest - distribution (4,983,306) (980,200) (982,311) (1,012,132) (1,012,132) Change in net assets with donor restrictions 5,078,792 (550,417) (5,265,371) (7,017,757) Change in net assets with donor restrictions 62,924 30,639 77,325 304,422 Grant revenue 14,250,083 28,485,802 16,601,363 27,851,484 Net assets released from restrictions (8,190,657) (14,110,281) (15,310,283) (32,177,179) (14,021,273) Change in net assets 61,22,350 14,406,160 1,368,405 (4,021,273) Change in net assets 11,201,142 13,855,743 (3,896,966) (11,039,030)						upport expenses:
Fundraising 1,295,402 1,604,226 1,848,796 2,320,344 Total expenses 26,089,291 30,146,190 48,014,775 63,827,550 Change in net assets without donor restrictions before noncontrolling interest - distribution 15,829,593 429,783 (4,283,060) (6,005,625) Noncontrolling interest - distribution (4,983,306) (980,200) (982,311) (1,012,132) (1,012,132) Change in net assets with donor restrictions 15,829,593 429,783 (4,283,060) (6,005,625) Noncontrolling interest - distribution (4,983,306) (980,200) (982,311) (1,012,132) (1,012,132) Change in net assets with donor restrictions 11,250,083 28,485,802 16,601,363 27,851,484 Net assets released from restrictions (8,190,657) (14,110,281) (15,310,283) (32,177,179) (14,021,273) Change in net assets 11,201,142 13,855,743 (3,896,966) (11,039,030)	22,131,243	21,290,552	14,883,845	11,977,331	12,719,502	anagement and general
Total expenses 26,089,291 30,146,190 48,014,775 63,827,550 Change in net assets without donor restrictions before noncontrolling interest - distribution 15,829,593 429,783 (4,283,060) (6,005,625) Noncontrolling interest - distribution (4,983,306) (980,200) (982,311) (1,012,132) (1,012,132) Change in net assets without donor restrictions (5,078,792) (550,417) (5,265,371) (7,017,757) Change in net assets with donor restrictions 62,924 30,639 77,325 304,422 Grant revenue 14,250,083 28,485,802 16,601,363 27,951,484 Net assets released from restrictions (8,190,657) (14,110,281) (15,310,283) (32,177,179) (14,021,273) Change in net assets 11,201,142 13,855,743 (3,896,966) (11,039,030)	2,963,966	2,320,344	1,848,796	1,604,226	1,295,402	undraising
noncontrolling Interest activities 15,829,593 429,783 (4,283,060) (6,005,625) Noncontrolling interest - distribution (4,983,306) (980,200) (982,311) (1,012,132)		63,827,550				 Total expenses
noncontrolling Interest activities 15,829,593 429,783 (4,283,060) (6,005,625) Noncontrolling interest - distribution (4,983,306) (980,200) (982,311) (1,012,132)						Change in not construitbout donor restrictions hefers
Noncontrolling interest - distribution (4,983,306) (980,200) (982,311) (1,012,132) (Change in net assets without donor restrictions 5,078,792 (550,417) (5,265,371) (7,017,757) Change in net assets with donor restrictions Investment Income , net 62,924 30,639 77,325 304,422 Grant revenue 14,250,083 28,485,802 16,601,363 27,851,484 Net assets released from restrictions (8,190,657) (14,110,281) (15,310,283) (32,177,179) (Change in net assets 61,22,350 14,406,160 1,368,405 (4,021,273) (1,039,030)	07 540 440	(6 005 625)	(1 282 060)	420 792	15 920 502	
Change in net assets without donor restrictions 5,078,792 (550,417) (5,265,371) (7,017,757) Change in net assets with donor restrictions Investment Income, net 62,924 30,639 77,325 304,422 Grant revenue 14,250,083 28,485,802 16,601,363 27,851,484 Net assets released from restrictions (8,190,657) (14,110,281) (15,310,283) (32,177,179) (14,273) Change in net assets 0,122,350 14,406,160 1,368,405 (4,021,273) Change in net assets 11,201,142 13,855,743 (3,896,966) (11,039,030)	,	,				-
Investment Income, net 62,924 30,639 77,325 304,422 Grant revenue 14,250,083 28,485,802 16,601,363 27,851,484 Net assets released from restrictions (8,190,657) (14,110,281) (15,310,283) (32,177,179) (14,273) Change in net assets 6,122,350 14,406,160 1,368,405 (4,021,273) Change in net assets 11,201,142 13,855,743 (3,896,966) (11,039,030)						 -
Investment Income, net 62,924 30,639 77,325 304,422 Grant revenue 14,250,083 28,485,802 16,601,363 27,851,484 Net assets released from restrictions (8,190,657) (14,110,281) (15,310,283) (32,177,179) (14,110,281) Change in net assets 6,122,350 14,406,160 1,368,405 (4,021,273)						 Change in not assorts with denor restrictions
Grant revenue 14,250,083 28,485,802 16,601,363 27,951,484 Net assets released from restrictions (8,190,657) (14,110,281) (15,310,283) (32,177,179) (32,177,179) Change in net assets 6,122,350 14,406,160 1,368,405 (4,021,273) Change in net assets 11,201,142 13,855,743 (3,896,966) (11,039,030)	683,517	304 422	77 325	20 620	62 024	
Net assets released from restrictions (8,190,657) (14,110,281) (15,310,283) (32,177,179) (11,102,10) Change in net assets in net assets (4,021,273) (4,021,273) (11,039,030)						•
Change in net assets with donor restrictions 6,122,350 14,406,160 1,368,405 (4,021,273) Change in net assets 11,201,142 13,855,743 (3,896,966) (11,039,030)						
Change in net assets 11,201,142 13,855,743 (3,896,966) (11,039,030)	, , ,	· · · · /	, ,		()	
	3) 473,236	(4,021,273)	1,368,405	14,406,160	6,122,350	 change in net assets with donor restrictions
	0) 8,146,792	(11,039,030)	(3,896,966)	13,855,743	11,201,142	Change in net assets
Vet assets, beginning 164,409,174 175,610,316 189,466,059 185,569,093 1	172,241,487	185,569,093	189,466,059	175,610,316	164,409,174	ssets, beginning
Cumulative change in accounting policy ⁽¹⁾ (2,288,576)	.)	(2,288,576)	-	-	-	 lative change in accounting policy ⁽¹⁾
Net assets, ending\$ 175,610,316 \$ 189,466,059 \$ 185,569,093 \$ 172,241,487 \$ 1	\$ 180,388,279	\$ 172,241,48 <u>7</u>	185,569,093 \$	189,466,059 \$	\$ 175,610,316	\$ ssets, ending

(1) Per ASU 2016-13, Capital Impact recognized a cumulative-effect adjustment for the changes in the allowances for credit losses. The new standard is effective for the fiscal year beginning after December, 31, 2022. Capital Impact adopted the standard on January 1, 2023.

Additional Summary Financial Information

Selected Financial Data	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	
Cash and cash equivalents, (Unrestricted and Restricted)	\$87,301,240	\$98,266,243	\$88,366,965	\$70,657,836	\$126,890,183	
Amount of unsecured loans receivable	\$10,172,217	\$10,773,690	\$9,571,877	\$8,290,895	\$8,214,380	
Loan delinquencies as a percent of loans receivable ⁽¹⁾	0.1%	2.0%	2.0% 0.2%		3.1%	
Notes payable and revolving lines of credit	\$91,424,794	\$52,230,970	\$100,242,446	\$138,286,736	\$147,289,530	
Notes payable subsidiaries	\$30,696,140	\$27,384,895	\$24,193,922	\$24,193,922	\$19,120,355	
Amount of notes redeemed during the fiscal year	\$17,126,000	\$10,302,000	\$46,795,000	\$41,370,000	\$57,895,000	
Amount of Capital Impact Investment Notes sold	\$42,537,000	\$33,866,000	\$64,955,000	\$103,039,000	\$172,779,000	
Other long-term debt	\$110,848,465	\$108,620,417	\$31,500,000	\$43,500,000	\$48,500,000	
Net assets without donor restrictions before noncontrolling interest	\$121,469,936	\$120,919,519	\$115,654,148	\$106,347,815	\$133,312,603	
Change in Net Assets ⁽²⁾	\$11,201,142	\$13,855,743	\$(3,896,966)	\$(11,039,030) ⁽³⁾	\$8,146,792	
Non-managing member's net equity interest activities in Community Investment Impact Fund, LLC and Community Investment Impact Fund II, LLC included in change in net assets	\$(10,750,801)	\$ (980,200)	\$(982,311)	\$(1,012,132)	\$(19,838,560)	
Net assets as a percentage of total assets	29.6%	32.4%	32.8%	25.5%	22.4%	
Net Assets without donor restrictions before noncontrolling interest as a percentage of total assets ⁽²⁾	20.5%	20.7%	20.4%	15.7%	16.6%	
Net Assets without donor restrictions before noncontrolling interest as a percentage of total assets less subsidiaries debt ⁽²⁾	21.6%	21.7%	21.3%	16.3%	17.0%	
Net Assets without donor restrictions before noncontrolling interest plus subordinated debt as a percentage of total assets less subsidiaries debt ⁽²⁾	22.0%	22.2%	21.8% 18.5%		18.8%	
Total liabilities, net less subsidiaries debt as a percentage of net assets	220.3%	193.8%	192.3% 278.7%		335.3%	

(1) Includes loan balances on which payments of principal or interest are delinquent ninety (90) days or more and non-accruing balances. See page 48 for additional information regarding loan delinquencies.

(2) Net assets without donor restrictions means that contributions are available for unrestricted use.

(3) Per ASU 2016-13, Capital Impact recognized a cumulative-effect adjustment for the changes in the allowances for credit losses in the amount of \$(2,288,576). The new standard is effective for the fiscal year beginning after December, 31, 2022. Capital Impact adopted the standard on January 1, 2023.

RISK FACTORS

An investment in the Notes involves various material risks, including the loss of principal. Prior to any investment, and in consultation with their financial and legal advisors, investors should carefully consider, among other matters, the following risk factors and the other information contained in this Prospectus before deciding whether to purchase Notes. There can be no assurance that the following list of risks associated with an investment in the Notes is comprehensive. Additional risks not presently known to us or that are currently deemed immaterial could also materially and adversely affect our financial condition, results of operations, business, and prospects.

Risks associated with the Notes and the Offering

The Notes are not secured by any of our assets and will be effectively subordinated to any of our existing or future secured indebtedness.

The Notes are general unsecured obligations of Capital Impact and will be effectively subordinated to any of the Capital Impact's existing and future secured indebtedness, to the extent of the value of the collateral securing such indebtedness that, by its terms, is expressly senior to Capital Impact's general unsecured obligations. As of December 31, 2024, Capital Impact's outstanding secured indebtedness was \$24,000,000. The secured indebtedness consists of the \$24,000,000 outstanding under Capital Impact's secured credit facility with the Federal Home Loan Bank of Atlanta ("FHLB-A"). The FHLB-A secured credit facility provides Capital Impact with the ability to draw up to 20% of the value of the assets pledged as eligible collateral thereunder, subject to FHLB-A's approval of any requisite application by Capital Impact to FHLB-A for advances thereunder. As of December 31, 2024, the total available borrowings under the FHLB-A secured credit facility were \$142,369,527. Payment of principal and interest will depend solely upon the financial condition of Capital Impact. Further, no sinking fund or other similar deposit has been or will be established by us to ensure payment of the Notes except as may be required by law. Capital Impact's obligations under its secured indebtedness are secured on a first priority basis by the collateral primarily consisting of certain mortgage-backed securities held by Capital Impact and other first lien debt securities and other personal property owned by Capital Impact and other collateral now existing or that may arise in the future that Capital Impact is required to pledge to FHLB-A pursuant to FHLB-A's credit and collateral policy, and such obligations are senior in right of payment and lien priority to all of Capital Impact's existing and future unsecured or subordinated obligations (including the Notes). In the event of a bankruptcy, liquidation, dissolution, reorganization or similar proceeding, Capital Impact's secured creditors will have priority over investors in the Notes and will be entitled to recover from the collateral securing such indebtedness prior to any payment being made to holders of the Notes (if any). Therefore, the relative risk of repayment is higher for the Notes than for Capital Impact's secured indebtedness.

The Notes are not guaranteed by any of Capital Impact's subsidiaries.

Capital Impact's subsidiaries are separate and distinct legal entities and have no obligation, contingent or otherwise, to guaranty, pay any amounts due on the Notes or to make funds available to Capital Impact to do so. The Notes are not secured by the assets and cash flows of Capital Impact's subsidiaries. While other existing or future indebtedness of Capital Impact is and may be secured or guaranteed by Capital Impact's subsidiaries, the Notes will constitute solely the obligations of Capital Impact and as a result, other creditors of Capital Impact may be able to seek repayment from Capital Impact's subsidiaries while holders of the Notes will have no recourse or claim against any of Capital Impact's subsidiaries.

The Notes are not FDIC or SIPC insured, are not bank instruments, and are subject to investment risks.

The Notes are not FDIC or SIPC insured or otherwise insured or guaranteed by any governmental agency; nor are the Notes certificates of deposit or deposit accounts with a bank, savings and loan association, credit union or other financial institution regulated by federal or state authorities. As a result, investors are at risk of possible loss of principal invested.

We are offering the Notes on a best-efforts sales basis and there is no minimum sales requirement.

The sale of the Notes is a best-efforts offering and there is no minimum sales requirement. Thus, a low sales volume may not prompt cancellation of the offering or cause us to refund Note purchases to existing investors.

The interest rate applicable to a Note is fixed at the time of issue.

Interest rates offered for the Notes may change at our discretion and will be driven by market conditions and the current interest rate environment. Should interest rates rise, we are not legally obligated to pay a higher rate or to redeem the principal of a Note prior to its maturity. Moreover, the marketability and value of the Notes may decline in a rising interest rate environment. Risks of investment in the Notes may be greater than implied by a relatively low interest rate on the Notes.

The market value of the Notes may be adversely affected by a decrease in the credit ratings assigned to the Notes or Capital Impact.

There is no assurance that any ratings assigned to the Notes or to Capital Impact at the time of issuance will not be lowered or withdrawn at any time, which could adversely affect the market price and marketability of the Notes.

We may redeem the Notes prior to maturity.

We have a discretionary right to redeem all or a portion of the Notes prior to maturity. This enables us to manage our leverage relative to our liquidity needs. If we elect to exercise this right with respect to your Notes, the redemption of your Notes will prevent you from realizing the full value of your investment through the scheduled maturity date.

The Survivor's Option may be limited in amount.

We have a discretionary right to limit the aggregate principal amount of Notes subject to the Survivor's Option that may be exercised in any calendar year to an amount equal to the greater of \$1,000,000 or 1% of the outstanding principal amount of all Notes outstanding as of the end of the most recent calendar year. We also have the discretionary right to limit to \$250,000 in any calendar year the aggregate principal amount of Notes subject to the Survivor's Option that may be exercised in such calendar year on behalf of any individual deceased beneficial owner of Notes. Accordingly, no assurance can be given that exercise of the Survivor's Option for the desired amount will be permitted in any single calendar year.

Holders of Notes will depend in part on the Indenture Trustee enforcing provisions of the Indenture.

We have made arrangements with U.S. Bank to serve as Indenture Trustee. The Indenture defines the possible events of default that could cause the Indenture Trustee to accelerate Note payment obligations (see "Certain Key Indenture Provisions"). The Indenture does not ensure or secure the repayment of the Notes.

Individual holders of Notes may be unable to control actions taken under the Indenture.

The consent or approval of the holders of a specified percentage of the aggregate principal amount of all outstanding series of Notes is required before various actions may be taken under the Indenture. These actions include the appointment of a successor Indenture Trustee following an Indenture Trustee resignation, the amendment of the Indenture under specified circumstances, the waiver of events of default, and certain other events. There can be no assurance that your interests with respect to actions under the Indenture will coincide with those of other investors.

Holders of Notes can only act indirectly through DTC and the Indenture Trustee.

Note transactions are settled through DTC. As is standard to facilitate such electronic transactions, DTC represents the Notes with one or more global certificates registered in the nominee name of "Cede & Co.," the nominee of DTC, rather than in the name of the investor or investor's nominee. To exercise their rights under the Indenture, beneficial owners can only act indirectly through DTC and its participating organizations under their established rules. The Indenture Trustee does not track the beneficial owners of global bookentry Notes, and cannot directly provide information regarding beneficial ownership of the Notes to us.

There might not be any secondary market in the Notes and the Notes should be considered to be an illiquid investment.

The Notes will not be listed for sale on any securities exchange and the nature of this offering does not afford the opportunity of a public or secondary market in the Notes. Neither the Lead Agent, nor any agent appointed by Capital Impact, or any broker-dealers that sell the Notes as selected dealers are obligated to create a secondary market for the Notes or to buy the Notes from individual purchasers thereof. Consequently, the purchase of a Note should be viewed as an investment to be held to maturity.

Holders of Notes should be aware of certain tax consequences.

Although Capital Impact is a 501(c)(3) nonprofit corporation, the interest paid or accrued on the Notes will be taxable as ordinary income to you in the earlier of the year it is paid or the year it is accrued, depending on your method of accounting. You should be provided with an IRS Form 1099 by your broker in January of each year detailing the interest earned on their investments in the prior year. You will not receive a receipt for a charitable contribution and will not be entitled to a charitable deduction for the purchase of the Notes. You should consult with your tax advisor regarding any tax treatment of the Notes.

Momentus Securities, in its role as a selling group member, may face conflicts of interest as a result of its indirect ownership and control by Capital Impact.

Momentus Securities is an affiliate and indirectly wholly owned subsidiary of ours. Pursuant to the offering, Momentus Securities will act as a selling group member and selected dealer whereby it will purchase Notes from the Lead Agent at a discount to the public offering price. Accordingly, Momentus Securities will receive sales concessions pursuant to its sales of the Notes and there is arguably an incentive for Momentus Securities to participate in a large volume of Note sales whereby our funding expense will be presumably reduced based on the sales concessions retained by Momentus Securities as a result of such sales. Consequently, our affiliation with, and the sales concessions retained by, Momentus Securities could result in a conflict of interest. In addition, some of our officers are also involved in the activities of Momentus Securities, which may create an additional conflict of interest.

Risks associated with Capital Impact

We may not be able to repay our obligations under the Notes if there is a material adverse effect in our financial condition or results of operations.

Payment of the Notes depends on our ability to sufficiently generate revenues in order to make payments on the Notes after payment of all our other indebtedness that is senior in right of payment to the Notes while meeting our operating expenses and other cash requirements. No representation can be made or assurance given that we will meet our obligations and make payments under the Notes as they become due and our ability to make payments under the Notes is an inherent risk to any investment in the Notes. Our future revenues and expenses are subject to, among other things, the capabilities of our management, future economic conditions and a variety of non-economic and other conditions, many of which are unpredictable or not within our control. The payment of principal and interest under the Notes, as well as our other obligations, may be adversely impacted by these factors.

Examples of these factors include, but are not limited to, the following:

- General lending risks. Although we have established due diligence and payment monitoring
 procedures, there can be no guarantee that borrowers under the credit facilities established by us
 will repay such indebtedness when due or at all. Additionally, a significant portion of our lending
 portfolio consists of unsecured loans and our remedies under such credit facilities are limited to
 those of general unsecured creditors and may be subordinated in right or payment or security to
 other indebtedness. While we intend to pay our investors on schedule, defaults or untimely
 repayments of loans made by us may result in our having insufficient capital to satisfy payments
 under the Notes. Specific lending risks include:
 - General commercial and multifamily real estate investment risk. A significant portion of our loan portfolio consists of assets with first lien mortgages on commercial and multifamily real estate. Our borrowers derive cash flows and value from the performance of the commercial real estate and thus we are subject to general risks of investments in commercial real estate. These risks include:
 - Declines in the value of real estate;
 - Risks related to general and local economic conditions, including a health epidemic or pandemic described further on page 30;
 - Dependency on management skills of the borrower or third-party property management firm;
 - Risk depending on the timing of cash flows from the underlying mortgage properties;
 - Increases in property taxes and operating expenses, including energy costs;
 - Changes in zoning laws and other governmental rules, regulations and fiscal policies; compliance with existing legal and regulatory requirements, including environmental controls and regulations, including changing regulations and policy initiatives under the current presidential administration;
 - Expenses incurred in the cleanup of environmental problems;

- Risks related to the type and use of a particular commercial and multifamily property; and
- Casualty or condemnation losses, including where liability and casualty insurance does not provide full protection.
- Changes in net interest income. Our earnings and cash flows depend substantially upon our 0 net interest income. Net interest income is the difference between interest income earned on our loans, and interest expense paid on interest-bearing liabilities, such as borrowed funds, many of which are based on floating interest rates that will vary based on economic conditions. Interest rates are sensitive to many factors that are beyond our control, including general economic conditions, competition and policies of various governmental and regulatory agencies and, in particular, the policies of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. Interest rate changes could influence not only the interest we receive on loans and investments and the amount of interest we pay on borrowings, but these changes could also affect: (1) our ability to originate loans; (2) the fair value of our financial assets and liabilities, including our investment portfolio; and (3) the average duration of our interest-earning assets. This also includes the risk that interest-earning assets may be more responsive to changes in interest rates than interest-bearing liabilities, or vice versa (repricing risk), the risk that the individual interest rates or rate indices underlying various interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities may not change in the same degree over a given time period (basis risk), and the risk of changing interest rate relationships across the spectrum of interest-earning asset and interest-bearing liability maturities (yield curve risk), including a prolonged flat or inverted yield curve environment. Any substantial, unexpected, prolonged change in market interest rates could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition and results of operations.
- Prepayment and refinancing risk. Prepayment and refinancing rates may adversely affect the value of our loan portfolio. Prepayment and refinancing rates on loans made by us may be adversely affected by a number of factors including, but not limited to, the availability of mortgage credit, the relative economic vitality of the area in which the related properties are located, the servicing of the loans, possible changes in tax laws, other opportunities for investment, more favorable lending conditions available in the market and other economic, social, geographic, demographic and legal factors and other factors beyond our control. Consequently, prepayment and refinancing rates cannot be predicted with certainty and no strategy can completely insulate us from prepayment or other such risks. In periods of declining interest rates, prepayment and refinancing rates on loans generally increase. If general interest rates decline at the same time, the proceeds of such prepayments and refinancings received during such periods are likely to be reinvested by us in loans yielding less than the yields on the loans that were prepaid or refinanced.
- Sector concentration risk. As part of our loan portfolio, we primarily finance commercial real estate, mixed use real estate and other projects in the affordable housing, healthcare, education and community development sectors. As of December 31, 2024, 51% of our revenue-generating loan portfolio was concentrated in the affordable housing sector. If the affordable housing or any other sector in which we invest experiences a financial downturn, our borrowers may have difficulty making loan payments.
- *Geographic concentration risk*. As of December 31, 2024, 20% of our revenue-generating loan portfolio was concentrated in California, 18% of our loan portfolio was concentrated in

Michigan and 17% of our loan portfolio was concentrated in the Washington, DC metropolitan area. If one or more of these geographic areas experiences a financial downturn, our borrowers may have difficulty making loan payments.

- Illiquidity risk. Loans made by us are typically illiquid as there is no secondary market for community development loans. While investment diversification, credit analysis, and limited maturity can reduce the risk of loss, there can be no assurance that we will be able to liquidate our position in any particular loan, that borrowers will repay us promptly, or that losses will not occur. In addition, many loans in our portfolio are unsecured and our ability to liquidate our position in such loans will be limited by our status as an unsecured creditor.
- Adequacy of loan loss reserve. We maintain a loan loss reserve in accordance with GAAP; it is reviewed quarterly by the Head of Small Business and Community Development Credit in Lending Operations overseen by the Chief Operations Officer (COO) and the Board of Directors (see "Lending Activities Credit Quality and Risk Management Loss Reserve" on page 45). However, the loan loss reserve may not be adequate to meet all potential losses.
- Charitable purpose. In furtherance of our charitable purpose, we lend money to borrowers which are not able to obtain financing at competitive market rates from conventional lenders such as regulated retail or commercial banks; the reasons for this vary, but often relate to the creditworthiness of the borrower, the ability to generate sufficient cash flow and the availability or value of the collateral the borrower is able to offer to support the credit risk represented by a loan to the borrower. As a result, there is a higher risk that our loans may not be repaid.
- *Lack of control*. We may not have control over certain of our investments. Our ability to manage our portfolio of investments may be limited by the form in which they are made. In certain situations, we may:
 - acquire only a minority and/or a non-controlling participation in an underlying loan;
 - engage in intermediary lending by making a loan to another financial institution with a distinct mission, underwriting practices and asset management capabilities, which in turn, makes loans to borrowers;
 - engage in intermediary investing by making equity investments in joint ventures with a distinct mission, underwriting practices and asset management capabilities, which in turn, make investments, which may be in the form of equity or debt, in projects that help us accomplish our charitable purpose to support underestimated communities; or
 - rely on independent third-party management or servicing, including external lending partners, with respect to the management of our loans.

Our rights to control the process following a borrower default may be subject to the rights of others whose interests may not be aligned with its own.

Limits on access to capital. A significant portion of our revenue is derived grants from private foundations and other institutions. A smaller portion is obtained through federal programs. In addition, we rely heavily on allocations of funds from various tax credit programs offered by the CDFI Fund. Receipt of grants and access to tax credit programs are neither guaranteed, nor renewable. They are also often associated with lengthy and stringent application processes, which can make them difficult to obtain. Periods of economic hardship may cause a decrease in the availability of

grant funding as grant funding sources adopt more conservative financial practices. Budgetary constraints or shifts in the programmatic priorities of federal and private funding sources may also cause a decrease in the availability of CDFI Fund allocations and grants that are targeted to our mission. Because of the uncertain nature of grant receipts or allocations from the CDFI Fund, there is a risk that a sudden reduction in funding could occur, which may adversely impact our ability to repay our obligations as they come due (see "Recent changes in federal and state priorities and regulations may adversely affect us" below). We also depend on sales of Notes, bank financing, transaction or asset specific funding arrangements, asset sales and other sources of financing to execute our business plan. Our inability to access such funding at acceptable interest rates or at all could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial condition and business.

- Other investments. In addition to our lending program, we make investments in, and grants to, cooperatives, cooperative-like organizations, non-profit organizations, CDFIs, private investment funds, including investment funds managed by Equitable Prosperity ("Equitable Prosperity Funds") (see "Broker-Dealer and Investment Adviser Activities," page 37), joint ventures and others involved in supporting programs that are generally related to our mission. The scale, scope, or focus of these investments may change over time, consistent with Board approval and oversight. These investments may be in the form of equity, debt (including small business loans) or revenue/profit sharing arrangements. Some of these investments, which are often not subject to our normal underwriting standards, tend to be higher risk investments than those in our loan portfolio. In certain cases, our investments may be in the form of minority equity investments where we do not control the underwriting or asset management of the investments. If these investments are not recoverable, it will result in a reduction of capital available to support our lending activities.
- Loan servicing and portfolio management. In addition to providing capital directly to end borrowers, we also service loans owned by third parties and engage in lending activities through our wholly owned subsidiaries. Capital Impact's subsidiaries are typically formed specifically for the purpose of lending to borrowers operating within a particular industry or geography, and are typically financed through senior-subordinate debt structures by us and third-party investors. Capital Impact manages all aspects of the business of these subsidiaries, including the origination and servicing of loans made by the subsidiaries. We bear risk relating to our servicing obligations and the conflicts of interest that may exist in cases where we or any of our affiliates are both a servicer and a lender to a subsidiary. We may also suffer reductions in servicing income if our origination of new loans is slower than the pace of maturing loans.
- Technical assistance. We also provide technical assistance (e.g., consulting services) to a wide range
 of stakeholders, including project borrowers, community development organizations, strategic
 partners, policy makers and internal business units. When providing these services to unaffiliated
 third parties, we bear the risk of both payment and performance in relation to the underlying
 technical assistance agreement. Failure to perform services to the satisfaction of the third-party
 client may result in non-payment and/or legal action against us.
- New business activities. We may enter into new business ventures or alter our existing business
 model in order to achieve greater social impact consistent with our charitable purpose. For example,
 we may expand the number and type of loan products or programs we offer; adjust our risk tolerance
 parameters with respect to new or existing business; change the manner or scope of our asset
 acquisition strategies, including through loan sales, purchases, and participations; change the
 manner or scope of our investment management strategies by engaging in joint ventures or
 establishing investment vehicles with, or by selling or contributing assets to, related or unrelated

third parties; expand the industries or geographic areas in which we operate; or offer new forms of technical assistance or other innovative products or services. For example, in 2021, Capital Impact entered into a strategic alliance with CDC, as further described on page 37. In addition, in 2022, through taxable, for-profit subsidiaries, we launched broker-dealer and investment advisory businesses. These activities generate revenue streams in the form of fee income and commissions (whether related to placement of securities, financing, investment management or investment banking). One or more our affiliates may also receive a profit allocation or carried interest in connection with its investment advisory activities. Although our intention in undertaking new business activities or altering our existing business model includes increasing our social impact, losses related to these activities may adversely impact our financial condition or present a risk of litigation or regulatory oversight not currently present in our existing business model.

Our debt and guaranty obligations could adversely affect our financial condition and prevent us from fulfilling our debt obligations, including under the Notes.

We have debt, totaling approximately \$572,900,000,¹ as of December 31, 2024. In addition, in connection with Capital Impact's strategic alliance with CDC, as further described on page 37, Capital Impact has guaranteed approximately \$56,000,000 aggregate principal amount of CDC's indebtedness as of December 31, 2024. CDC's cash and cash equivalents (unrestricted and restricted) at December 31, 2024 were approximately \$28,000,000 with approximately \$62,000,000 of net assets without donor restrictions and total liabilities as a percentage of total net assets of approximately 98%.

Our level of debt poses significant risks, including the following risks, particularly in periods of declining revenues:

- we may be unable to service our debt obligations, especially during negative economic, financial credit and market industry conditions;
- we may require a significant portion of our cash flow to pay principal and interest on our outstanding debt especially during negative economic and market industry conditions;
- the amount available for loans, working capital and other general corporate purposes may be limited because a significant portion of cash flow is used to pay principal and interest on outstanding debt;
- if our revenues decline, we may not be able to service our debt;
- our lenders may not be as willing to lend additional amounts to us for future loan investment, working capital needs or other purposes;
- our lenders may not be willing to refinance both our fixed and variable rate debt instruments as they come due or the rates the debt is refinanced at may not be equal to or lower than the maturing rates;
- rating agencies may downgrade our corporate family rating and/or debt ratings which could impair our ability to raise funds, refinance debt, or incur a higher financing cost;
- the cost to borrow from lenders may increase or market rates may increase;
- our ability to access the capital markets may be limited, and we may be unable to issue securities with pricing or other terms that we find attractive, if at all;

¹ Total debt does not include subsidiary debt or lease obligations.

- if our cash flow was inadequate to make interest and principal payments, we might have to restructure or refinance our debt or sell assets to reduce debt service obligations; and
- we may be more vulnerable to adverse economic and industry conditions than less leveraged competitors and thus less able to withstand competitive pressures.

Any of the events above could reduce our ability to generate cash available to repay, restructure or refinance our debt, including the Notes, seek additional debt, make loan investments or respond to events that would enhance profitability.

We may incur or guaranty additional debt, which may hinder our ability to pay debt service on the Notes.

We may issue additional Notes under the Indenture pursuant to supplemental indentures or other unsecured indebtedness and Capital Impact may guarantee additional CDC indebtedness without the consent or approval of the owners of any Notes then outstanding. However, through December 31, 2024, management does not expect Capital Impact to guarantee more than \$125,000,000 aggregate principal amount of CDC's indebtedness. The outstanding Capital Impact Investment Notes, any additional Notes or any additional unsecured indebtedness will rank equally with the Notes. The Indenture does not limit the amount of additional Notes or other unsecured indebtedness or guarantees of CDC indebtedness may adversely affect its ability to make payments required on the Notes. Further, if Capital Impact incurs additional indebtedness or guarantees additional CDC indebtedness, the market perception of our ability to pay debt service on the Notes, regardless of our actual ability to make such payments, may result in a decrease in the marketability of the Notes.

Certain of our indebtedness include restrictive covenants that limit our ability to incur additional indebtedness and enter into certain transactions and failure to comply with these covenants could trigger an acceleration of certain of our outstanding indebtedness and adversely affect our financial position and operating results.

Certain of our indebtedness prevents us from taking certain actions and requires us to maintain compliance with certain financial covenants. These covenants may require us to conduct our business in ways that make it more difficult to repay our debt or decrease the value of our assets and business. These covenants include, but are not limited to, the following:

- restrictions on the incurrence of additional indebtedness;
- restrictions on transactions with affiliates;
- restrictions on the sale or disposition of assets to third parties if such sale or disposition would cause a material adverse effect on us; and
- financial covenants related to each of Capital Impact's and CDC's loan delinquency ratios, nonperforming loan ratios, loan loss reserves and delinquent loans, and Capital Impact's and CDC's combined net asset ratio, secured debt ratio, and unencumbered liquidity as compared to average quarterly operating expenses and unrestricted net assets.

As of December 31, 2024 and March 31, 2025, we were in compliance with all of our debt arrangements, other than with respect to a financial covenant relating to CDC's delinquent loan ratio as of December 31,

2024, for which Capital Impact received a waiver from the applicable financial institution. Future financing arrangements may contain additional restrictions and financial covenants that may limit our ability to manage our business and limit our ability to raise additional liquidity to operate during general economic or business downturns. In addition, certain of our debt agreements contain cross-default and cross-acceleration provisions with other indebtedness of ours and CDC's, which means that a default under certain of our debt instruments may cause a default under other indebtedness of ours. If we default on our obligations, creditors could require immediate payment of the obligations or foreclose on collateral, which would adversely affect our financial position and operating results.

Recent changes in federal and state policy priorities and regulations may adversely affect us.

Recent changes in policy priorities and regulations by the federal and state governments, such as support for diversity, equity and inclusion ("DEI") programs, which may include the CDFI Fund, Federally Qualified Health Centers, charter schools and affordable housing, could have an adverse effect on us and our charitable purpose of providing financial services and technical assistance to cooperatives and other organizations which support underestimated communities. Between January and March 2025, President Trump issued a series of executive orders, which among other things, (i) require all federal agencies to terminate any policies, programs, mandates, guidance, regulations, activities and other actions and orders establishing DEI-based preferences (ii) direct each federal agency to take appropriate action to discourage and deter private sector DEI-based initiatives, including requiring the identification of up to nine potential civil compliance investigations of large non-profit corporations with assets of \$500,000,000 or more, such as Capital Impact, (iii) require the non-statutory components and functions of the CDFI Fund to be eliminated to the maximum extent consistent with applicable law and to reduce the performance of its statutory functions and associated personnel to the minimum presence and function required by law, and (iv) require the Director of the Office of Management and Budget or the head of the executive department or agency charged with reviewing grant requests by the CDFI Fund, to the extent consistent with applicable law and except insofar as necessary to effectuate an expected termination, reject funding requests for the CDFI Fund, to the extent they are inconsistent with the executive order.

The CDFI Fund operates various programs in which Capital Impact participates, including Financial Assistance Awards, Technical Assistance Awards and the New Market Tax Credits Program (NMTC). In 2024, Capital Impact received \$1,957,678 from the CDFI Fund and its programs, has access to \$45,000,000 of New Market Tax Credits and receives \$2,000,000 in grants from the CDFI Fund. The inability to benefit from CDFI Fund programs could have an adverse effect on our operations and financial condition. While the enforceability of these executive orders is subject to legal challenges and the steps that various federal agencies may take in response to it are uncertain at this time, the executive orders signal a material shift in federal DEI policy that reasonably can be expected to have implications for Capital Impact and its mission as well as the CDFI industry. In this regard, any scrutiny by federal government authorities of Capital Impact and its operations, or those of the CDFI industry generally, may have a material adverse effect on us. Furthermore, Capital Impact's debt financing arrangements from non-government sources (other than the Indenture) includes covenants that Capital Impact maintain its CDFI status. If Capital Impact were to lose its CDFI status as a result of the executive orders and proposed federal government actions discussed herein, then Capital Impact would either need to amend or seek waivers to these covenants with non-government source partners or seek other refinancing options. This and the potential of losing access to grants from the CDFI Fund could adversely affect our operations and financial conditions and, therefore, our ability to pay interest and principal under the Notes when due.

The Trump Administration is also considering or instituting other changes to eliminate regulations, cut federal expenditures and restructure federal agencies and government-sponsored enterprises. Potential actions of the Trump Administration could include:

- the privatization of Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac, which could result in uncertainty in the residential mortgage finance market;
- the loss of low-income housing tax credits (LIHTCs), which subsidize the acquisition, construction, and rehabilitation of affordable rental housing in underserved communities; and
- the elimination of the Community Reinvestment Act, which encourage banks to help meet the credit needs of the underserved communities in which they operate.

The Trump Administration has already made funding cuts to certain federal agencies, including the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development and the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, and has proposed funding cuts to Medicare and Medicaid.

Capital Impact's investment levels and the operations of its borrowers depend, in part, on these agencies and their programs. The loss of these programs could have an adverse effect on our operations and financial condition.

No assurances can be provided as to how governmental funding in DEI-based areas or other areas may vary over the term of any loan made by us. Changes in funding priorities and regulations could hinder our ability to make loans or affect the ability of our borrowers to make loan payments. In addition, future changes in federal, state or municipal laws, rules, or regulations governing the sale of securities by religious, charitable, or other nonprofit organizations may make it more difficult for us to offer the Notes. Such an occurrence could result in a decrease in the amount of the Notes sold by us, which could potentially affect our operations and ability to meet our obligations to noteholders.

Failure of Capital Impact or CDC to meet existing debt obligations on any debt agreement could result in a cross-default under other debt agreements, which could adversely affect our business, operations and financial condition.

Capital Impact's and CDC's existing debt is (and any future debt likely will be) structured through debt agreements, many of which contain (or will contain) provisions for financial covenants that Capital Impact and CDC must maintain in order to avoid an event of default. If Capital Impact or CDC were to fail to maintain a financial covenant in any of the debt agreements, it would trigger an event of default in not only that particular debt agreement, but also in all other debt agreements that contain a cross-default mechanism. If Capital Impact defaults on its debt agreements or CDC defaults on its debt agreements, in light of Capital Impact's guarantee of CDC indebtedness, it would negatively impact our financial condition and ability to pay interest and principal under the Notes when due.

Any change in Capital Impact's non-profit, tax exempt or CDFI status could negatively impact its ability to meet its obligations under the Notes.

Federal authorities have determined that Capital Impact is a CDFI certified by the CDFI Fund and is also exempt from federal and state taxation on the basis of its charitable purpose. These determinations rest upon a number of conditions and assumptions that must continue to be met on an ongoing basis. If Capital Impact fails to comply with any of these conditions or assumptions, Capital Impact could lose its CDFI, non-

profit or tax-exempt status. If Capital Impact loses its non-profit or tax-exempt status, it will be subjected to federal and/or state taxation. If Capital Impact became subject to federal or state taxation, this could negatively impact its financial viability and cash flow, and its ability to sell Notes pursuant to exemptions for non-profit charitable securities, all of which could ultimately negatively impact its ability to meet its obligations under the Notes. If Capital Impact loses its CDFI status, it will no longer be able to participate in the various programs that are only available to CDFIs. The inability to benefit from CDFI Fund programs would pose a serious challenge to Capital Impact's ability to operate. Finally, a loss of Capital Impact's or CDC's non-profit, tax exempt or CDFI status would result in an event of default under most of Capital Impact's and CDC's debt agreements and certain other agreements with third parties, which defaults would negatively impact our financial condition and ability to pay interest and principal under the Notes when due.

Failure of Capital Impact to comply with the National Consumer Cooperative Bank Act could negatively impact its ability to meet its obligations under the Notes.

Capital Impact was formed in 1982 as a District of Columbia nonprofit corporation that is a tax-exempt 501(c)(3) public charity at the direction of the United States Congress, pursuant to amendments to the National Consumer Cooperative Bank Act ("NCCBA") adopted in 1981. Capital Impact was formed to support the development of cooperatives in underestimated communities. While we actively engage in activities that are fully consistent with the intent and purpose of the NCCBA, and seeks to engage with cooperatives, we have expanded our impact beyond cooperatives to other organizations that embrace two core and foundational principles of cooperation: voluntary and open membership and democratic member control, and which serve members of a low or moderate income, or otherwise underestimated, community. The NCCBA does not subject Capital Impact to any Federal regulatory oversight. However, Capital Impact could be examined or audited in the future, if the United States Congress were to take action to authorize Federal oversight, or a Federal agency or department (such as the General Accounting Office) were to successfully assert that it possessed the authority to exercise oversight of Capital Impact. Any Federal oversight resulting in a determination that Capital Impact failed to comply with the NCCBA could ultimately negatively impact its ability to meet its obligations under the Notes.

Investments in readily marketable securities are subject to market risk, which may have a material adverse impact on our financial condition and results of operation.

A portion of our liquid assets (including a portion of the proceeds of this offering) is or may be invested in readily marketable securities, such as mortgage-backed securities ("MBS"), and is therefore subject to market risks. As a result, we may incur losses if the market values of those investments decline. We may grow our MBS portfolio in order to leverage capital through its FHLB-A secured credit facility. The MBS may be subject to periodic "mark-to-market" valuations, which may have a negative, interim effect on the reported value of the MBS prior to realization of an investment in the MBS.

Holders of Notes are subject to risk associated with our bankruptcy or insolvency.

If Capital Impact, a subsidiary, or another affiliated company (such as CDC) seeks relief under bankruptcy or related laws, a bankruptcy court could attempt to consolidate its assets into the bankruptcy estate, possibly resulting in delayed or reduced payments to noteholders. While we or the Indenture Trustee are permitted to hold certain segregated funds as Paying Agent under the Indenture, the enforceability in bankruptcy court would deem segregated funds held by us or the Indenture Trustee as assets of the bankrupt court would deem segregated funds held by us or the Indenture Trustee as assets of the bankrupt court would be bankrupt as a state.

Our loss of key management personnel could adversely affect our operating performance and ability to pay interest and principal under the Notes when due.

We are dependent on the efforts of our key management. Competition for senior management personnel can be intense and we may not be able to retain our key management. Although we believe qualified replacements could be found for any departures of key management, the loss of their services could adversely affect our operating performance and ability to pay interest and principal under the Notes when due. In addition, the governing agreements of the Equitable Prosperity Funds generally provide investors with the ability to terminate the investment period in the event that certain "key persons" in the fund do not meet the specified time commitment to the fund or its affiliates.

A health epidemic, pandemic, or similar outbreaks may have an adverse effect on our business.

Our business could be materially and adversely affected by the outbreak of a widespread health epidemic or pandemic, particularly if located in regions where we derive a significant amount of our loan-portfolio revenue. To the extent the operations of our borrowers are adversely affected, our borrowers' ability to meet their loan obligations may be adversely affected, which, in turn, could lead to loan default, which would adversely affect our results of operations. Finally, the outbreak of a widespread health epidemic or pandemic could lead to volatility and disruption in global financial markets, which could adversely affect our ability to obtain financing to execute our business plan and increase the volatility of the daily mark-to-market values of the underlying securities in our mortgage-backed securities portfolio.

Shared directors of Capital Impact and CDC could result in conflicts of interests.

Capital Impact and CDC have identical Board membership, and the meetings of the Boards of Directors of both organizations are primarily held jointly. As a result of the sharing of directors, persons associated with CDC will be in a position to exercise significant influence over Capital Impact's affairs, which influence might not be consistent with the interests of some of our noteholders. In addition, directors of both Capital Impact and CDC have fiduciary duties to both entities. As a result, such directors could experience a conflict of interest between their duties to Capital Impact and CDC in the future, which may have an adverse effect on our business and prospects.

Shared executive officers of Capital Impact and CDC result in a split in management time and could result in conflicts of interest.

Capital Impact and CDC each have substantially overlapping executive management teams, including Ellis Carr, Capital Impact's President and Chief Executive Officer, serving as President and Chief Executive Officer of both organizations. Some of these officers are also involved in the activities of Equitable Prosperity and Momentus Securities, the taxable, for-profit subsidiaries of Capital Impact (*see* "Broker-Dealer and Investment Adviser Activities," page 37). Accordingly, Capital Impact's executive management team splits their time between Capital Impact and CDC, and those taxable, for-profit subsidiaries. Although Capital Impact believes that its management will spend sufficient time to meet their responsibilities, the amount of time devoted to Capital Impact will depend on specific circumstances at any given point in time. As a result, in a given period, management may spend less than a majority of their time on Capital Impact's matters. The diversion of management's time and attention may have an adverse effect on our business and prospects.

As a result of the sharing of executive management, persons associated with CDC will be in a position to exercise significant influence over Capital Impact's affairs, which influence might not be consistent with the interests of our noteholders. As a result, such officers could experience a conflict of interest between their

duties to Capital Impact and CDC in the future, which may have an adverse effect on our business and prospects.

We face risks relating to cybersecurity threats that could cause loss of confidential information and other business disruptions.

We rely extensively on information technology systems to process transactions and manage our business, and our business is at risk from and may be impacted by cybersecurity incidents. These could include attempts to gain unauthorized access to our data and computer systems as well as attacks on third party's information technology systems that we rely on to provide important information technology services relating to key business functions, such as payroll. Cyber-attacks can be both individual and/or highly organized attempts by very sophisticated hacking organizations. A cyber-attack could compromise the confidential information of our employees, tenants and vendors. A successful attack could adversely affect our business operations, results of operations or financial condition by, among other things, disrupting our collection of revenue, interfering with our ability to satisfy our financial obligations by restricting access to our assets, or causing inaccuracies in our financial reporting. We employ a number of measures to prevent, detect and mitigate these threats, which include password encryption, frequent password change events, firewall detection systems, anti-virus software in-place, frequent backups, a redundant data system for core applications and penetration testing; however, there is no guarantee such efforts will be successful in preventing a material cybersecurity incident.

The activities of our broker-dealer and investment advisory subsidiaries are subject to a number of risks and conflicts of interest.

As described under "Description of the Issuer – Broker-Dealer and Investment Adviser Activities" beginning on page 37 below, we commenced broker-dealer and investment advisory activities in 2023 through subsidiaries. These activities represent new offerings for which we have limited prior experience. These activities expose us to a number of risks, including:

Extensive regulation, which could subject our subsidiaries to additional costs and significant penalties. • Broker-dealer and investment advisory activities are subject to extensive regulation under federal and state laws by governmental agencies, supervisory authorities and self-regulatory organizations. The costs and uncertainty related to complying with such regulations is significant. These regulations affect certain of our regulated subsidiaries' business operations and impose capital, client protection, and market conduct requirements on Capital Impact's regulated subsidiaries as well as restrictions on the activities that Capital Impact's regulated subsidiaries are allowed to conduct. We may also become subject to increasing regulatory scrutiny as our operations grow. Regulators have broad discretion in connection with their supervisory and enforcement activities and examination policies, and the regulated subsidiaries' activities and related governmental and self-regulatory oversight could negatively impact us and our business strategy indirectly and/or directly. Despite efforts to comply with applicable legal requirements, there are a number of risks, particularly in areas where applicable laws or regulations may be unclear or where regulators could revise their previous guidance. Any enforcement actions or other proceedings brought by regulators against Capital Impact, its regulated subsidiaries or their respective officers or employees could result in fines, penalties, cease and desist orders, enforcement actions, suspension, disqualification or expulsion, or other disciplinary sanctions, including limitations on business activities, any of which could harm our reputation and adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.

- Failure to meet capital adequacy and liquidity guidelines could affect Capital Impact's financial condition. Capital Impact's regulated broker-dealer subsidiary must meet certain capital and liquidity standards, subject to qualitative judgments by regulators about the adequacy of their capital and internal assessment of their capital needs. Capital Impact may choose to supplement the broker-dealer subsidiary's minimum capital requirement to the extent the broker-dealer, a new business in its initial stages, is unable to secure the required funds. Failure by Capital Impact's regulated broker-dealer subsidiary to meet minimum capital requirements could result in certain mandatory and additional discretionary actions by regulators that, if undertaken, could have a negative impact on us.
- Investment advisory operations may subject us to fiduciary or other legal liability for investor losses. Investment advisory and fund management services are complex activities and include investment advisory and back office operational functions such as investment selection, compliance with investment restrictions, regulatory compliance, recordkeeping and accounting, asset valuation, corporate actions, account reconciliations, and distributions to fund investors. Capital Impact provides certain operational and back-office services to its investment adviser subsidiary on a contractual basis. Failure to meet industry and regulatory standards in performing investment and operational functions could subject Capital Impact's regulated investment advisor subsidiary and Capital Impact itself to regulatory sanctions, penalties or litigation and result in reputational damage, liability to clients and investors, and the termination of investment advisory and other client agreements and the withdrawal of assets under management.

USE OF PROCEEDS

The proceeds of the offering will be used primarily to fund initiatives that meet critical needs in low-income communities across the United States, including through Capital Impact's subsidiaries, affiliates, strategic partners, joint ventures and third-party intermediaries, including CDC, Equitable Prosperity and Momentus Securities, as further described on page 37. The proceeds of the offering may also be used to purchase securities or other assets that will be leveraged to support our lending activities and general operations, and for general corporate purposes.

Consistent with our existing projects, initiatives that are funded using the proceeds from the offering are expected to be focused in the healthcare, education, affordable housing and community development sectors. Proceeds will also be used to provide technical assistance to borrowers and other market participants as projects are developed in order to increase the likelihood that its borrowers' projects will be successful and have a positive impact on the communities they serve. We typically invest in cooperatives, cooperative-like organizations, non-profit organizations, and CDFIs that are dedicated to supporting these sectors. In addition, proceeds from the offering may also be used to make investments in Equitable Prosperity and the Equitable Prosperity Funds (*see* "Broker-Dealer and Investment Adviser Activities," page 37) or investments in the form of equity, debt (including small business loans) or revenue/profit sharing arrangements, in entities supporting programs that are generally consistent with our mission.

We may allow investors who offer to purchase a minimum of \$2,000,000 in Notes to request that we use the proceeds of the Notes purchased by such investor for a particular purpose (i.e., to benefit vulnerable populations in a particular geography, or to meet a critical need in a particular industry or sector). We will weigh a variety of factors when considering such requests, including, in particular, whether or not the use of the proceeds to benefit such population, geography, or sector is aligned with our non-profit, tax-exempt purposes and strategic plan, and will accept or decline such requests in our sole discretion.

Please note that proceeds from the sale of the Notes will not be used to pay commissions or any other costs related to the sale of the Notes; all commissions or related costs will be paid from our operating budget and will therefore not be charged to investors.

DESCRIPTION OF THE ISSUER

Overview

Capital Impact is a District of Columbia nonprofit corporation, formed in 1982 pursuant to Title 2 of the National Consumer Cooperative Bank Act of 1978, as amended, at the direction of the United States Congress. Capital Impact is a tax-exempt organization under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended (the "Code"), and a public charity, as described in Section 509(a)(1) and Section 170(b)(1)(A)(vi) of the Code. Our principal executive office is located in Arlington, Virginia; we also have offices located in Oakland, California; Detroit, Michigan; New York, New York; and Austin, Texas. In 2011, Capital Impact was certified as a CDFI by the CDFI Fund.

Mission

Our charitable purpose is to provide financial services and technical assistance to cooperatives and other organizations which support underestimated communities. We accomplish our charitable purpose by (i) financing projects in the healthcare, education, affordable housing and community development sectors, (ii) providing technical assistance to borrowers and other market participants as projects are developed in order to increase the likelihood that our borrowers' projects will be successful and have a positive impact on the communities they serve, and (iii) investing in entities supporting programs that are generally consistent with our mission. Through capital and commitment, we help people build communities of opportunity that break barriers to success.

Strategy

Our business strategy is one that supports comprehensive community revitalization and is specifically designed to actualize our vision of a nation of communities built on a foundation of respect and cooperation, in which high-quality healthcare, healthy foods, affordable housing, and a quality education are accessible to everyone present in the community. Our business strategy may develop over time, consistent with Board approval and oversight, as a result of the strategic alliance with CDC, as further described on page 37.

Cooperatives, cooperative-like organizations, and other organizations that are dedicated to supporting these sectors receive financial support (primarily in the form of loans) and technical assistance (primarily in the form of sector-specific expertise) from us in furtherance of our charitable purpose. We believe that we are strategically positioned to bring people together in a spirit of cooperation to create businesses, provide services and develop property in their own communities, thus increasing access to goods, developing needed infrastructure to support commerce and essential community services and opening fair and efficient markets to a greater segment of the population.

As discussed in more detail in the section on the "Strategic Alliance with CDC and Momentus Capital Rebranding" below, Capital Impact's business strategy also includes working alongside CDC to provide a unique suite of financing products and programs that support community efforts to create strong, vibrant, and healthy places of opportunity, and will increase the impact and financial sustainability of both organizations.

Lending

Our core business is to lend capital to organizations engaged in community development projects that are aligned with our mission. A typical borrower is an organization involved in developing commercial real estate that creates affordable housing or becomes the backbone for community-based services in one of our sectors; examples include charter schools and community health centers. Although we offer a variety of debt products to our borrowers at different stages of the borrower's life cycle, as more fully described below, a typical loan is one that is secured by a first lien on commercial real estate. Because borrowers in our sectors are often unable to obtain financing at competitive rates directly from conventional lenders, such as regulated retail or commercial banks, we pride ourselves on sourcing and providing capital to mission-oriented borrowers at competitive rates and/or on terms that are generally more flexible than those that may be available to the borrowers in the traditional capital markets.

Although we operate on a nationwide basis, our lending products provide facilities-related financing targeted to key community pillars located primarily in one of our five core geographies, which are anchored by the locations of our offices and staff. This strategy targets capital and commitment across multiple sectors simultaneously, such as affordable housing, charter schools, healthy food retailers, community health centers and community-based aging projects, to create a set of interconnected resources that work to strengthen each other. At the present time, our investments are concentrated in California, Michigan and northern Ohio, the Washington, D.C. metropolitan area, the New York City metropolitan area and central Texas (Austin, San Antonio, Dallas/Fort Worth and Houston). These geographic concentrations may shift in the ordinary course of business as we evaluate our business strategy, including new opportunities that arise in new geographies, and our concentration risk, which may result in a re-balancing of our portfolio.

We often work with local and national strategic partners, including community development organizations, private foundations, other CDFIs and the community development groups within commercial banks, to establish viable ties to the communities we serve, enhance our market presence and increase the scope of the financial products and technical assistance that we can bring to market. Our strategic partners are selected based on a variety of factors, including mission alignment, commitment to a particular sector or geography, community ties and financial strength.

In addition to providing capital directly to project borrowers, Capital Impact engages in lending activities with its strategic partners through its wholly owned subsidiaries, affiliates and third-party intermediaries, including CDC, as further described on page 37, and through the purchase and sale of whole loans and fractional loan participations.

Capital Impact's subsidiaries are typically formed specifically for the purpose of lending to borrowers operating within a particular sector or geography and are typically financed by Capital Impact and its strategic partners through senior-subordinate debt structures. The senior-subordinate debt structures used to capitalize the subsidiaries allow Capital Impact to provide project borrowers with financing on flexible terms and afford its strategic partners an opportunity to more broadly share risk in markets that have historically been difficult for them to finance at market rates. Capital Impact manages all aspects of the business of these subsidiaries, including the origination and servicing of loans made by the subsidiaries. These subsidiaries are actively engaged in sector-specific or geographically focused lending activities.

Our intermediary lending relationships allow us to finance the lending activity of other lenders to achieve scale in an area in which the intermediary has a particular focus or expertise. Examples of intermediaries financed by us include joint ventures, cooperative loan funds, non-profit organizations, including CDC, as

further described on page 37, and other CDFIs. In each case, the mission, underwriting practices and asset management capabilities of the intermediary are believed to be aligned with those of us.

The purchase and sale of whole loans and fractional loan participations, directly by Capital Impact or through special purpose entities or joint ventures, enable us to create liquidity, manage credit risk and diversify our portfolio.

Sources of capital used to finance or otherwise support our programs include: institutional debt, grants, guarantees, credit enhancements and program-related investments, the Notes and special purpose entities, joint ventures or private investment funds. Most of this capital originates from Federal government programs, private foundations, retail investors, or other institutions focused on using our established lending platform to scale community development efforts.

Servicing and Portfolio Management

In addition to servicing a portfolio of loans for itself and, for a customary fee, its wholly owned subsidiaries, Capital Impact also services commercial loans that are owned in whole or in part by strategic partners, affiliated or unaffiliated funds, including special purpose entities and joint ventures, with similar community development goals, or that are a part of tax credit transactions in which Capital Impact is also a leverage lender or allocatee. Servicing clients typically bring capital and sector-specific expertise to transactions in which we have an interest, but do not have the necessary servicing platform or personnel to service their own loans or loans of the type originated by us for community development purposes. Servicing includes the management of billing and payment applications and responding to the immediate needs of the borrower. We generate fee revenue when we perform servicing on behalf of third parties and limits this activity to transactions in which the strategy and mission of the parties, or the underlying community development purpose of the loans being serviced, is aligned; it is not a service that is marketed independently of our core competency in community development. Our portfolio management team manages all aspects of each loan over its life, and monitors loan performance and the credit risk relating to each loan.

Technical Assistance

Although we do not generate a substantial amount of revenue through our technical assistance activities, we view technical assistance as being core to our mission and critical to the success of our project borrowers and the communities we serve. Our technical assistance activities include research, writing, analytics and consulting in areas in which our team of professionals have industry-recognized expertise. Our technical assistance benefits a wide range of stakeholders, including existing and potential project borrowers, community development organizations, strategic partners, policy makers and internal business units, all of whom are dedicated to actualizing our vision for a more inclusive and equitable society.

Other Investments

In addition to our lending program, we make investments in, and grants to, cooperatives, cooperative-like organizations, non-profit organizations, CDFIs, private investment funds (including Equitable Prosperity Funds), joint ventures and others involved in supporting programs that are generally related to our mission. The scale, scope, or focus of these investments may change over time, consistent with Board approval and oversight. These investments may be in the form of equity, debt (including small business loans) or revenue/profit sharing arrangements. Some of these investments, which generally are not subject to our normal underwriting standards, tend to be higher risk investments than those in our loan portfolio. In certain cases, our investments may be in the form of minority equity investments where we do not control the

underwriting or asset management of the investments. If these investments are not recoverable, it will result in a reduction of capital available to support our lending activities.

Strategic Alliance with CDC and Momentus Capital Rebranding

On July 15, 2021, Capital Impact consummated a transaction with CDC, a California nonprofit corporation, which is a Certified Development Company as certified by the U.S. Small Business Administration, whereby Capital Impact and CDC operate together to focus on economic empowerment and wealth creation but remain as separate legal and tax entities. The strategic alliance provides for Capital Impact and CDC the unique ability to deliver a full suite of financial products and programs that support community efforts to create strong, vibrant, and healthy places of opportunity, designed to increase the impact and financial sustainability of both organizations.

In connection with the strategic alliance, Capital Impact amended its organizational documents to (i) convert from a membership to a non-membership organization and (ii) revise its Board makeup (as described further below). Each of Capital Impact and CDC has reconstituted its Boards of Directors to have substantially overlapping Board membership, and the meetings of the Boards of Directors of both organizations are primarily held jointly to ensure consistency of approach on overall strategy and business planning. In addition, Capital Impact and CDC have substantially overlapping executive management teams with Ellis Carr, Capital Impact's President and Chief Executive Officer, serving as President and Chief Executive Officer of both organizations.

Each of Capital Impact and CDC continue to have separate audited financial statements of it and its consolidated subsidiaries, but they also have combined audited financial statements. To enable each organization to benefit from the combined financial strength of both organizations, Capital Impact and CDC cross-guarantee most of the other party's debt and are co-borrowers on other obligations. However, neither CDC nor its subsidiaries are obligors or guarantors of the Notes. As a result, the audited financial statements included in this Prospectus reflect financial information of Capital Impact and its consolidated subsidiaries only, which excludes CDC and its subsidiaries. In addition, our business and operations described in this Prospectus do not include the business and operations of CDC and its subsidiaries. Capital Impact and CDC are continuing to evaluate whether CDC will become a guarantor or co-issuer of the Notes in the future.

In July 2022, the strategic alliance of Capital Impact and CDC was rebranded as Momentus Capital, although each of Capital Impact and CDC will continue operating as a separate entity committed to serving its key market and clients, complementing Capital Impact's and CDC's shared missions of community development and support for small businesses.

Broker-Dealer and Investment Adviser Activities

Stemming from research that uncovered significant demand for investment capital in communities across the country, we believe that it can play a deeper role in communities than with our core lending activities. Leveraging our current footprint and market positions, we have developed a business plan for an intermediary role in community development finance to help bridge the gap between capital sources and community development projects by offering a range of financial services.

As part of this strategy, in February 2022, through a taxable subsidiary, we acquired an SEC-registered brokerdealer and a member of FINRA which has been renamed Momentus Securities. Momentus Securities is a mission-driven investment bank that connects institutional investors with community organizations through community-centric securities offerings and other services that raise capital for funding Capital Impact's and CDC's shared mission – community development and support for small businesses. Its licenses for institutional brokerage, with primary focus on investment banking and mergers and acquisitions advisory, among other transactional businesses, have been approved by FINRA effective in March 2023.

We also control Equitable Prosperity, a taxable indirect wholly-owned investment adviser subsidiary, which currently serves as an investment adviser to one or more private Equitable Prosperity Funds. Equitable Prosperity is an investment adviser registered with the SEC under the U.S. Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended. The Equitable Prosperity Funds are exempt from registration as investment companies under the U.S. Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. Equitable Prosperity has also partnered with a large global corporation to make investments in certain businesses through an Equitable Prosperity Fund and may continue to enter into similar strategic partnerships or alliances in the future. As of December 31, 2024, Equitable Prosperity had approximately \$3,457,000 of assets, representing less than 1% of our total assets and, for the year ended December 31, 2024, revenues derived from Equitable Prosperity represented less than 3% of our revenue. Equitable Prosperity Funds are typically organized as limited partnerships (or limited liability companies) in which investors are limited partners (or members) who do not take part in the fund's management or operations. They provide capital and participate in the Equitable Prosperity Fund's profits and losses while Equitable Prosperity manages the fund's assets and operations for investment management fees and a profit share.

The Equitable Prosperity Funds, while for-profit business enterprises, currently intend to invest, whether in the form of equity, debt or revenue/profit sharing arrangements, in growth-stage small and medium sized community businesses as part of bolstering our community development-focused program and mission to support small businesses. Equitable Prosperity Fund investments, which are not subject to our normal underwriting standards, tend to be higher risk investments than those in our loan portfolio. In certain cases, our investments may be in the form of minority equity investments where we do not control the underwriting or asset management of the investments. If these investments are not recoverable, it will result in a reduction of capital available to support our lending activities. In April 2024, Equitable Prosperity closed its first Equitable Prosperity Fund with an aggregate capital commitment of approximately \$171,000,000.

These broker-dealer and investment advisory activities are intended to generate revenue streams in the form of fee income, profit share and commissions (whether related to placement of securities, financing, investment management or investment banking).

Demonstrated Results

Our dedication to our mission has led us to become recognized as a leader in community development in communities across the country. Notably, as of December 31, 2024, we have:

- disbursed more than \$3,300,000,000 to organizations that provide services to more than 6 million people in low-income communities annually;
- become a significant non-profit community health center lender in the country, with more than \$1,000,000,000 deployed to Federally Qualified Health Centers and other community-based health care providers, touching nearly 4 million patients nationwide;
- provided close to \$1,000,000,000 in financing to charter schools serving over 3,000 students annually;
- deployed over \$200,000,000 to healthy food retailers and wholesalers that have eliminated food deserts and other low access areas;
- disbursed approximately \$358,000,000 to the revitalization of housing and other community facilities in Detroit, Michigan; and
- disbursed over \$765,000,000 toward the financing of affordable housing units.

LENDING ACTIVITIES

Loan Products

We offer the following loan products to organizations operating in or supporting the community healthcare, education, affordable housing, and community development sectors:

- revolving lines of credit;
- working capital financing;
- bridge financing;
- construction and renovation loans;
- tenant improvement loans;
- real estate acquisition loans;
- predevelopment loans;
- permanent loans; and
- equipment loans.

Although our loans are typically secured by a first lien on the real estate or other business assets of the borrower, we sometimes take a subordinated or unsecured position in a transaction. We believe that this flexibility enables us to support borrowers throughout their life cycles, and that this support leads to greater social impact in the communities we serve. Determinations regarding the level of credit risk that is supportable in a particular transaction, including the type and amount of collateral required to secure our position, are made in accordance with our underwriting guidelines and the underwriting and approval process described below.

Lending Criteria

Because we are a public charity, we place strong emphasis during the evaluation process on the connection between the borrower's project and our charitable purpose and mission. We consider the likelihood that the borrower's project will drive societal change in a community or sector served by us and may give greater weight to the potential social impact of the project than it does to other factors that traditionally drive the credit decisions of commercial banks. When considering mission alignment, we typically focus on the degree to which the project will:

- benefit low-income or disadvantaged populations;
- increase access to goods and services in underestimated communities;
- develop needed infrastructure to support commerce; and
- drive further development and density within a targeted area.

Potential loans are evaluated by our Credit Committee to determine the fit with our overall strategy and mission, and then potential loans move to underwriting to determine if the credit and risk requirements set forth in our underwriting guidelines are met. The factors used to evaluate potential loans include:

- how the proposed loan fits within our strategy for the sector or geography;
- the risk of the loan relative to the risk allocations within our portfolio by sector and geography and the overall credit quality of the portfolio;
- the financial strength of the borrower;
- the financial projections for the project to be financed;

- the ability of the borrower to repay the loan obligation;
- the value of the collateral for the loan (if any);
- the need for and availability of additional credit support if the creditworthiness of the borrower is questionable or the value of the collateral is low;
- the success of other similar projects completed by the borrower (if any);
- the availability of capital to finance the transaction at competitive rates; and
- the interest of third parties, such as community development organizations, CDFIs, community banks and private foundations, to partner on the transaction, including, for example, through co-lending arrangements, or loan sales or participations, directly or through special purpose entities or joint ventures.

Our mission focus during the evaluation process differentiates us from our for-profit peers in the financial services and banking industries and may result in the extension of credit to higher risk borrowers consistent with our mission.

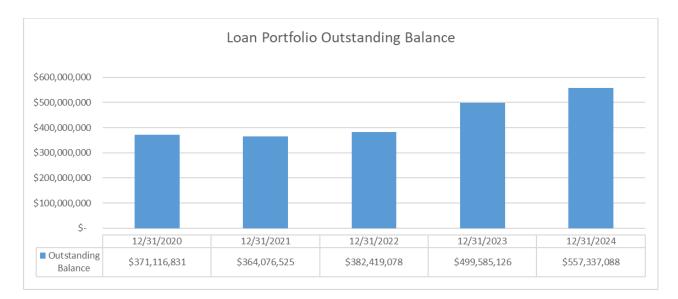
We maintain a loan policy that provides a framework for and expectations to management regarding the scope and nature of our lending, in furtherance of our mission and tax-exempt purposes. The loan policy is reviewed and approved by our Board of Directors on an annual basis.

Loan Portfolio

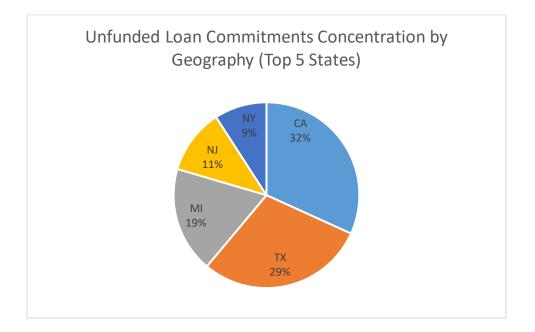
Our loan portfolio consists of loans reflected in our loans receivable balance as set forth in our accompanying audited financial statements. The loans receivable balance includes loans disbursed through Capital Impact as well as Capital Impact's portion of loans disbursed through five consolidated subsidiaries.² Capital Impact earns revenue (which may include interest, management fees, servicing fees, and other revenue) related to its subsidiary loans and loans it manages on behalf of unaffiliated third parties; but these loans are not reflected in our loans receivable balances set forth in the accompanying audited financial statements.

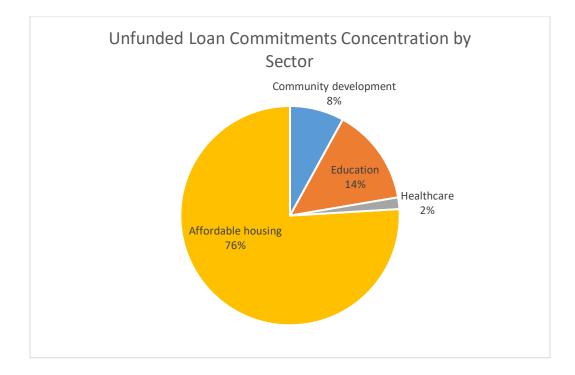
Our loan portfolio is illustrated in the below chart.

² Five subsidiaries were consolidated on Capital Impact's financial statements during the period of 2020 to 2024: FPIF, LLC, Detroit Neighborhoods Fund, LLC, Community Investment Impact Fund, LLC ("CIIF"), Community Investment Impact Fund II, LLC ("CIIF II") and Alliance Securities Manager, LLC. CIIF commenced operations as of December 13, 2017 and CIIF II merged with and into CIIF as of January 1, 2020 and is no longer in existence. Alliance Securities Manager, LLC commenced operations as of December 10, 2021. Equitable Prosperity Fund I GP LLC ("EFP GP") is a Delaware limited liability company and wholly-owned subsidiary of Capital Impact and is a single purpose entity that holds the general partner interest in Equitable Prosperity Fund I LP, commencing operations on June 10, 2022.



In the normal course of business, we make commitments to extend loans and lines of credit, which are not reflected in our financial statements until they are disbursed. Since many of the commitments are expected to expire without being completely drawn upon, the total commitment amounts do not necessarily represent future cash requirements. Our unfunded loan commitment balance as of December 31, 2024 was \$89,196,384, the detail of which is illustrated in the following charts.





Lending Process: Underwriting and Approval

Each new loan is evaluated in a multi-phase process that is both formal and documented to ensure that the loan is aligned with our mission and strategy, the credit risk represented by the loan falls within acceptable risk parameters and the structure and terms of the loan serve to mitigate identified risks to the extent possible.

Screening Committee. Each new loan is evaluated on a preliminary basis by a Screening Committee, comprised of a Director of Loan Originations, Head of Credit, a portfolio management representative, and the Head of National Programs or a designee. The Screening Committee evaluates the loan to determine its fit with our lending strategy, the requirements of a particular lending initiative (if applicable), and the resources available to fund it. If the Screening Committee approves the memo, the loan officer prepares a term sheet that is reviewed by the responsible Director of Loan Originations. If the term sheet is accepted by the responsible Director of Loan officer then underwrites the loan and prepares a credit memo that is submitted for credit approval.

Credit Approval. All loans require final credit approval from the following personnel: (i) Community Development Real Estate (CDRE) Loan Officer, Director of National Underwriting, and Director CDRE and Loan Workout for loans up to \$4,000,000 and (ii) Head of Credit and Senior Vice President for CDRE for loans above \$4,000,000. For loans above \$10,000,000, the Chief Operations Officer must approve in addition to the foregoing approves for loans in excess of \$4,000,000.

Underwriting. Once approved by the required parties, a loan moves to underwriting and a non-binding term sheet is typically issued to the prospective borrower. Our underwriting group is overseen by the Director of National Underwriting. This group underwrites all loans that have successfully moved through the screening process and had a term sheet accepted by the borrower. During underwriting, due diligence is completed; all exceptions to our underwriting guidelines, pricing guidelines, and any applicable lending initiative requirements (including those identified earlier by the approvers) are noted, together with any potential mitigants, and the structure of the proposed loan is modified, if and to the extent necessary to address residual risk. The underwriting is submitted for review and approval to the required approvers. If the aggregate principal amount of the loan exceeds the credit limit established by our Board of Directors, it must also be approved by the Chief Executive Officer prior to submission to and approval by the Board's Finance & Risk Committee.

Approval Letters. Approval of all loans, with the exception of New Market Tax Credit (NMTC) transactions and California Primary Care Association (CPCA) loans, will be evidenced by issuance of an approval letter issued to the borrower after the loan is approved, or such other documentation acceptable to management. In a NMTC transaction, reservation letters are issued to reserve NMTC allocation, and the underwriting occurs at the same time as the structuring and legal work so an approval letter is unnecessary. The CPCA loan program is a standardized program with minimal underwriting requirements, no negotiated terms, and fast moving from application to closing so approval letters were deemed unnecessary. The approval letters are based on a template that incorporates key loan terms set forth in the credit memo and has been approved by our Legal department. Should a loan be complex or have unique points, the approval letter will be reviewed by an attorney in our Legal department for accuracy and completeness. The applicable CDRE Regional Director or the National CDRE Director is required to review all approval letters prior to signing.

Closing. Licensed attorneys within our Legal department work with staff in its Lending and Operations departments to document and close all approved loans. Our Legal department has developed and

consistently leverages standardized forms and processes to manage risks that vary based on the type and location of transaction. Outside counsel is consulted by our Legal department if subject matter expertise is not resident within the department.

Disbursements and Servicing. The Servicing department adds the details of each loan and other borrowerrelated information into Capital Impact's loan accounting system to enable proper reporting and management of the asset. Servicers manage billing, payment application and any immediate issues and questions from the borrower. Construction management staff actively manages all aspects of each construction loan, including the general contractor relationship, contract, and other due diligence review, draw requests and disbursements, and construction budget management. These processes are intended to ensure that loans are disbursed to borrowers in accordance with applicable loan documentation when conditions to disbursement have been satisfied; payments from borrowers are collected and deposited into the appropriate corporate account(s); an appropriate portion of the payments are remitted to the investors in the loan (if any); and other ministerial functions related to the loan have been completed.

Portfolio Management. Each loan is assigned a risk rating when the loan is closed; ratings are assigned in accordance with our underwriting guidelines. Risk ratings are re-evaluated and adjusted (if necessary) on a periodic basis.

Our portfolio management team, with the support of our Legal department, manages all aspects of each loan over its life, including delinquencies, waivers, amendments, and modifications, and monitors loan performance and the credit risk related to each loan by conducting annual site visits and periodic loan reviews. The frequency and scope of the site visits and loan reviews vary depending on the risk rating assigned to the loan; risk rating adjustments are typically made as a result of information acquired during the portfolio management process.

Credit Quality and Risk Management

Oversight. We have quarterly internal Risk Management/System Operations meetings. Credit quality metrics and trends, the allowance for loan loss, and new loan programs are evaluated and discussed at these meetings led by the Head of Credit Operations. Key risk, operations and accounting personnel attend and participate in the meetings. Issues identified during the meetings are assigned to appropriate personnel for resolution.

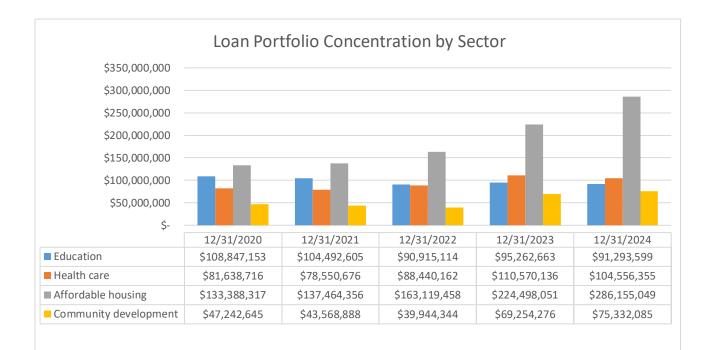
Risk Rating System and Loan Review. Capital Impact maintains a risk rating system that is applied to all loans originated by it or its subsidiaries and to all third-party loans that are serviced by us. The risk rating system identifies the risks that exist in the portfolio, supports the development of the allowance for loan loss, and provides guidance regarding the level of resources that should be devoted to monitoring a particular credit.

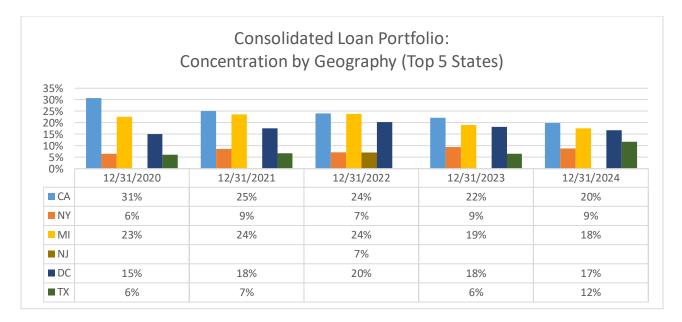
The risk ratings are evaluated each year in the ordinary course of the audit of our financial statements. Additionally, a random sampling of the loan portfolio is reviewed at least once per year by an independent consultant. The results of the independent loan reviews, which examine, among other things, the risk ratings assigned to the loans, are presented to our Board of Directors.

Diversification and Concentration. We seek to diversify risk by lending in a variety of sectors and geographies. However, consistent with our strategy and mission, we are focused in several specific sectors and geographies. Our sectors at the present time are: healthcare, education, housing, food systems and a place based initiative in Detroit. Overlaying the sectors is a focus on particular geographies – specifically California, Michigan and northern Ohio, the Washington, D.C. metropolitan area, the New York City metropolitan area and central Texas (Austin, San Antonio, Dallas/Fort Worth and Houston), with growth opportunities in other geographies subject to evaluation. We also have concentrations in the areas of loan product and loan size. No single loan or borrower represents 10% or greater of our total loan portfolio as of December 31, 2024.

We do not have established quantitative lending concentration or geographic limits, but actively monitor the loan portfolio on a quarterly basis. Concentration and geographic risks, and any related changes in approach, are reported to our Board of Directors on a regular basis.

The following charts illustrate our sector-specific and geographic concentrations. Concentrations will shift over time as new opportunities in new sectors or geographies are integrated into our strategic plan, or as the Senior Director & Credit Officer determines that shifts in approach are advisable to manage risk:



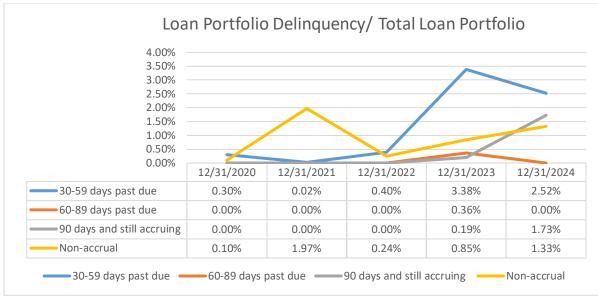


¹ New Jersey was not part of the top 5 states at year ends 2020, 2021, 2023 and 2024. Texas was not part of top 5 states at year end 2022.

Loss Reserve. We maintain a general allowance for loan loss that is used to reserve against losses in the loan portfolio funded on our balance sheet. Establishing an appropriate level of allowance for loan loss involves both objective and subjective measures. First, we apply a general reserve percentage on all loans in our portfolio based on risk rating assigned. This process provides a numerical calculation to be used as a base figure for the actual allowance. Second, impaired loans are identified as incurred. Each loan is evaluated quarterly to determine the sufficiency of collateral coverage. If appropriate, the value may be discounted further. The outstanding balance (or ultimate commitment) of the loan is compared to the discounted value of the collateral and a specific reserve is identified if the collateral is insufficient. This additional reserve is added to the general reserve calculation. Third, we perform a trend analysis on six areas of risk and, if needed, increase the allowance by the calculated amounts. Upon totaling the results of these three steps, a calculation is done to determine the variance from the actual allowance in existence on our financial records. Our goal is to have that variance in the range of +/- 5%.



The following charts illustrate our loan portfolio performance history from 2020 to 2024.



In 2024, Capital Impact experienced an increase in loan loss and past due loans primarily related to loans in the affordable housing section. Past due loans generally represent loans with either maturity default or other form of covenant default/violations where Capital Impact is working directly with the borrowers and/or the participating lenders on extensions, modifications and other forms of loan amendment to assist the borrowers. The increase in delinquencies as of December 31, 2024 as compared to prior periods resulted from a variety of factors, but most generally due to cash flow shortfalls with our borrowers due to property management issues and occupancy and lease up challenges. In addition, inflationary pressure, higher insurance and other operating costs, and limited external subsidy dollars delayed stabilization and take-out financing across the sector.

INVESTING ACTIVITIES

Our investment policy is to invest its liquid assets in securities that are intended to: (i) preserve principal, (ii) ensure adequate liquidity, (iii) manage interest rate exposure, and (iv) achieve desired rates of return, except to the extent that we make potentially higher risk investments, including but not limited to investments in one or more Equitable Prosperity Funds, as more fully described under "Risk Factors" above. These potentially higher-risk investments are typically in cooperatives, cooperative-like organizations, non-profit organizations, CDFIs and others involved in supporting programs that are generally related to our mission. In addition, we invest in securities that are used to provide us with a base of eligible collateral to enable us to borrow under our FHLB-A credit facility.

Our investment and liquidity management policies are reviewed and approved by the Board each year, and only the Board may approve amendments to such policies. It is the responsibility of the Chief Financial Officer to monitor and report compliance with the policies, and the Chief Financial Officer, together with their designees are authorized to make investments that are in compliance with the investment and liquidity policies. The following table depicts our cash, cash equivalents, and investments from 2022 to 2024. In 2024, our investments generated \$3,065,482 of net income. The net income is the result of interest income from investments and unrealized net gains incurred from Mortgage-Backed Securities portfolio. The Alternative Investments category within this table represents a mix of our equity method investments, marketable equity securities, and debt investments. None of our officers or directors have an interest in property acquired by or from us.

	2022	2023	2024
Cash, cash equivalents - Unrestricted	\$67,806,764	\$44,233,703	\$100,043,027
Cash, cash equivalents – Restricted	\$20,560,201	\$26,424,133	\$26,847,156
Mortgage Backed and US Treasury Securities	\$29,230,723	\$33,822,580	\$34,029,460
Alternative Investments	\$42,359,730	\$41,473,089	\$47,358,811

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Our Board is responsible for setting our mission, vision and direction, and for supervising our executive officers. Accordingly, the Board approves our strategic plan; sets annual corporate goals, which are measured against the strategic plan; approves the annual budget; approves our annual audited financial statements; evaluates executive performance and sets executive compensation; resolves potential conflicts of interest; and ensures that appropriate financial controls are in place.

The Board is comprised of a total of sixteen (16) individuals and two vacant board seats. The Board is divided into three classes that are nearly as equal in size as is practicable. Any directors elected to replace those of the class whose terms expire shall be elected to hold office for three (3) years and until their respective successors shall have been duly elected and qualified. No person shall be eligible to be nominated for election as a non-employee director after having served as a director for a period of nine (9) years or more since July 15, 2021. We strive to fill Board vacancies when they occur with individuals who possess core competencies and backgrounds that are aligned with our mission and strategy, and that are complementary to the qualifications of the directors who are re-elected to serve another term. Board members are entitled to reimbursement of reasonable costs and expenses incurred in connection with the performance of their duties on the Board of Directors and are entitled to reasonable compensation for service on the Board as authorized by the Board and in compliance with applicable law and Section 501(c)(3) of the Code.

The Board may (but is not required to) designate and appoint committees. The Board prescribes the powers and functions of each committee. The Board has constituted the following standing committees: an Executive Committee; a Finance and Risk Committee; an Audit Committee; a Governance and Nominations Committee; a Mission and Impact Committee; a CDFI and NMTC Advisory Board. The committee structure is re-evaluated on an annual basis and may change at the discretion of the Board.

Regular meetings of the Board are held at least quarterly at places and times fixed by the Board. Regular meetings of each Board committee are held at places and times fixed by the committee.

To our knowledge, no director has been convicted of any criminal activity, is the subject of any pending criminal proceedings, or has been the subject of any order, judgment, or decree of any court enjoining such person from any activities associated with the offer or sale of securities.

The following individuals presently serve on our Board:

Oswaldo Acosta (Class III). Oswaldo Acosta is the President and CEO of CityFirst Enterprises (CFE), where he leads the organization's vision and strategy to deliver capital to underserved markets across a range of lending sectors. Since joining CFE in 2019, he has driven the company's expansion into new areas such as clean energy and residential mortgages, while guiding significant innovation and growth. Under Mr. Acosta's leadership, CFE's total assets have quadrupled, and its lending portfolio has grown at an average annual rate of 40%. This success has been supported by nearly \$70 million in capital raised from a wide range of sources, including state and federal programs, philanthropic partners, commercial banks, and private investors. In addition to his role at CFE, Mr. Acosta serves as Chair of the Board of the Vermont Energy Investment Corporation and Chair of the Risk Committee at the Coalition for Green Capital. Mr. Acosta is also a member of the Board of Directors of CDC. Mr. Acosta holds a B.S. in Economics from Monterrey Institute of Technology, a M.A. in Political Economy from the United Kingdom's University of Essex, and an MSC in Economic Regulation from the London School of Economics and Political Science.

Rick Benito (Class I). Rick Benito is a retired senior vice president and national SBA executive at Bank of America. In that role, he supported the bank's national Small Business Administration (SBA) sales and support teams. Mr. Benito joined Bank of America in 1995 after 7 years at Wells Fargo, having served in a variety of roles at both banks. Mr. Benito's previous career experience includes the Xerox Corporation and serving as a Lieutenant in the United States Navy. Mr. Benito remains active in Bank of America's Community Volunteer Network in San Diego. He has served on a number of boards and other civic organizations with a focus on education, veterans' issues, and economic development. Mr. Benito is also a member of the Board of Directors of CDC. He completed the Consumer Bankers Association Graduate School of Retail Bank Management program at the University of Virginia and is a graduate of LEAD San Diego. He received his Bachelor of Science degree in Business Administration from Valparaiso University in Indiana.

Alaina C. Beverly (Class II). Alaina Beverly is the Executive Vice President of the Black Economic Alliance (BEA) Foundation. She previously served as the Assistant Vice President for Urban Affairs in the Office of Federal Relations at the University of Chicago from 2017 to 2024, where she was responsible for driving action on the University's research, scholarship, and models of urban investment with federal policymakers and national partners. She is the founding director of Urban America Forward, an annual convening of national civil rights leaders, scholars, community-based practitioners, and foundations to examine evidence-based policies to further equity in America's cities. Ms. Beverly was previously a principal at the Raben Group from 2010 to 2013, where she provided strategic planning, communications, government relations, and third-party partnership services to a broad range of non-profit, corporate and philanthropic clients. Ms. Beverly served as Associate Director, Office of Urban Affairs at the White House from 2009-2010. Ms. Beverly earned a B.A. in Political Science and African American Studies from Stanford University, and a J.D. from the University of Michigan Law School.

Erik Caldwell (Class II). Erik Caldwell is the CEO of Metropolis IQ Technology, Inc., an innovative artificial intelligence company providing economic and workforce development insights to local governments. Before founding Metropolis IQ, Erik served as the Vice President of Data Strategy at The Atlas, leading the development and launch of buyer intent and market intelligence products. Mr. Caldwell brings extensive experience in local government, having held positions as Chief Sustainability Officer, Deputy Chief Operating Officer, and Economic Development Director for the City of San Diego. In these roles, he leveraged data analytics to promote a culture of data-driven decision-making, significantly advancing sustainable practices and economic development in the region. Mr. Caldwell is also a member of the Board of Directors of CDC.

Sheryl Cameron (Class II). Sheryl Cameron is the Executive Director for the SBA Solutions Group at JPMorgan Chase. She has over 42 years of banking experience, the last 28 specializing in SBA lending. Ms. Cameron oversees sales and operation teams that provide support for SBA products offered by Chase. She has designed and facilitated access to capital seminars at multiple Chase for Business events to provide valuable insights to small business owners on how to use credit to grow their business and manage cash flow. She also sits on the Board of Directors for the National Association of Government Guaranteed Lenders (NAGGL) and previously sat on the National Association of Development Companies Board. Sheryl has been an instructor for NAGGL for over twenty-two years. Previously, she was a member of the NAGGL Technical Issues Committee and Large Lender Committee along with serving as Committee Chairperson for the Automation Committee. Ms. Cameron also sits on the Board of Directors for the National Association of Development Companies Board. Sheryl has been an instructor for NAGGL for over twenty-two years. Previously, she was a member of the NAGGL Technical Issues Committee and Large Lender Committee along with serving as Committee Chairperson for the Automation Committee. Ms. Cameron also sits on the Board of Directors for the National Association of Development Companies and CDC. Ms. Cameron graduated summa cum laude from Western International University with a bachelor's degree in Finance.

Ellis Carr (Class III). Ellis Carr is the President and CEO of Capital Impact and CDC. Mr. Carr has more than 20 years of experience in the for-profit and nonprofit financial sectors. He became President & CEO of CDC Small

Business in 2021 and has served as the President & CEO of Capital Impact since 2016, originally joining Capital Impact as CFO in 2012. Prior to joining Capital Impact, he held various positions in the investments, capital markets, strategy, and corporate finance areas within Freddie Mac, and in fixed-income fund management both domestically and abroad at Deutsche Bank. Mr. Carr is an Aspen Institute Finance Leader Fellow and sits on the boards of the Marguerite Casey Foundation, Expanding Black Business Credit and the Housing Partnership Network, as well as Morgan Stanley's Community Development Advisory Board. Mr. Carr is also a member of the Board of Directors of CDC.

Mr. Carr has been recognized among the "Most Creative People in Business" by Fast Company, and has received multiple awards from the Washington Business Journal, including "Nonprofit Leader of the Year" in 2022.

Kurt Chilcott (Class I). Kurt Chilcott is the retired President and CEO of CDC. For over 35 years, Mr. Chilcott has been dedicated to economic development and creating access to responsible and affordable capital for small businesses. Mr. Chilcott served as the President and CEO of CDC from 1998-2021, helping the organization to become the leading small business lender in the country. While there he helped pioneer a variety of new mission-based lending products and advanced strategic initiatives to raise capital. Mr. Chilcott now serves as the Vice Chair of the Board of Directors of CDC and also serves on the boards of the National Association of Development Companies, the California Endowment, and the International Economic Development Strategy creating one of the first industry cluster-based regional economic development strategies in the nation and leading the revitalization of numerous underserved communities throughout San Diego. Mr. Chilcott received his bachelor's degree from Harvard University and a Master of Public Policy degree from University of California, Berkeley.

Grace Chionuma (Class III). Grace Chionuma is the Co-Head of the Affordable Housing and Community Development Finance Group within Public Finance Banking at Morgan Stanley and a member of the Municipal Securities Operating Committee. She leads Morgan Stanley's capital markets coverage of CDFIs, NonProfit Affordable Housing Developers, and charter schools. Ms. Chionuma has led several CDFI debt IPOs including for Local Initiatives Support Corporation, Enterprise Community Loan Fund, Low Income Investment Fund, and BlueHub Loan Fund. She has worked with Freddie Mac on affordable housing securitizations and Freddie Mac's first issuance under its Social Bond Framework which financed affordable housing loans. In addition, she has worked with foundations including the Ford Foundation and the MacArthur Foundation to raise capital from institutional investors to increase grants during the COVID-19 and economic crisis of 2020. Ms. Chionuma is also a member of the Board of Directors of CDC. Ms. Chionuma earned her B.A. at Dartmouth College, completing majors in both Government and Philosophy; and she earned her M.B.A. at Yale University School of Management.

Gary Cunningham, Chair of Board (Class III). Gary Cunningham is a Senior Advisor for the New School's Institute on Race, Power, and Political Economy, where he leverages his extensive experience to address economic inequalities. Previously, Mr. Cunningham was the President and CEO of Prosperity Now. Under Mr. Cunningham's leadership, Prosperity Now focused on moving from just mitigating the effects of a broken racist system to transforming that system by testing, investing, and scaling what works. Mr. Cunningham is a recognized and respected expert on entrepreneurship, job creation, and racial wealth equity and is a sought-after thought leader on issues related to building a more inclusive economy. Prior to joining Prosperity Now, he served as President and CEO of the Metropolitan Economic Development Association in the Twin Cities, where he was recognized as an innovator in minority business development. Earlier, Mr. Cunningham held senior leadership positions in philanthropic, community development, health care, housing, and

transportation organizations. Mr. Cunningham is also a member of the Board of Directors of CDC. Mr. Cunningham earned a Bachelor of Arts degree in Public Policy from Metropolitan State University, and a Master of Public Administration from Harvard University's Kennedy School of Government. He serves on a number of Boards including the Association for Enterprise Opportunity, and Artspace.

Jennifer Smith Dolin (Class I). Jennifer Smith Dolin is the President and CEO of the Tenderloin Neighborhood Development Corporation. As the founder and principal of JENDolin Consulting, she has worked with housing providers across the country. She is also the interim vice president of real estate at Christian Church Homes, a national non-profit that provides housing to seniors. She is the Jobs Committee Chair at ICA Cristo Rey School in San Francisco, a low-income girls' high school. She is the former Board Chair for National Cooperative Bank, N.A. (NCB). She previously served as the Vice President of Operations for Mercy Housing California, managing resident social services, commercial retail development, and relocation services for lowincome multi-family housing. Ms. Dolin is also a member of the Board of Directors of CDC. Her commitment to community revitalization began in New York City where she worked in the economic development department of Common Ground. She received her Bachelor of Science degree in Business from Santa Clara University.

Casey P. Fannon (Class III). Casey Fannon is CEO and President of National Cooperative Bank (NCB), leading a team of senior managers representing business development units and functional areas across the company. NCB is a leading financial services company for cooperatives across the country. Since joining NCB in 1996, Mr. Fannon has dedicated his entire career to National Cooperative Bank and has served as its President since March 2020. Prior to becoming President, Mr. Fannon was Chief Lending Officer and has worked in new product and market development, commercial real estate, capital markets, and has managed NCB's loan and deposit production across all NCB's customer segments. Mr. Fannon is also a member of the Board of Directors of CDC and also currently serves on the investment committee of The National Grocers Association (NGA), a national trade association representing the retail and wholesale community grocers nationwide. Mr. Fannon received a BS in Finance from Bentley University and is a Chartered Financial Analyst charter holder.

Pedro I. Goitia (Class II). Mr. Goitia is a retired Partner from KPMG, where he spent his entire career (32 years). After spending 11 years in the audit department serving banking and other financial institutions, he was promoted to Partner in 1995 and moved to the advisory department to specialize in the structured finance and mortgage banking industries. During his 21 years as a Partner, he led/co-led the securitization group, served as account representative for several large local and national securitization and mortgage banking clients and was project manager on multi-year engagements involving risk management process, financial reporting processes/controls and compliance testing of credit agreements. Throughout his career, Mr. Goitia was heavily involved in diversity and inclusion initiatives, serving as Partner Champion of the D.C. Area Hispanic Latino Network and Trustee of the KPMG Foundation. Mr. Goitia is also a member of the Board of Directors of CDC. Mr. Goitia earned a B.S.B.A. from Washington University in St. Louis in 1983 and a Master's Degree in Accountancy from the George Washington University in 1984. He is a Certified Public Accountant.

Gail Markulin (Class II). Gail Markulin is the retired Director of Capital Markets for the Federal Home Loan Bank-Office of Finance (FHLBank); Ms. Markulin worked at FHLBank for more than 27 years, serving in various capital markets positions. Ms. Markulin served on the Board of Directors for Aspire! Afterschool Learning and previously volunteered as a tutor and mentor with AHC, Inc., a nonprofit affordable housing developer of low- and moderate-income housing in Virginia, Maryland and Washington, D.C. Ms. Markulin is also a

member of the Board of Directors of CDC. Ms. Markulin earned an M.B.A. in Finance from George Washington University and a B.A. from Pennsylvania State University.

Tyler Orion (Class I). Tyler Orion is Co-Founder and Officer of Precision Healthcare Ecosystem, a nonprofit pioneering a new model of healthcare focused on patient education and empowerment, primarily through its flagship program, Project Apollo. Ms. Orion has decades of experience in enterprise development and business incubation. She served as interim President and COO of CONNECT, having served as President and Chief Executive Officer of the San Diego Regional Technology Alliance (RTA) until its merger with CONNECT in 2005. CONNECT is a technology business accelerator dedicated to the creation and sustained growth of innovative, science-based companies. She has served on numerous boards for companies and non-profit organizations and has been recognized by San Diego Business Journal and others for her leadership in the regional entrepreneurial ecosystem. Ms. Orion is also a member of the Board of Directors of CDC. Ms. Orion earned her M.B.A. in Health Services Management from Webster University, her bachelor's degree from Thomas A. Edison College, and studied Drama/Directing at Carnegie-Mellon University.

Tom Topuzes (Class I). Tom Topuzes is President and CEO of Thomas Topuzes & Associates, a consultancy that provides a wide range of services to organizations in the public, private, and non-profit sectors. He and his firm advise clients across the United States and Mexico on strategic planning, trans-border commerce, financial institution regulatory relations, and more. His professional experience includes executive roles at multiple banks, government service as the Region XI SBA Administrator and within the Office of the Governor of California, and private legal practice. Mr. Topuzes has been deeply involved in his community, serving as director, trustee, advisor or founder to over a dozen leading organizations in sectors as diverse as banking, education, health, local, state and national agencies, and economic development. Mr. Topuzes is also a member of the Board of Directors of CDC. He received his bachelor's degree from San Diego State University and his J.D. from the Thomas Jefferson School of Law. He also holds an associate's degree from San Diego Mesa College. He served in the United States Air Force and is an active member of the State Bar of California.

Dan Varner, Vice Chair of Board (Class I). Dan Varner has been the Chief Executive Officer of Goodwill Industries of Greater Detroit, a non-profit organization focused on employment training, education, support and job placement programs for residents of Greater Detroit, since 2016. Mr. Varner served as Chief Executive Officer at Excellent Schools Detroit from 2011 to 2016, and worked as a Program Officer at the W.K. Kellogg Foundation on both the Michigan and Education & Learning teams from 2010 to 2011. Mr. Varner was the cofounder of Think Detroit where he served as the Chief Operating/Finance Officer from 2000 to 2006 and the Chief Executive Officer of Think Detroit PAL, which was the result of a merger with the Detroit Police Athletic League, from 2006 to 2010. Mr. Varner is also a member of the Board of Directors of CDC. Mr. Varner earned a B.A. from the University of Michigan and a J.D. from the University of Michigan Law School.

The following sets forth board member compensation during 2024 (other than Ellis Carr, Sheryl Cameron and Grace Chionuma, who are not able to receive compensation for their roles):

Board Member	Compensation (2024)
Oswaldo Acosta	\$5,000
Rick Benito	\$3,750
Alaina Beverly	\$5,000
Erik Caldwell	\$3,750
Sheryl Cameron	
Ellis Car	
Kurt Chilcott	\$5,000
Grace Chionuma	
Gary Cunningham	\$5,625
Casey Fannon	\$5,000
Pedro Goitia	\$5,000
Gail Markulin	\$3,750
L. Tyler Orion	\$5,000
Frank Robinson ³	\$5,000
Jennifer Smith-Dolin	\$5,000
Tom Topuzes	\$5,000
Daniel Varner	\$5,000
Total	\$66,875

³ Retired in 2025.

MANAGEMENT TEAM AND KEY EMPLOYEES

Our principal executive office is located at 1400 Crystal Drive, Suite 500, Arlington, Virginia 22202.

Ellis Carr, President and Chief Executive Officer. Ellis Carr is the President and CEO of Capital Impact and CDC. Mr. Carr has more than 20 years of experience in the for-profit and nonprofit financial sectors. He became President & CEO of CDC Small Business in 2021 and has served as the President & CEO of Capital Impact since 2016, originally joining Capital Impact as CFO in 2012. Prior to joining Capital Impact, he held various positions in the investments, capital markets, strategy, and corporate finance areas within Freddie Mac, and in fixed-income fund management both domestically and abroad at Deutsche Bank. Mr. Carr is an Aspen Institute Finance Leader Fellow and sits on the boards of the Marguerite Casey Foundation, Expanding Black Business Credit and the Housing Partnership Network, as well as Morgan Stanley's Community Development Advisory Board. Mr. Carr is also a member of the Board of Directors of CDC.

Mr. Carr has been recognized among the "Most Creative People in Business" by Fast Company, and has received multiple awards from the Washington Business Journal, including "Nonprofit Leader of the Year" in 2022.

Natalie Gunn, Chief Financial Officer. Natalie Nickens Gunn is responsible for formulating and executing Capital Impact's financial road map, capital base expansion, and investor relations. In her position, she has raised and closed on more than \$300,000,000 of capital. She also manages the overall direction for accounting, tax, audit, treasury, and financial planning and analysis. Mrs. Gunn also serves as Chief Financial Officer of CDC. Mrs. Gunn has corporate financing and accounting experience across the public and private sectors, including serving as Capital Impact's Controller before stepping into the Chief Financial Officer position. In 2020, the Washington Business Journal named her to their "Women Who Mean Business" List honoring the region's most influential businesswomen. Prior to joining Capital Impact, she held senior positions at the Government National Mortgage Association (Ginnie Mae), NCB, Capital Automotive REIT, Host Hotels and Resorts and PricewaterhouseCoopers. Mrs. Gunn is a Certified Public Accountant and graduated magna cum laude from Hampton University with a degree in accounting, and serves on the Board and Finance Committee of Pathways for Housing, DC and the Board of Trustees for St. Stephen's & St. Agnes School.

Brian McEvoy, General Counsel, Chief Compliance Officer and Corporate Secretary. As General Counsel, Chief Compliance Officer, and Corporate Secretary, Brian McEvoy leads the legal and compliance functions at Capital Impact. Brian has significant experience in the commercial, multifamily/housing, real estate and finance sectors, including broad experience in commercial lending and structured finance, equity, securitization, policy and strategy, product and platform development, risk management, operations, regulatory and compliance. Mr. McEvoy also serves as General Counsel, Chief Compliance Officer and Corporate Secretary of CDC. Most recently he was Vice President and Deputy General Counsel at Fannie Mae. Prior to joining Fannie Mae, Brian was in private practice in large, national law firms. Brian graduated summa cum laude from Towson University, where he received a Bachelor of Science in Business Administration and Management, with dual concentrations in Finance and Marketing. He graduated with honors from the University of Maryland Francis King Carey School of Law, where he received a Juris Doctor.

Kim Dorsett, Chief Human Resources Officer. Kimberly Dorsett is responsible for developing and executing Capital Impact's human resource strategy in support of the overall business plan and strategic direction of the organization. This includes overseeing areas of succession planning, talent acquisition, organizational and performance management, training and development, and compensation and benefits administration. She has more than 20 years of experience in the financial services and construction industries. Mrs. Dorsett also

serves as Chief Human Resources Officer for CDC. Prior to joining Capital Impact in 2016, first as a Director and then as Senior Director in 2018, she was the Human Resources Director for Federal Home Loan Banks – Office of Finance. Mrs. Dorsett graduated from Bethune-Cookman University with a bachelor's degree in Business Administration, and from Marymount University with a master's degree in Management.

Matt Wehland, Chief Operations Officer. Matt Wehland is responsible for Capital Impact and CDC's business operations strategy and execution. This includes Lending Operations, Portfolio Management, Credit, Information Technology, Data Operations, Compliance, Facilities Management, and the affiliated Ventures+ SAAS platform. Mr. Wehland joined Capital Impact in 2019 and served as the Senior Director of Lending Operations prior to assuming the role of COO in 2022. He has more than 25 years of experience in the financial services industry. Prior to joining Capital Impact, he served as Senior Vice President at both Capital One and National Cooperative Bank. Mr. Wehland graduated from the University of Maryland, College Park with a degree in Political Science. He currently serves as a board member for his local housing cooperative.

Kimberly Dickens, Chief Strategy Growth Officer. Kimberly Dickens is responsible for Capital Impact and CDC's drive to identify and pursue new business opportunities, partnerships, and market expansion opportunities. This includes overseeing strategic planning firmwide, marketing, fundraising and customer success to support growth objectives. Kimberly's experience in aiding businesses to drive their organic growth spans more than 20 years – working with Fortune 100 businesses to small businesses across a diverse set of industries including financial services, healthcare, and technology. Prior to joining Capital Impact, Kimberly served as an executive growth strategist and leadership consultant, wherein she partnered with the C-Suite of companies in strategy formulation and execution, leadership team development, and marketing. She also served as Head of Strategy for Wells Fargo Commercial Lending, and Chief Commercial Strategy & Customer Experience Officer with GE Capital. Kimberly holds an MBA from The University of Pennsylvania's Wharton School and a B.S. in General Business Management and Human Resources from the University of Maryland.

Jaret Ings, Senior Director of Finance and Treasurer. Jaret Ings has the responsibility of overseeing the Treasury and Financial Analysis functions, which includes cash and investment management, debt portfolio management, debt capital markets, investor relations, compliance, managing bank relationships, and financial analysis. Mr. Ings also serves as Treasurer of CDC. Prior to joining Capital Impact, Mr. Ings served in a senior treasury leadership capacity at National Railroad Passenger Corporation ("Amtrak"). Prior to joining Amtrak, Mr. Ings worked in Corporate Banking and Financial Services with PNC Bank, N.A., SunTrust Bank, N.A. and Ford Motor Credit Company. Mr. Ings is a graduate of Florida Agricultural & Mechanical University (B.S. Business Administration, Finance Concentration) and Florida Atlantic University (M.B.A., Accounting Concentration).

EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

The following table lists the total compensation of our executive management team (other than Kimberly Dickens, our Chief Strategy Growth Officer, who joined us in March 2025) during the year ended December 31, 2024. No staff member receives sales-related commissions.

Name	Title	Compensation (2024)
Ellis Carr	President and Chief Executive Officer	\$1,029,249
Natalie Gunn	Chief Financial Officer	\$451,758
Brian McEvoy	General Counsel, Chief Compliance Officer and Corporate Secretary	\$379,015
Kim Dorsett	Chief Human Resources Officer	\$310,043
Matthew Wehland	Chief Operating Officer	\$352,981
Karla Gill ⁽¹⁾	Chief Technology Officer	\$406,811

(1) Resigned December 1, 2024.

LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

There are no material legal proceedings presently pending against us or any of our directors, officers, or employees acting in their capacity as our representatives.

CAPITALIZATION

Our capitalization as of December 31, 2024 is shown below.

	Amount Outstanding
Debt:	
Revolving Lines of Credit	\$83,000,000
Notes Payable	\$64,289,530
Investment Notes	\$380,296,000
Subordinated debt	\$14,500,000
FHLB-A	\$24,000,000
Bond Loan Payable	\$10,000,000
Subtotal Debt	\$576,085,530
Less Investment Notes issuance costs	(\$3,166,501)
Total Debt ⁽⁴⁾	\$572,919,029
Net Assets:	
Without Donor Restrictions ⁽¹⁾	\$133,312,603
Noncontrolling Interest (2)	\$1,281,113
Total Net Assets without donor restrictions	\$134,593,716
With Donor Restrictions (3)	\$45,794,563
Total Net Assets	\$180,388,279
Total Capitalization	\$753,307,308

¹ Net assets without donor restrictions have no external restrictions regarding their use or function.

² Represents the non-managing member's 13% equity interest in Community Investment Impact Fund, LLC, which is exclusive of our equity interest. 3

Net assets with donor restrictions have donor-imposed restrictions such as (i) fulfilling a specified purpose, and/or (ii) the passage of a specified amount of time regarding use or function. 4

Total Debt does not include subsidiary debt or lease obligations.

Additional information on our net assets as of December 31, 2024 is shown below:

Purpose	Portion of Total Net Assets	Restriction(s) and Possible Uses
Net Assets without Donor		
Restrictions Without Donor Restrictions	74%	Unrestricted
Noncontrolling Interest	1%	Unrestricted
Net Assets with Donor Restrictions		
Programs	6%	General Operating
Credit Enhancement	10%	Credit Enhancement
Financing	9%	Lending Activity
Total	100%	

Debt Composition and Sources

1

Sources of Debt at December 31, 2024

Type of Investor	Number of Investors	Total Debt Payable	% of Total Debt Payable	Average per Investor
Financial Institutions	4	\$142,500,000	25%	\$35,625,000
Foundations	4	\$29,289,530	5%	\$7,322,383
Federal Government/FHLB	1	\$24,000,000	4%	\$24,000,000
Total ¹	9	\$195,789,530	34%	\$21,754,392

Does not include Capital Impact Investment Notes, of which \$380,296,000 was outstanding as of December 31, 2024 (representing 66% of total loans payable as of December 31, 2024), as these notes are held by investors in book-entry form through their brokerage account. Thus, the identity of investors in Capital Impact Investment Notes is unknown.

With the exception of its revolving lines of credit, our debt carries a fixed rate.

Although we do not have a policy in place which specifically limits the level of senior secured indebtedness that can be incurred by us, there are a number of policies and practices in place that address the issue, including (i) a Board-approved policy called the "Delegations of Authority," which requires management to seek the approval of the Board prior to incurring indebtedness, (ii) multiple third party credit agreements, which require us to actively monitor and manage financial covenants, including covenants relating to the level and type of indebtedness incurred by us, (iii) the supervision and oversight of enterprise risk by the Senior Director & Credit Officer, pursuant to our Enterprise Risk Management Policy, and (iv) the supervision

and oversight of the General Counsel and Chief Compliance Officer with respect to risk-related compliance matters.

Year of Debt Maturity	Total Debt Maturing ¹	% of Total Debt	
2025	\$116,122,530	20%	
2026	\$57,159,000	10%	
2027	\$181,314,000	31%	
2028	\$74,289,000	13%	
2029 and Beyond	\$147,201,000	26%	
Total	\$576,085,530	100.0%	

Remaining Term on Debt at December 31, 2024

¹ This excludes issuance costs.

Largest Debt Investors at December 31, 2024

Five Largest Investors	Dollar Amount Outstanding	% of Total Loans Payable	Final Maturity	Characteristics	Secured or Unsecured
JPMorgan Chase	\$50,166,667	9%	September 2027 & December 2029	Financial Institution	Unsecured
Wells Fargo	\$30,944,444	5%	September 2027 & October 2035	Financial Institution	Unsecured
FHLB	\$24,000,000	4%	June 2027, December 2027 & December 2029	Federal Government/ FHLB	Secured
Deutsche Bank	\$18,444,444	3%	September 2027	Financial Institution	Unsecured
Morgan Stanley	\$18,444,444	3%	September 2027	Financial Institution	Unsecured
Total Debt from Five Largest Investors ¹	\$142,000,000	25%			

Does not include Capital Impact Investment Notes, of which \$380,296,000 was outstanding as of December 31, 2024 (representing 66% of total loans payable as of December 31, 2024), as these notes are held by investors in book-entry form through their brokerage account. Thus, the identity of investors in Capital Impact Investment Notes is unknown.

DESCRIPTION OF THE NOTES

This section provides detail on the legal and financial terms of the Notes. Final terms of any particular Note will be determined at the time of sale and will be set forth in the accompanying pricing supplement relating to those Notes, and may vary from and supersede the terms set forth in this Prospectus. Before deciding to purchase any Notes, investors should read the more detailed information appearing elsewhere in this document.

What is a Capital Impact Investment Note?

The Capital Impact Investment Notes are notes issued by us that help channel investment capital to social and economic impact investments in the United States. The Notes pay a fixed interest rate that is determined by market conditions at issuance and can be purchased with a term from 6 months to 20 years.

Seniority; Security

The Notes are unsecured general obligations of Capital Impact. Capital Impact has outstanding other unsecured general obligations and secured obligations. Moreover, the Indenture does not restrict Capital Impact from incurring additional indebtedness. Such additional indebtedness, if issued, may be either secured or unsecured and may be entitled to payment prior to payment on the Notes. Finally, Capital Impact's subsidiaries have outstanding obligations and the Notes will be effectively subordinated to such obligations.

Who Can Invest

The Notes are marketed to both individual and institutional investors.

Minimum Investment

The minimum investment for the Notes is \$1,000.

Distribution

The Notes will be offered through InspereX, as Lead Agent, for reoffer to several other registered brokerdealers, including Momentus Securities. The Lead Agent, and any other agent appointed by us, are not required to purchase or sell any specific amount of Notes and sell the Notes on a best-efforts basis.

How to Invest / Purchase Method

The Notes are available for purchase in book-entry form, which means they may be purchased electronically through the investor's brokerage account and settled through DTC. Interest rates are set at the time of issuance and are determined by current market conditions. Interest rates for the Notes will be set forth in the accompanying pricing supplement relating to those Notes. The DTC arrangement is described below in the section entitled "— Book-Entry Notes and DTC" on page 67. U.S. Bank serves as issuing agent, registrar, and Paying Agent of global book-entry Notes. We have appointed InspereX as the Lead Agent, which in turn has established a selling group of registered broker-dealers, including Momentus Securities, and each of the selling group members has executed a Master Selected Dealer Agreement with InspereX. Notes may be purchased through any broker-dealer participating in the Lead Agent's selling group. Investors must review

the current pricing supplement, available from participating brokerages, in addition to this Prospectus for applicable Note terms. To purchase Notes, please contact your financial advisor or brokerage firm.

CUSIP Numbers

We will assign CUSIP numbers at the time Notes are offered for sale. "CUSIP" is an acronym that refers to Committee on Uniform Security Identification Procedures and the nine-digit, alphanumeric CUSIP numbers that are used to identify securities such as the Notes. A CUSIP number, similar to a serial number, is assigned to each maturity of a security issue. For more information regarding CUSIP numbers, please see the applicable pricing supplement or visit our website <u>www.capitalimpact.org</u>.

Trust Indenture

All Notes are subject to a Trust Indenture, with U.S. Bank serving as Indenture Trustee. Under the Trust Indenture and subject to the terms of the Trust Indenture, the Indenture Trustee will take specified actions on behalf of noteholders in the event of a default on the Notes. Certain issues relating to the Trust Indenture are set forth beginning on page 71. Upon request, we will provide copies of the Trust Indenture, which defines the rights of noteholders.

Interest Accrual and Interest Periods

Notes begin to accrue interest on the issuance date and mature on the relevant anniversary of issuance. Interest accrues on a 360-day year based on twelve 30-day months. Interest is paid out quarterly and cannot be reinvested. Interest rates on the Notes will be fixed rate.

The interest payment dates for a Note will be the fifteenth day of every third month, commencing in the third succeeding calendar month following the month in which the Note is issued, unless such calendar day is not a business day, in which case the interest payment shall be made on the next succeeding business day. The first payment of interest under a Note shall be an amount equal to interest accruing during the period commencing on the closing date of the Note and ending on the fifteenth day of the third calendar month that follows such closing date (the "First Interest Period"). Subsequent payments of interest under the Note shall be in an amount equal to interest accruing during each period of three calendar months that follow the First Interest Period. Interest will be payable to the person in whose name a Note is registered at the close of business on the regular record date before each interest payment date. The first payment of interest on any Note originally issued between a regular record date and an interest payment date will be made on the interest payment date following the next succeeding regular record date to the registered owner of the Note on such next succeeding regular record date. The principal and interest payable at maturity will be paid to the person in whose name the Note is registered at the time of payment. Unless otherwise specified in the applicable pricing supplement, the regular record date for an interest payment date will be the first calendar day of the month in which the interest payment date falls.

Options at Maturity / Reinvestments

Principal is automatically repaid at maturity, but investors have the option to reinvest their repaid principal by purchasing new Notes at then-current interest rates and terms offered by us.

Redemption

Notes may be redeemable by us prior to stated maturity at our option, as provided in the relevant pricing supplement. Notes will not be repayable at the option of the noteholder prior to stated maturity date, except as provided under "Survivor's Option" below or in the relevant pricing supplement.

Survivor's Option

Subject to the repayment limitations described below, the "Survivor's Option" is a provision in the Notes pursuant to which we agree to repay the Notes, if requested by the authorized representative of the beneficial owner of those Notes, following the death of the beneficial owner of the Notes, so long as the Notes were owned by that beneficial owner or the estate of that beneficial owner at least six (6) months prior to the request and certain documentation requirements are satisfied.

Upon the valid exercise of the Survivor's Option and the proper tender of the Notes for repayment, subject to the repayment limitations described below, we will repay the Notes, in whole or in part, at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the deceased beneficial owner's interest in the Notes plus unpaid interest accrued to the date of repayment.

To obtain repayment pursuant to exercise of the Survivor's Option for Notes, the deceased beneficial owner's authorized representative must provide the following items to the broker or other entity through which the beneficial interest in the Notes is held by the deceased beneficial owner within one year of the date of death of the beneficial owner:

- a written instruction to such broker or other entity to notify DTC of the authorized representative's desire to obtain repayment pursuant to exercise of the Survivor's Option;
- appropriate evidence satisfactory to the Indenture Trustee and us (a) that the deceased was the beneficial owner of the Notes at the time of death and his or her interest in the Notes was owned by the deceased beneficial owner or his or her estate at least six months prior to the request for repayment, (b) that the death of the beneficial owner has occurred, (c) of the date of death of the beneficial owner, and (d) that the representative has authority to act on behalf of the beneficial owner;
- if the interest in the Notes is held by a nominee of the deceased beneficial owner, a certificate or letter satisfactory to the Indenture Trustee and us from the nominee attesting to the deceased's beneficial ownership of such Notes;
- a written request for repayment signed by the authorized representative of the deceased beneficial owner with the signature guaranteed by a member firm of a registered national securities exchange or of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. or a commercial bank or trust company having an office or correspondent in the United States;
- if applicable, a properly executed assignment or endorsement;
- tax waivers and any other instruments or documents that the Indenture Trustee and we reasonably require in order to establish the validity of the beneficial ownership of the Notes and the claimant's entitlement to repayment; and

• any additional information the Indenture Trustee or we reasonably require to evidence satisfaction of any conditions to the exercise of the Survivor's Option or to document beneficial ownership or authority to make the election and to cause the repayment of the Notes.

In turn, the broker or other entity will deliver each of these items to the Indenture Trustee, together with evidence satisfactory to the Indenture Trustee from the broker or other entity stating that it represents the deceased beneficial owner.

A beneficial owner of a Note is a person who has the right, immediately prior to such person's death, to receive the proceeds from the disposition of that Note, as well as the right to receive payment of the principal of the Note.

The death of a person holding a beneficial ownership interest in a Note as a joint tenant or tenant by the entirety with another person, or as a tenant in common with the deceased holder's spouse, will be deemed the death of a beneficial owner of that Note, and the entire principal amount of the Note held in this manner will be subject to repayment by us upon exercise of the Survivor's Option. However, the death of a person holding a beneficial ownership interest in a Note as tenant in common with a person other than such deceased holder's spouse will be deemed the death of a beneficial owner only with respect to such deceased person's interest in the Note, and only the deceased beneficial owner's percentage interest in the principal amount of the Note will be subject to repayment.

The death of a person who, during his or her lifetime, was entitled to substantially all of the beneficial ownership interests in a Note will be deemed the death of the beneficial owner of that Note for purposes of the Survivor's Option, regardless of whether that beneficial owner was the registered holder of the Note, if the beneficial ownership interest can be established to the satisfaction of the trustee. A beneficial ownership interest will be deemed to exist in typical cases of nominee ownership, ownership under the Uniform Transfers to Minors Act or Uniform Gifts to Minors Act, community property or other joint ownership arrangements between a husband and wife. In addition, the beneficial ownership interest in a Note will be deemed to exist in custodial and trust arrangements where one person has all of the beneficial ownership interest in that Note during his or her lifetime.

We have the discretionary right to limit the aggregate principal amount of Notes as to which exercises of the Survivor's Option shall be accepted by us from authorized representatives of all deceased beneficial owners in any calendar year to an amount equal to the greater of \$1,000,000 or 1% of the aggregate principal amount of all Notes outstanding as of the end of the most recent calendar year. We also have the discretionary right to limit to \$250,000 in any calendar year the aggregate principal amount of Notes as to which exercises of the Survivor's Option shall be accepted by us from the authorized representative of any individual deceased beneficial owner of Notes in such calendar year. In addition, we will not permit the exercise of the Survivor's Option except in principal amounts of \$1,000 and multiples of \$1,000 and, in the event that the limitations described in this paragraph would result in the partial repayment of any Note, the principal amount of such Note remaining outstanding after repayment must be at least \$1,000.

An otherwise valid election to exercise the Survivor's Option may not be withdrawn. Each election to exercise the Survivor's Option will be accepted in the order that elections are received by the Indenture Trustee, except for any Note the acceptance of which would contravene any of the limitations described in the preceding paragraph. Notes accepted for repayment through the exercise of the Survivor's Option normally will be repaid on the first interest payment date that occurs twenty (20) or more calendar days after the date of the acceptance. Each tendered Note that is not accepted in any calendar year due to the application of

any of the limitations described in the preceding paragraph will be deemed to be tendered in the following calendar year in the order in which all such Notes were originally tendered. If a Note tendered through a valid exercise of the Survivor's Option is not accepted, the Indenture Trustee will deliver a notice by firstclass mail to the authorized representative of the deceased beneficial owner that states the reason that Note has not been accepted for repayment.

All other questions regarding the eligibility or validity of any exercise of the Survivor's Option will be determined by us, in our sole discretion, which determination will be final and binding on all parties. For the avoidance of doubt, we also retain the right to reject in our sole discretion any exercise of the Survivor's Option where the deceased held no or only a minimal beneficial ownership interest in the Notes and entered into arrangements with third parties in relation to the Notes prior to death for the purpose of permitting or attempting to permit those third parties to directly or indirectly benefit from the exercise of the Survivor's Option.

For assistance with the exercise of the Survivor's Option, please contact U.S. Bank by email at mmi.processing@usbank.com or call 800-934-6802.

Events of Default

Notes will become immediately due and payable upon the occurrence of certain insolvency events related to us, as specified in Section 5.01 of the Indenture. Upon the occurrence of other "Events of Default" with respect to any series of Notes specified in Section 5.01 of the Indenture, the Indenture Trustee may, and shall, if so directed by the holders of not less than twenty-five percent (25%) of the aggregate outstanding amount of such Series of Notes, declare that the Notes are immediately due and payable. Such events include, among other things, non-payment of principal or interest.

Secondary Market

The Notes are not listed on any exchange and there is no intention to do so. As such, there is no corresponding established secondary market for the Notes. The Lead Agent, other agents appointed by us, and members of the selling group may engage in secondary market transactions of the Notes, but are not obligated to do so and there should be no expectation that any of these broker-dealers will participate in secondary market transactions. Consequently, the purchase of a Note should be viewed as an illiquid investment to be held to maturity.

Interest Payments and Tax Considerations

This summary of U.S. federal income tax considerations is for general information purposes only, is not relevant to all noteholders of the Notes, and is not tax advice. This summary does not purport to deal with all aspects of U.S. federal income taxation that may be relevant to a particular noteholder in light of the prospective noteholder's circumstances. For instance, it does not address special rules that may apply if the noteholder is a financial institution or tax-exempt organization, or if the noteholder is not a "U.S. Person" within the meaning of the Internal Revenue Code or holds its investment in the notes in an Individual Retirement Account (IRA). This summary deals only with Notes that are held as "capital assets" within the meaning of Section 1221 of the Code and are acquired for cash upon original issuance at their initial "issue price".

Stated interest

It is anticipated, and this discussion assumes, that the Notes will be issued at par or at a discount that is less than a "de minimis" amount for United States federal income tax purposes.

Any interest paid or accrued on a Note will be ordinary income to the holder for federal income tax purposes, at the time received or accrued. Although the Issuer is a 501(c)(3) organization, a noteholder is not entitled to a deduction with respect to the Notes it purchases. The purchase of a Note is not deemed a charitable contribution.

In addition, for certain noteholders, if the interest paid to the noteholder is below the applicable federal rate the IRS may impute income up to that applicable federal rate.

Sale, exchange, retirement, redemption or other disposition of the Notes

Upon the sale, exchange, retirement, redemption or other taxable disposition of a Note, a holder will recognize gain or loss equal to the difference, if any, between the amount realized upon the sale, exchange, retirement, redemption or other taxable disposition (less an amount equal to any accrued but unpaid stated interest, which will be taxable as interest income to the extent not previously included in income) and such holder's adjusted tax basis in the Note. A holder's adjusted tax basis in a Note will generally be its U.S. dollar cost for that Note. Any gain or loss recognized will generally be capital gain or loss and will generally be long term capital gain or loss if the holder has held the Note for more than one year. Long term capital gains of non-corporate U.S. holders (including individuals) are eligible for reduced rates of taxation. The deductibility of capital losses is subject to limitations.

Information reporting and backup withholding

In general, information reporting requirements will apply to payments of stated interest on a Note and the proceeds from a sale, exchange, retirement, redemption or other taxable disposition of a Note paid to non-exempt noteholders. Payments described in the previous sentence may be subject to "back-up withholding" of U.S. federal income tax if a non-exempt noteholder fails to furnish a correct Social Security Number or tax identification number, or if the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") informs the applicable withholding agent that the noteholder is subject to back-up withholding.

If the laws addressed in this "Interest Payments and Tax Considerations" summary change, this summary could become inaccurate. This summary is based on the Code, the regulations promulgated under the Code and administrative interpretations and court decisions existing as of the date of this Prospectus. These authorities could be changed either prospectively or retroactively by future legislation, regulations, administrative interpretations, or court decisions. Accordingly, this summary may not accurately reflect the tax consequences of an investment in the Notes after the date of this Prospectus.

If you are considering the purchase of Notes, you should consult your tax advisors concerning the particular United States federal income tax consequences to you of the purchase, ownership and disposition of the Notes and accepting a below-market rate of return on your investment, as well as the consequences to you arising under other United States federal tax laws and the laws of any other taxing jurisdiction.

Book-Entry Notes and DTC

We will issue the Notes in the form of one or more permanent global book-entry Notes fully registered and deposited with or on behalf of DTC and registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of DTC.

DTC has advised us as follows:

- DTC is a limited-purpose trust company under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code and a "clearing agency" registered under Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act.
- DTC holds securities that its participants deposit and facilitates the settlement among participants of securities transactions, such as transfers and pledges, in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry changes in participants' accounts, thereby eliminating the need for physical movement of securities certificates.
- Direct participants include securities brokers and dealers, trust companies, clearing corporations and other organizations.
- DTC is a wholly owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC is owned by the users of its regulated subsidiaries.
- Access to the DTC system is also available to others, such as securities brokers and dealers, banks and trust companies that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a direct participant, either directly or indirectly.
- The rules applicable to DTC and its participants are on file with the SEC.

We have provided the following descriptions of the operations and procedures of DTC solely as a matter of convenience. These operations and procedures are solely within the control of DTC and may be subject to change. Neither we nor the Indenture Trustee takes any responsibility for these operations or procedures, and you are urged to contact DTC or its participants directly to discuss these matters.

We expect that under procedures established by DTC:

- Upon deposit of the global Notes with DTC or its custodian, DTC will credit through its internal system the accounts of its direct participants with portions of the principal amounts of the global book-entry Notes.
- Ownership of the Notes will be shown on, and the transfer of ownership thereof will be effected only through, records maintained by DTC or its nominee, with respect to interests of direct participants, and the records of direct and indirect participants, with respect to interests of persons other than participants.

The laws of some jurisdictions require purchasers of securities to take physical delivery in definitive form. Accordingly, the ability to transfer interests in the book-entry Notes represented by a global book-entry Note to those persons may be limited. In addition, because DTC can act only on behalf of its participants, who in turn act on behalf of persons who hold interests through participants, the ability of a person having an interest in Notes represented by a global book-entry Note to pledge or transfer those interests to persons or entities that do not participate in DTC's system, or otherwise to take actions in respect of such interest, may be affected by the lack of a physical definitive security in respect of such interest.

So long as DTC or its nominee is the registered owner of a global book-entry Note, DTC or that nominee will be considered the sole owner or holder of the Notes represented by that global book-entry Note for all purposes under the Indenture and under the Notes. Except as provided below, owners of beneficial interests in a global book-entry Note will not be entitled to have Notes represented by that global book-entry Note registered in their names, will not receive or be entitled to receive physical delivery of a certificated Note and will not be considered the owners or holders thereof under the Indenture or under the Notes for any purpose, including with respect to the giving of any direction, instruction or approval to the Indenture Trustee. Accordingly, each beneficial holder owning a beneficial interest in a global book-entry Note must rely on the procedures of DTC and, if that beneficial holder is not a direct or indirect participant, on the procedures of the participant through which that beneficial holder owns its interest, to exercise any rights of a holder of Notes under the Indenture or the global book-entry Notes.

Neither we nor the Indenture Trustee will have any responsibility or liability for any aspect of the records relating to or payments made on account of Notes by DTC, or for maintaining, supervising or reviewing any records of DTC relating to the Notes.

Payments on the Notes represented by the global book-entry Notes will be made to DTC or its nominee, as the case may be, as the registered owner thereof. We expect that DTC or its nominee, upon receipt of any payment on the Notes represented by a global book-entry Note, will credit participants' accounts with payments in amounts proportionate to their respective beneficial interests in the global book-entry Note as shown in the records of DTC or its nominee. We also expect that payments by participants to owners of beneficial interests in the global book-entry Note held through such participants will be governed by standing instructions and customary practice as is now the case with Notes held for the accounts of customers registered in the names of nominees for such customers. The participants will be responsible for those payments.

Payments on the Notes represented by the global book-entry Note will be made in immediately available funds. Transfers between participants in DTC will be effected in accordance with DTC rules and will be settled in immediately available funds.

CERTAIN KEY INDENTURE PROVISIONS

Indenture Covenants

The Indenture contains the following covenants:

Existence; Tax-Exempt and Non-Profit Status. Capital Impact will keep in full effect its existence, rights and franchises as a corporation under the laws of the District of Columbia (unless it becomes, or any successor issuer hereunder is or becomes, organized under the laws of any other state, in which case such successor issuer will keep in full effect its existence, rights and franchises under the laws of such other jurisdiction) and will obtain and preserve its qualification to do business in each jurisdiction in which such qualification is or shall be necessary to protect the validity and enforceability of this Indenture and the Notes. Capital Impact is and at all times until the termination of this Indenture will be organized and operated exclusively for religious, educational, benevolent, charitable, or reformatory purposes exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Code, and not for pecuniary profit, and no part of the net earnings of Capital Impact inures or shall inure to the benefit of any person, private stockholder, or individual. Capital Impact is and shall at all times be excluded from the definition of an investment company under Section 3(c)(10)(B) of the Investment Company Act.

Merger, Consolidation or Sale of Assets. Capital Impact may not consolidate or merge with or into, or transfer all or substantially all of its assets to, any person unless: (i) either Capital Impact shall be the resulting or surviving entity or such person (A) is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the United States, a State thereof or the District of Columbia, (B) is organized and operated exclusively for religious, educational, benevolent, fraternal, charitable, or reformatory purposes exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Code, and not for pecuniary profit, (C) has no part of its net earnings which inures or shall inure to the benefit of any person, private stockholder, or individual, and (D) is excluded from the definition of an investment company under Section 3(c)(10)(B) of the Investment Company Act; (ii) if Capital Impact is not the resulting or surviving entity, such person assumes by supplemental indenture satisfactory to the Indenture Trustee all of the obligations of Capital Impact under the Notes and the Indenture; and (iii) immediately before and immediately after the transaction no event of default exists.

Indenture Events of Default

"Events of Default," wherever used herein, means any one of the following events (whatever the reason for such Event of Default and whether it shall be voluntary or involuntary or be effected by operation of law or pursuant to any judgment, decree or order of any court or any order, rule or regulation of any administrative or governmental body):

- a) Failure to pay on any Payment Date the full amount of accrued interest on any Note, which failure continues unremedied for ten (10) or more calendar days after such Payment Date;
- b) Failure to pay the principal of or premium (if any) on, any Note, on its related Maturity Date, which failure continues unremedied for ten (10) or more calendar days after such Maturity Date;
- c) Failure on the part of Capital Impact to observe or perform any covenants or agreements set forth in the Indenture (other than a covenant or agreement of Capital Impact a breach of which is elsewhere in this Section specifically dealt with or which has expressly been included in this Indenture solely for the benefit of one or more Series of Notes other than such Series), which failure has a material adverse effect on the Noteholders and which continues unremedied for a period of sixty (60) calendar days after there has been given

written notice to Capital Impact by the Indenture Trustee, or to Capital Impact by the holders of at least a majority in outstanding principal amount of the Notes of such Series, a written notice specifying such Default or breach and requiring it to be remedied and stating that such notice is a "Notice of Default" under the Indenture;

- d) Any representation or warranty made by Capital Impact in the Indenture proves to have been incorrect in any material respect and continues to be incorrect in any material respect for sixty (60) days after written notice and as a result of which the interests of the Noteholders are materially and adversely affected;
- e) The occurrence of an Insolvency Event relating to Capital Impact;
- f) Capital Impact becomes an "investment company" within the meaning of the Investment Company Act;
- g) This Indenture is required to become qualified under the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended; or
- h) Capital Impact fails to provide to the Indenture Trustee the Issuer Payment Confirmation in accordance with section 3.01(b)(ii) of the Indenture, which failure continues unremedied for ten (10) or more days.

Information Concerning the Indenture Trustee

If an Event of Default occurs, the holders of specified percentage amounts of the then outstanding Notes will have the right to direct the Indenture Trustee to exercise remedies in accordance with the terms of the Indenture, subject to certain exceptions. The Indenture Trustee will be under no obligation to exercise any of its rights or powers under the Indenture at the request of any Holder of Notes, unless such Holder shall have offered to the Indenture Trustee security and indemnity satisfactory to it against any loss, liability or expense.

HOW TO INVEST / PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

Investors must consult the relevant pricing supplement, available from participating broker-dealers, in addition to this Prospectus for applicable Note terms.

The public offering price of the Notes will be set forth in the relevant pricing supplement. Please note that proceeds from the sale of the Notes will not be used to pay commissions or any other costs related to the sale of the Notes; all commissions or related costs will be paid from our operating budget and will therefore not be charged to investors.

Capital Impact has entered into a Selling Agent Agreement with InspereX, as the Lead Agent, as well as with any other agent that may be appointed by us. InspereX may reoffer the Notes to certain broker-dealers, including Momentus Securities, our indirect wholly owned subsidiary (the "selected dealers"). Notes may be purchased through any selected dealer that has entered into a Master Selected Dealer Agreement with InspereX. Selected dealers who effect transactions have agreed to sell Notes in accordance with the terms of this Prospectus. Through this offering, we will receive net proceeds from sales after the sales concessions are retained by the Lead Agent and any agent appointed by us in connection with sales of the Notes. The Lead Agent will reoffer the Notes to the selected dealers at a price within the range of sales concessions.

InspereX, as the Lead Agent, and any other agent appointed by us, may purchase the Notes at a selling concession not in excess of 3.000% of the principal amount of the Notes. The amount of the sales concession will be based on certain factors including the maturity and marketability of the Notes and shall range from

0.300% of the principal amount of the Notes, and shall not exceed 3.000% of the principal amount of the Notes. In the event the Lead Agent sells the Notes to the selected dealers, the Lead Agent will sell the Notes to such selected dealers at a price less than the public offering price and such selected dealers may retain all or a portion of such selling concession when they sell the Notes to their retail or institutional customers. While we receive net proceeds after sales of less than the full par value, we use operating funds to cover the discount resulting from the sales concessions such that each investor receives the full par value of a Note.

Except for Notes sold to level-fee accounts, Notes offered to the public will be offered at the public offering price set forth in the applicable pricing supplement. Selected dealers purchasing Notes on an agency basis for non-level fee client accounts shall purchase Notes at the public offering price. Notes purchased by the selected dealers for their own account may be purchased at the public offering price less the applicable concession. Notes purchased by the selected dealers on behalf of level-fee fiduciary or retirement accounts may be sold to such accounts at the public offering price less the applicable concession, in which case, such selected dealers will not retain any portion of the sales price as compensation.

As of the date hereof, the Notes will be offered for sale in the United States, excluding the State of Arkansas and the State of Washington and any territories thereof.

FINANCIAL REPORTING

Within 120 days of the fiscal year end, we send or make available to all current investors in the Notes the audited financial statements for the most recent fiscal year end. The most recent financial statements are also available on our website <u>http://www.capitalimpact.org</u> and upon written request to us.

APPENDIX I

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CohnReznick LLP cohnreznick.com



Independent Auditor's Inclusion Letter

We agree to the inclusion in Appendix I to the Capital Impact Partners Prospectus dated June 30, 2025 of our report, dated March 27, 2025, on our audits of the consolidated financial statements of Capital Impact Partners and Subsidiaries as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 and for the years then ended.

CohnReynickLLP

Bethesda, Maryland June 30, 2025

Consolidated Financial Statements with Independent Auditor's Report

December 31, 2024 and 2023

Contents

Independent auditor's report	3-4
Financial statements	
Consolidated statements of financial position	5
Consolidated statements of activities and changes in net assets	6
Consolidated statements of functional expenses	7
Consolidated statements of cash flows	8-9
Notes to consolidated financial statements	10-40
Supplementary information:	
Consolidating statement of financial position – 2024	41
Consolidating statement of activities – 2024	42
Consolidating statement of financial position – 2023	43
Consolidating statement of activities – 2023	44



Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Capital Impact Partners and Subsidiaries

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Capital Impact Partners and Subsidiaries, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the related consolidated statements of activities and changes in net assets, functional expenses, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Capital Impact Partners and Subsidiaries as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Capital Impact Partners and Subsidiaries and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Capital Impact Partners and Subsidiaries' ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the consolidated financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the consolidated financial statements.



In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Capital Impact Partners and Subsidiaries' internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Capital Impact Partners and Subsidiaries' ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the consolidated financial statements as a whole. The supplementary consolidating information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the consolidated financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the consolidated financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements or to the consolidated financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the consolidated financial statements as a whole.

Cohn Reznick LLP

Bethesda, Maryland March 27, 2025

Consolidated Statements of Financial Position December 31, 2024 and 2023

	2024	2023
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted	\$ 100,043,027	\$ 44,233,703
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted	26,847,156	26,424,133
Accounts and interest receivable	10,808,212	7,455,892
Investments	47,358,811	41,473,089
Mortgage backed securities	34,029,460	33,822,580
Loans receivable	557,337,088	499,585,126
Less: allowance for credit losses	(16,914,877)	(12,573,430)
Loans receivable, net	 540,422,211	487,011,696
Loans receivable – subsidiaries	15,938,096	19,868,695
Loans receivable - intercompany	16,800,000	2,500,000
Other real estate owned	658,498	658,498
Other assets	3,053,759	3,643,329
Right of use assets	 8,425,267	9,428,191
Total assets	\$ 804,384,497	\$ 676,519,806
Liabilities and Net Assets		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 10,201,921	\$ 10,847,230
Refundable advance liability	8,336,547	9,735,754
Revolving lines of credit	83,000,000	69,500,000
Notes payable	64,289,530	68,786,736
Investor notes, net	377,129,499	262,805,148
Subordinated debt	14,500,000	14,500,000
Federal Home Loan Bank borrowing	24,000,000	24,000,000
Bond loan payable	10,000,000	5,000,000
Notes payable – subsidiaries	19,120,355	24,193,922
Liability for CECL - loan commitments	2,596,742	2,917,764
Lease liabilities	 10,821,624	11,991,765
Total liabilities	 623,996,218	504,278,319
Net assets:		
Without donor restrictions	133,312,603	106,347,815
Noncontrolling interest in a consolidated subsidiary	 1,281,113	 20,572,345
Total without donor restrictions	 134,593,716	126,920,160
With donor restrictions	 45,794,563	45,321,327
Total net assets	 180,388,279	172,241,487
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 804,384,497	\$ 676,519,806

Consolidated Statements of Activities and Changes in Net Assets Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

	2024	2023
Changes in net assets without donor restrictions:		
Financial activity:		
Financial income:		
Interest income on loans	\$ 38,758,453	\$ 26,888,711
Loan fees	569,969	389,267
Investment income, net	3,065,482	3,554,364
Gain on equity method investments	942,906	770,537
Gain on NMTC unwinds	6,977	-
Gain on sale of securities	1,041,401	-
Total financial income	44,385,188	31,602,879
Financial expense:		
Interest expense	27,083,575	16,489,064
Provision for credit losses	9,805,409	(308,991)
Total financial expense	36,888,984	16,180,073
Net financial income	7,496,204	15,422,806
Revenue and support:		
Loan servicing fees	1,737,007	1,580,738
Fees	1,861,940	1,730,161
Asset management fees from investments	3,014,780	1,568,719
Contract revenue	635,780	1,244,007
Contributions	45,155,925	94,000
Gain on debt extinguishment	-	352,238
Inter-company fee income	3,742,764	3,395,383
Other income	91,919	256,694
Net assets released from donor restrictions	17,876,926	32,177,179
Total revenue and support	74,117,041	42,399,119
Non-financial expenses:		
Innovative community lending program	17,919,218	18,072,528
Technical assistance	11,086,702	22,144,126
Total non-financial program expenses	29,005,920	40,216,654
Support expenses: Management and general	22,131,243	21,290,552
Fundraising	2,963,966	2,320,344
Total non-financial expenses	54,101,129	63,827,550
		00,027,000
Change in net assets without donor restrictions before noncontrolling interest activities	27,512,116	(6,005,625)
Noncontrolling interest – distributions	(19,838,560)	(1,012,132)
Change in net assets without donor restrictions	7,673,556	(7,017,757)
Changes in net assets with donor restrictions:		
Investment income, net	683,517	304,422
Grant revenue	17,666,645	27,851,484
Net assets released from donor restrictions	(17,876,926)	(32,177,179)
Change in net assets with donor restrictions	473,236	(4,021,273)
Change in net assets	8,146,792	(11,039,030)
Net assets, beginning	172,241,487	185,569,093
Cumulative change in accounting policy		(2,288,576)
		(2,200,010)
Net assets, ending	\$ 180,388,279	\$ 172,241,487

Consolidated Statements of Functional Expenses Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

	Program Expenses					Support I	_	
		Innovative						
		Community		Technical	Ν	lanagement		
2024	Ler	nding Program		Assistance	á	and General	Fundraising	Total
Interest expense	\$	27,083,575	\$	-	\$	-	\$-	27,083,575
Provision for credit losses		9,805,409		-		-	-	9,805,409
Salaries and benefits		15,838,438		3,059,404		13,462,705	2,124,874	34,485,421
Inter-company management fee		-		-		287,026	31,892	318,918
Professional fees		292,421		-		1,390,006	99,105	1,781,532
Contractual services		433,585		868,649		1,643,398	245,175	3,190,807
Corporate development		110,555		-		914,819	100,193	1,125,567
Lease expense		587,047		-		888,751	79,289	1,555,087
Insurance		-		-		400,159	31,836	431,995
Travel and entertainment		360,810		-		433,930	37,594	832,334
Training and tuition		63,936		-		312,979	32,695	409,610
Grant expense		-		7,158,649		-	-	7,158,649
Depreciation		92,050		-		210,656	-	302,706
Technology		30,912		-		1,293,242	120,046	1,444,200
Other		109,464		-		893,572	61,267	1,064,303
	\$	54,808,202	\$	11,086,702	\$	22,131,243	\$ 2,963,966	\$ 90,990,113

		Program	Expe	enses		Support Expenses			ISES		
		Innovative									
		Community		Technical	N	/lanagement					
2023	Le	ending Program		Assistance		and General	F	undraising		Total	
Interest expense	\$	16,489,064	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	16,489,064	
Provision for credit losses		(308,991)		-		-		-		(308,991)	
Salaries and benefits		15,632,551		2,363,701		12,643,421		1,447,823		32,087,496	
Inter-company management fee		-		-		275,821		30,647		306,468	
Professional fees		142,578		-		1,461,118		99,333		1,703,029	
Contractual services		834,200		1,243,593		2,061,621		301,862		4,441,276	
Corporate development		103,414		-		819,512		90,627		1,013,553	
Lease expense		487,943		-		802,426		77,765		1,368,134	
Insurance		-		-		392,445		34,474		426,919	
Travel and entertainment		409,167		-		515,397		43,097		967,661	
Training and tuition		73,835		-		214,609		22,174		310,618	
Grant expense		-		18,536,832		-		-		18,536,832	
Depreciation		60,287		-		136,147		-		196,434	
Technology		50,189		-		1,116,420		107,838		1,274,447	
Other		278,364		-		851,615		64,704		1,194,683	
	\$	34,252,601	\$	22,144,126	\$	21,290,552	\$	2,320,344	\$	80,007,623	

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

		2024	202	3
Cash flows from operating activities:	•		• (11.0)	
Change in net assets	\$	8,146,792		39,030)
Noncontrolling interest activities		(19,838,560)		12,132)
Change in net assets before noncontrolling interest activities		27,985,352	(10,02	26,898)
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to				
net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		0 905 400	(2)	00 00 1
Provision (recovery) for credit losses		9,805,409		08,991)
Depreciation		302,706		96,434
Amortization of notes issuance costs		268,798		65,832
Straight-line rent expense		1,375,422		51,280
(Gain) loss on investments		1,142,884		05,095)
Gain on equity method investments Gain on NMTC unwind		(1,304,536)	(7)	70,537)
		(6,977) 4,269		- 211
Distribution on earnings from equity method investments		4,209		
Accretion of interest on loans		-		19,396
Decrease (increase) in:		(2.252.220)	(2.40	02 200)
Accounts and interest receivable Contributions receivable		(3,352,320)	• •	93,298) 00,000
		-		
Other real estate owned		-		58,498)
Other assets		60,499	(6	11,746)
(Decrease) increase in:		(400 500)	0.00	00.440
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(406,599)		66,416
Refundable advance liability		(1,399,207)	,	63,504
Lease liabilities		(1,542,639)		77,539)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		32,933,061	(5,78	89,529)
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Loan originations and advances		(189,444,754)	(160,4	58,810)
Loan purchases		(7,152,004)	(3,4	53,165)
Loan repayments		106,694,745	38,74	46,233
Loan sales		26,365,068	7,88	89,133
Loan originations and advances – subsidiaries		(673,008)		-
Loan repayments – subsidiaries		4,603,607	35	58,974
Loan originations and advances - intercompany		(19,800,000)	(2,50	00,000)
Loan repayments - intercompany		5,500,000		-
Proceeds from returns of investment from equity investment		2,199,118	2,30	02,239
Proceeds from sale and distributions of investments		55,353,440	25,60	09,738
Purchase of investments, net		(62,117,820)	(26,17	72,640)
Proceeds from sale of mortgage backed securities		5,068,947	6,89	94,225
Purchase of mortgage backed securities		(6,431,929)	(10,96	63,359)
Purchase of furnishings and equipment		226,365	(39	96,351)
Net cash (used in) investing activities		(79,608,225)	(122,14	43,783)
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Proceeds from notes payable		-		24,894
Repayment of notes payable		(4,497,206)	(7,50	00,000)
Proceeds from bond loan payable		10,000,000		-
Repayment of bond loan payable		(5,000,000)		-
Proceeds from subordinated debt payable		-		00,000
Repayment of subordinate notes payable		-		00,000)
Proceeds from issuance of Investor Notes, net		172,384,764		88,192
Repayment of Investor Notes		(57,895,000)	• •	70,000)
Payment of issuance cost of Investor Notes		(434,210)		85,094)
Capital distributions paid – noncontrolling interest		(20,077,270)	(1,03	33,809)
Repayment of notes payable – subsidiaries		(5,073,567)		-
Proceeds from lines of credit		52,000,000		00,000
Repayment of lines of credit Net cash provided by financing activities		(38,500,000) 102,907,511		00,000) 24,183
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		56,232,347		09,129)
· · ·				
Cash and cash equivalents – beginning		70,657,836	88,36	66,965

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Continued) Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

	2024	2023
Cash and cash equivalents consist of: Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted Cash and cash equivalents – restricted	\$ 100,043,027 26,847,156	\$ 44,233,703 26,424,133
	\$ 126,890,183	\$ 70,657,836
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:		
Cash paid during the year for interest	\$ 26,427,732	\$ 15,819,378
Additions to right of use assets and liabilities obtained from operating leases	\$ -	\$ 2,341,792
Supplemental schedule of noncash operating activities:		
Loan forgiveness	\$ 1,956,201	\$ 137,480
Supplemental schedules of noncash investing and financing activities:		
Distributions payable to noncontrolling interest included in accounts payable	\$ 6,802	\$ 245,512
Non-cash transfer from loans receivable to other real estate owned	\$ -	\$ 658,498
Supplemental disclosure of cumulative effect of adoption of new accounting standard		
Cumulative effect of current expected credit losses (CECL)	\$	\$ 2.288.576

Note 1. Description of Activities and Significant Accounting Policies

Description of activities: Capital Impact Partners is a nonprofit organization without capital stock organized under the laws of the District of Columbia at the direction of the U.S. Congress in 12 U.S. Code 3051(b). The purpose of Capital Impact Partners is to provide industry altering financial services and technical assistance programs designed to spark systemic change for lasting economic progress. Capital Impact Partners empowers communities to create more affordable cooperative homeownership, access to healthy foods, housing and services for the elderly, and facilities for health care centers and charter schools. The Community Development Financial Institutions Fund of the U.S. Treasury Department has designated Capital Impact Partners as a certified Community Development Financial Institution ("CDFI").

Effective February 8, 2021, Capital Impact Partners amended its organizational documents. The amendments were primarily to convert from a membership to a non-membership organization and to revise the board makeup and size requirements in relation to the membership conversion.

CDC Small Business Finance Corp. ("CDC") is a California not-profit organization committed to serving the capital needs of small businesses in California, Nevada, and Arizona. CDC is a Certified Development Company certified by the U.S. Small Business Administration. Its mission is to champion the growth of small companies in its communities through various lending services. CDC arranges industrial and commercial real estate, and business development loans for small business companies located throughout the states of California, Nevada, and Arizona.

Effective April 1, 2021, Capital Impact Partners' and CDC aligned their operations under one chief executive officer and a joint board of directors. The strategic alliance between Capital Impact Partners and CDC, which closed on July 15, 2021, innovates how capital and investments flow into communities to advance economic empowerment and wealth creation. Capital Impact Partners and CDC remain as separate legal and tax entities with no control over the other.

Capital Impact Partners and CDC cross guarantee most of the other party's debt, and are co-borrowers on other obligations to enable each organization to benefit from the combined financial strength of both organizations.

Capital Impact Partners and CDC have substantially overlapping executive management teams with Ellis Carr, Capital Impact Partners' President and Chief Executive Officer, serving as President and Chief Executive Officer of both organizations.

In July 2022, the strategic alliance of Capital Impact Partners and CDC was rebranded as Momentus Capital, although each of Capital Impact Partners and CDC continues operating as separate entities committed to serving its key market and clients, complementing Capital Impact Partners and CDC's shared missions of community development and support for small businesses.

On December 10, 2021, Alliance Securities Manager LLC ("ASM"), a Delaware limited liability company and taxable wholly-owned subsidiary of Capital Impact Partners, entered into a Membership Interest Purchase Agreement ("Purchase Agreement") to purchase all the rights, title and interest in RPS Securities LLC ("RPS"), a member broker-dealer of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA"). On February 11, 2022, RPS' continuing membership application was approved by FINRA and shortly after, on February 17, 2022, ASM acquired all of the interests in RPS pursuant to the Purchase Agreement and renamed RPS as Alliance Securities LLC ("Momentus Securities"). In January 2024, the SBA approved Momentus Securities as an SBA Pool Assembler in the 7(a) Loan Guarantee Program.

On June 10, 2022, Capital Impact Partners formed two entities:

- 1) Equitable Prosperity Manager LLC ("EPM") is a wholly-owned investment adviser and a subsidiary of ASM.
- Equitable Prosperity Fund I GP LLC ("EPF GP") is a Delaware limited liability company and wholly-owned subsidiary of Capital Impact Partners and a single purpose entity that holds the general partner interest in Equitable Prosperity Fund I LP ("EPF")

Note 1. Description of Activities and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

EPF, formed on June 10, 2022, is a growth stage impact investment fund designed to fill the capital gap needed to propel community-centric enterprises to scale and create measurable impact. Capital Impact Partners' capital contributions currently account for 35.89% of the aggregate capital contributions to EPF.

The broker-dealer and investment advisory activities related to these entities are intended to generate revenue streams in the form of fee income and commissions (whether related to placement of securities, financing, investment management or investment banking). One or more affiliates of Capital Impact Partners, including EPM may also receive a profit allocation or carried interest in connection with its investment advisory activities.

The following table provides information on Capital Impact Partners' various subsidiaries:

Subsidiary Name	Ownership %	Purpose of Subsidiary	Included in Consolidated Financials
Community Solutions Group, LLC	100%	Subsidiary of Capital Impact Partners formed to foster development and provide technical assistance to cooperative organizations and similar non-profit organizations and provide capital in support of development projects by making strategic grants and business planning advances. This entity had no activity in 2024 and 2023.	Yes
NCBCI Education Conduit, LLC	100%	Subsidiary of Capital Impact Partners formed to facilitate, encourage and assist in financing charter schools. This entity holds Capital Impact Partner's interest in the Charter School Financing Partnership (CSFP), LLC. This entity had no activity in 2024 and 2023.	Yes
Impact NMTC Holdings II, LLC	100%	Subsidiary of Capital Impact Partners formed to act as a non- managing member for NMTC Community Development Entities (CDEs) with Capital Impact Partners acting as managing member. This entity had no activity in 2024 and 2023.	Yes
Detroit Neighborhoods Fund, LLC (DNF, LLC)	100%	Subsidiary of Capital Impact Partners formed to provide financing for mixed-use and multi-family rental housing and healthy foods retail in areas in Detroit, Michigan.	Yes
FPIF, LLC	100%	Subsidiary of Capital Impact Partners formed to channel funds to a predominately low income population aged 50+.	Yes
Community Investment Impact Fund, LLC	87%	The purpose of this fund is to engage solely in the business of, directly or indirectly, owning, holding for investment, exchanging, selling and disposing of investments in loans and other related activities. Capital Impact Partners is the managing member of this entity. Community Investment Impact Fund II, LLC merged with and into this entity, on January 1, 2020. Effective January 1, 2020, Capital Impact Partners increased its managing member ownership from 20% to 30%. As of December 31, 2024, Capital Impact Partners increased its managing membership from 30% to 87%.	Yes
Alliance Securities Manager LLC	100%	This LLC is a holding company created to house the interests in investment business lines. This company is the parent company of Momentus Securities LLC and Equitable Prosperity Manager LLC which provides investment advisory services to multiple funds and is currently an Exempt Reporting Adviser.	Yes
Equitable Prosperity Fund I GP LLC	100%	This LLC is a single purpose entity that holds the General Partner interest in Equitable Prosperity Fund I LP.	Yes

Capital Impact Partners' principal sources of revenue and support are interest income and fees earned from its lending activities, grants, contracts/technical assistance and contributions.

Note 1. Description of Activities and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Significant accounting policies:

Basis of presentation: The consolidated financial statements (collectively, the financial statements) are in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"), which have been applied on a consistent basis and follow general practices within the not-for-profit industry.

Principles of consolidation: The financial statements include the accounts of Capital Impact Partners and its consolidated subsidiaries, which include Community Solutions Group, LLC, NCBCI Education Conduit, LLC, Detroit Neighborhoods Fund, LLC, FPIF, LLC, Community Investment Impact Fund, LLC, Impact NMTC Holdings II, LLC, Alliance Securities Manager LLC, and Equitable Prosperity Fund I GP LLC. All intercompany balances and transactions are eliminated in consolidation.

Use of estimates: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Reclassifications: Certain amounts for the prior year have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation; specifically, fee revenue, technical assistance and net asset purpose reclassifications to align with current business activity and investment summary financial information.

Unrestricted cash and cash equivalents: Unrestricted cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and investment securities with original maturities at the date of purchase of less than 90 days.

Restricted cash and cash equivalents: Capital Impact Partners have certain restricted cash and cash equivalents that are held per terms of grant and loan agreements.

Investments: Investments in equity securities, money market funds, Mortgage Backed Securities with readily determinable fair values are stated at fair value measured, as more fully described in Note 21. Capital Impact Partners' investment in Real Estate Investment Trust ("REIT"), and other investments are stated at estimated fair value, as more fully described in Note 21. Interest and dividend income are recognized when earned. Any unrealized or realized gains or losses are reported in the Consolidated Statements of Activities and Changes in Net Assets as a change in assets without donor restrictions, unless explicit donor intent or law restricts their use, in which case unrealized or realized gains or losses are reported in the Consolidated Statements of Activities and Changes in Net Assets as a change in assets with donor restrictions. Investment return is reported net of investment expenses. Capital Impact Partners recognizes an average prepayment term of 10 years for the accretion of premium/discount on Mortgage Backed Securities. This accelerated term relates to the increase in mortgage payoffs due to refinancing of homes. The accretion is reported with investment income, net assets without donor restrictions.

Investments in other entities are accounted for under the equity or the cost method depending on Capital Impact Partners' voting interest and the degree of control or influence Capital Impact Partners may have over the operations of these entities, as noted below:

Investments in New Markets Tax Credit entities: Investments in New Markets Tax Credit ("NMTC") entities are accounted for under the equity method of accounting under which Capital Impact Partners' share of net income or loss is recognized in the Consolidated Statements of Activities and Changes in Net Assets and added or subtracted from the investment account, and distributions received are treated as a reduction of the investment account.

Investment in ROC USA, LLC: Capital Impact Partners has a 23.81% voting interest in ROC USA, LLC and 33% equity investment in ROC USA, LLC and is accounting for its investments in ROC USA, LLC under the equity method of accounting. Accordingly, Capital Impact Partners' share of the change in net assets without donor restrictions of the affiliate is recognized as income or loss in Capital Impact Partners' Consolidated Statements of

Note 1. Description of Activities and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Activities and Changes in Net Assets and added to or subtracted from the investment account. Dividends received from the affiliate are treated as a reduction of the investment account. Capital Impact Partners appoints two of the eleven directors of the Board of Directors. The purpose of ROC USA, LLC is to aid people living in manufactured home communities, through technical assistance, loans, training and assistance in the purchase of their communities and the operation of those communities as resident-owned and/or controlled entities.

Investment in Charter School Financing Partnership, LLC: Capital Impact Partners has a 20% voting interest in Charter School Financing Partnership, LLC ("CSFP") and is accounting for its investment in CSFP under the equity method of accounting. Accordingly, Capital Impact Partners' share of net income of the affiliate is recognized as income or loss in Capital Impact Partners' Consolidated Statements of Activities and Changes in Net Assets and added to or subtracted from the investment account. Dividends received from the affiliate are treated as a reduction of the investment account. Capital Impact Partners appoints one of the five managers of the Board of Managers. CSFP was established to encourage, facilitate and assist charter schools with financing and educational related activities.

Investment in FHLB Stock: In January 2015, Capital Impact Partners became a member of the Federal Home Loan Bank of Atlanta ("FHLBank Atlanta") and is required to maintain an investment in capital stock in FHLBank Atlanta. The FHLBank Atlanta stock does not have a readily determinable value as ownership is restricted and there is no ready market for this stock. As a result, the stock is carried at cost and management evaluates periodically for impairment based on the ultimate recovery of the cost basis of the stock. No impairment was noted as of December 31, 2024 or 2023.

Investment in Workforce Affordable Housing Fund I, LLC: In July 2019, Capital Impact Partners became a 96% non-controlling member in the Investment in Workforce Affordable Housing Fund I, LLC ("WAHF") and is accounting for its Investment under the equity method of accounting. Capital Impact Partners does not consolidate WAHF since it is not the managing member and the managing member controls the entity. The purpose is to invest in multifamily affordable housing properties located in specified areas in the U.S. Housing properties are to be acquired, held for investment then sold. Members record their proportionate share of income or loss from the properties and gain/loss upon sale of the property.

Investment in Equitable Prosperity Fund and Equitable Prosperity General Partner LLC: Capital Impact Partners' capital contributions currently account for 35.89% of the aggregate capital contributions to EPF. EPF is a growth stage impact investment fund designed to fill the capital gap needed to propel community-centric enterprises to scale and create measurable impact. Capital Impact Partners is accounting for its investment in EPF GP under the equity method of accounting. Accordingly, Capital Impact Partners' share of net income/loss of EPF, through EPF GP, is recognized as income/loss in Capital Impact Partners' Consolidated Statements of Activities and Changes in Net Assets and added to or subtracted from the investment account.

Noncontrolling interest in consolidated subsidiaries: The noncontrolling interest represents the equity interest in Community Investment Impact Fund, LLC ("CIIF") exclusive of Capital Impact Partners' interest. CIIF is a forprofit entity, which is jointly owned by Capital Impact Partners (managing member with 30% ownership) and Annaly Social Impact LLC ("Annaly") (non-managing member with 70% ownership). The non-managing member does not have substantive kick-out rights or substantive participating rights and therefore cannot consolidate. CIIF shall engage solely in the business of owning, holding for investment, exchanging, selling and disposing of investments in loans and other activities related or incidental to the foregoing business.

The operating agreements outline the "waterfall" of funds for CIIF to distribute to its investors. Distributions include: 1) operating cash to Annaly until such time it achieves a preferred return, and 2) remaining operating cash allocated to Annaly and Capital Impact Partners. Commencing in 2024, distributions have included principal payments to Annaly until its capital contributions have returned, and then principal payments to Capital Impact Partners until its

Note 1. Description of Activities and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

capital contributions have been returned. Any remaining distributable principal shall be allocated to Annaly and Capital Impact Partners. As of December 31, 2024, Annaly's non-managing member ownership is 13% and Capital Impact Partner's managing ownership is 87%.

Other Real Estate Owned (OREO): Real estate acquired through foreclosure or other proceedings is carried at estimated fair value, indicated by current appraisal, less estimated costs of disposal. The appraised value may be discounted based on Management's review and changes in market conditions. Costs of improving OREO are capitalized to the extent that the carrying value does not exceed its fair value less estimated selling costs. Subsequent valuation adjustments, if any, are recognized as a charge to lending expenses on the Consolidated Statements of Activities and Changes in Net Assets. Holding costs are charged to current period expense. Gains and losses on sales are recognized in financial income (loss) as they occur.

Loans receivable:

Loans: Loans are stated at their principal amounts outstanding, net of deferred loan fees. Interest income is accrued daily at the loans' respective interest rates. Related direct loan origination fees and costs are deferred and amortized over the life of the loans. Fees relating to expired commitments are recognized as non-interest income. If a commitment is exercised during the commitment period, the fee at the time of exercise is recognized over the life of the loan as an adjustment of yield.

Non-accrual loans: The accrual of interest on outstanding loans is discontinued at the time the loan is 90 days delinquent unless the credit is well secured and in process of collection. When the accrual of interest ceases, any unpaid interest previously recorded as income is deducted from income. Any future payments received are applied to reduce principal. At such time as, full collection of the remaining recorded balance is expected in the ordinary course of business, interest payments are recorded as interest income on a cash basis. Loans may be reinstated to accrual status when all payments are brought current and, in the opinion of management, collection of the remaining principal and interest can reasonably be expected. If at any time collection of principal or interest is considered doubtful, all or some portion of the loan is charged off for financial reporting purposes, although collection efforts may still continue.

Allowance for loan losses: Capital Impact Partners' routinely evaluates the credit worthiness of the Borrower, at least quarterly, and establishes an allowance for credit losses. The allowance is a valuation that management believes will be adequate to absorb possible losses on existing loans that may become uncollectible. It is established through a provision for loan losses charged to expense. Loans deemed to be uncollectible, such as debt discharged in bankruptcy or collateral deterioration, are charged against the allowance. Subsequent recoveries, if any, are credited to the allowance. The allowance is maintained at a level believed adequate by management to absorb estimated potential losses after considering changes, past loss experience, the nature of the portfolio and current economic conditions. However, the allowance is an estimate that could change if there are significant changes in the portfolio and/or economic conditions.

Capital Impact Partners' estimates its CECL Reserve using datapoints that may include the likelihood of default and expected loss given default and other inputs which may include the risk rating of the loan, financial performance of the borrower compared to financial projections, and how recently the loan was originated compared to the measurement date. Estimating the CECL Reserve requires significant judgment with respect to various factors, including (i) the appropriate historical loan loss reference data, (ii) the expected timing of loan repayments, (iii) calibration of the likelihood of default to reflect the risk characteristics of Capital Impact Partners' loans and (iv) Capital Impact Partners current and future view of the macroeconomic environment. Capital Impact Partners may consider qualitative factors to estimate its CECL Reserve. Additionally, Capital Impact Partners' considers whether Borrowers are experiencing financial difficulty and whether the delays in payment are insignificant.

Transfers of financial assets: Transfers of financial assets are accounted for as sales when control over the assets has been surrendered. Control over transferred assets is deemed to be surrendered when: (1) the assets have been isolated from Capital Impact Partners, (2) the transferee obtains the right to pledge or exchange the

Note 1. Description of Activities and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

transferred assets and no condition both constrains the transferee from taking advantage of that right and provides more than a trivial benefit for the transferor, and (3) the transferor does not maintain effective control over the transferred assets through either (a) an agreement that both entitles and obligates the transferor to repurchase or redeem the assets before maturity or (b) the ability to unilaterally cause the holder to return specific assets, other than through a cleanup call.

Contributions receivable: Capital Impact Partners accounts for contributions received as without donor restriction or with donor restrictions depending on the existence or nature of any donor restrictions. All donor restricted support is reported as an increase in net assets with donor restrictions as to time or purpose depending on the nature of the restriction. When the donor restrictions expire (that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished), donor restricted net assets are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the Consolidated Statements of Activities and Changes in Net Assets as net assets released from restrictions. Contributions receivable, which represents unconditional promises to give, are recognized as revenue in the period received and as assets, decreases of liabilities or expenses depending on the form of the benefits received. Conditional promises to give, which depend on the existence of both performance barriers and right of return language are recorded as deferred revenue.

Other assets: Other assets include deposits, a recoverable grant, prepaid expenses, and furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements (see Note 10).

Right of use assets */* **lease liabilities:** Capital Impact Partners recognizes right of use assets and lease liabilities on the Consolidated Statements of Financial Position for all leases with terms longer than 12 months. Right of use assets and lease liabilities are recognized at the lease commencement date based on the present value of the remaining lease payments over the lease term, using the incremental borrowing rate. Leases are classified as either finance or operating, with classification affecting the pattern of expense recognition in the Consolidated Statements of Activities and Changes in Net Assets. Lease expense is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. The options to extend the lease term are not included in the right of use assets and liabilities recorded, when applicable. Capital Impact Partners has elected the practical expedient of not separating lease components from non-lease components.

Investor Notes: Capital Impact Partners launched an Investor Notes ("Investor Notes") program in 2017. The proceeds of the offerings are used primarily to fund initiatives that meet critical needs in low income communities across the United States, including through Capital Impact Partners' subsidiaries and third-party intermediaries. The proceeds of the offerings may also be used to purchase securities or other assets that will be leveraged to support Capital Impact Partners' lending activities and general operations. The Investor Notes are offered through registered broker-dealers and are available for purchase in book-entry form, which means they may be purchased electronically through the investor's brokerage account and settled through the Depository Trust Company ("DTC"). Capital Impact Partners incurs agent and other fees to issue the Investor Notes program. The fees include legal and accounting fees which are capitalized in accordance with U.S. GAAP and amortized using the effective-yield method over the term of the Investor Notes and are presented net of the Investor Notes on the Consolidated Statements of Financial Position. US Bank has been designated as the trustee to the indenture governing the terms of the Investor Notes and in this capacity US Bank serves as paying agent for the Investor Notes. The Investor Notes constitute unsecured debt obligations of Capital Impact Partners.

Net assets: Capital Impact Partners classifies net asset into two categories: Without Donor Restrictions and With Donor Restrictions. All contributions are considered to be available for unrestricted use unless specifically restricted by the donor. Donor restricted net assets are contributions with donor-imposed time or purpose restrictions. Donor restricted net assets can be released from restriction when the time restrictions expire or the contributions are used for their intended purpose at which time they are reported in the Consolidated Statements of Activities and Changes in Net Assets as net assets released from restrictions. Donor restricted funds also include donor contributions to be utilized in perpetuity as a revolving loan fund totaling \$11,970,304 and \$12,532,653, respectively, at December 31, 2024 and 2023.

Note 1. Description of Activities and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Revenue recognition: Capital Impact Partners generally measures revenue based on the amount of consideration Capital Impact Partners expects to receive for the transfer of services to a customer, then recognizes this revenue when or as Capital Impact Partners satisfies its performance obligations under the contract, except in transactions where U.S. GAAP provides other applicable guidance. Material revenue streams are reported separately on the Consolidated Statements of Activities and Changes in Net Assets.

Revenue recognized at a point in time includes NMTC suballocation fees, unused fee, portfolio amendment/modification fees, covenant waiver fees, fund management fees, organization fee, and advisory fees.

NMTC suballocation fees are paid to Capital Impact Partners from the community development entity ("CDE") for Capital Impact Partners' allocation of its NMTC award to the CDE. The fees are a percentage of the qualified equity investment ("QEI") made from the investor member to the CDE. The performance obligation by Capital Impact Partners is to assist in the transfer of its NMTC allocation to a CDE; therefore, the performance obligation is satisfied and revenue recognized when the deal closes.

Unused fees are paid to Capital Impact Partners from borrowers with revolving line of credit loans; equal to 15 basis points of the difference between the maximum available loan amount and average aggregate amount outstanding during the immediately preceding year. The unused fees are recognized upon receipt.

Portfolio amendment/modification fees are paid to Capital Impact Partners from borrowers. Borrowers request amendments to their existing loan agreement. The Portfolio team members determine the amount of work necessary to incorporate the requested amendments. Fees can range from \$500 - \$2,500 based on the complexity of the update.

Covenant waiver fees are paid to Capital Impact Partners from borrowers. Borrowers pay a flat fee of \$250 to waive immaterial covenant requirements.

As an investor member of WAHF, Capital Impact Partners earned an annual fund management fee. The equity investment fund management fee is the annual Fund equal to five tenths of one percent (0.5%) per annum multiplied by the Company's gross revenue for each Fiscal Year flat annual amount that ranges from \$30,000 to \$50,000.

Organization fees are reimbursed organization and legal expenses paid by Capital Impact Partners on behalf of Macy's M Supplier Fund.

Advisory service fees are earned by Momentus Securities as part of its investment banking activities. Services provided include strategic advisory and capital raising services.

Revenue recognized over a period of time includes Asset Management Fees and Guarantee Fees:

Asset management fees are earned by Capital Impact Partners for management services for NMTC programs and includes assisting with NMTC program requirements. These performance obligations are estimated to be satisfied evenly over the life of each loan. The fee is either based on basis points of the outstanding balance of a loan or a flat fee. The fee is accrued monthly and paid quarterly. Asset management fees earned from subsidiaries are eliminated upon consolidation.

In December 2020, the California Primary Care Association ("CPCA") established the CPCA COVID Response Loan Fund to finance loans to California community healthcare centers. Capital Impact Partners serves as both the Program Administrator and Servicer of loans originated by this fund. As Program Administrator of these off-balance sheet loans, Capital Impact Partners reviews and manages the loan application process. This role entitles Capital Impact Partners to earn a fund underwriting fee of 1% per loan, which is recognized upon receipt in the Consolidated Statements of Activities and Changes in Net Assets. In addition, Capital Impact Partners has committed to guarantee payments on defaulted loans for up to 5% of the total amount disbursed, not to exceed \$1.5 million. As loans are originated, the guarantee fees are recorded as a contingent liability and offset to underwriting fee income.

Note 1. Description of Activities and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Asset management fees from investments: Capital Impact Partners recognizes investment management fees earned by EPM as part of its third-party investment management advising to one or more private funds.

Loan servicing fees: Capital Impact Partners recognizes loan servicing fees on the loans that it services for third parties. These fees are earned over the life of the loan.

Gain on extinguishment of debt: Capital Impact Partners realized a gain on the extinguishment of FHLB Atlanta debt and is included in the Consolidated Statements of Activities and Changes in Net Assets. The gain from extinguishment of debt include the write-off of unamortized debt issuance costs, debt discount, and/or premium. See Note 13 for details.

Innovative community lending program: Capital Impact Partners provides loans and other kinds of financial services and support (i.e., financial analysis, real estate development tools and training) to cooperative and cooperative-like organizations serving low income people and communities.

Technical assistance: Working with federal, state and local agencies, long-term care providers, small businesses, housing developers and community development corporations, Capital Impact Partners' team of experts enable affordable homeownership, small business development, and safe, humane community-based long-term care.

Functional expense allocation: The costs of providing various programs, technical assistance and other activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the Consolidated Statements of Activities and Changes in Net Assets. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the programs and supporting services benefited. Management and general expenses include the departments of President's Office, National Programs, Information Technology, Human Resources, Finance, Legal and Communications. These departments also benefit various programs. Any direct program related invoices such as Professional Fees and Contractual Services, specific to the teams noted above, are reported as program or technical assistance expenses. Salaries and benefits, travel and entertainment, depreciation and certain other expenses are allocated as a percentage of time worked on program specific duties.

Income taxes: Capital Impact Partners is generally exempt from federal income taxes under the provisions of Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. In addition, Capital Impact Partners qualifies for charitable contribution deductions and has been classified as an organization that is not a private foundation. Income which is not related to exempt purposes, less applicable deductions, is subject to federal corporate income taxes. Management evaluated Capital Impact Partners' tax positions and concluded that Capital Impact Partners had taken no uncertain tax positions that require adjustment to the financial statements. Consequently, no accrual for federal or state tax liability for interest and penalties was deemed necessary for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023. Capital Impact Partners files tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and California. Generally, Capital Impact Partners is no longer subject to income tax examination by the U.S. federal or state tax authorities for years before 2020.

CIIF is a consolidated subsidiary of Capital Impact Partners and is a Delaware limited liability company. The entity files an annual tax return to report the income, deductions, gains, losses, etc., from its operations. The entity does not pay federal income tax but pays non-resident withholding tax, to the State of California. All profits or losses pass through to its members, Capital Impact Partners and Annaly. Each member includes its share of the entity's income/loss on its tax return, whereas Annaly pays applicable non-resident withholding tax.

ASM is a consolidated subsidiary of Capital Impact Partners and is a Delaware limited liability company and is taxable as a C corp. This company is the parent company of Momentus Securities LLC and Equitable Prosperity Manager LLC. ASM income is subject to income taxes and ASM files a separate tax return from Capital Impact Partners and accounts for income taxes in accordance with FASB's guidance on Accounting for Income Taxes. ASM has no material deferred tax asset or liability and has concluded that it has no material uncertain tax positions to be recognized at this time. ASM's wholly-owned subsidiaries are disregarded entities for income tax purposes

Note 1. Description of Activities and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

and, as such, are not subject to income taxes. Rather, all items of taxable income, deductions and tax credits are passed through to and are reported by ASM on its income tax return. Accordingly, the wholly-owned subsidiaries are not required to file income tax returns with the Internal Revenue Service or other taxing authorities.

Recent accounting pronouncements

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-13, "Financial Instruments –Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments," which introduced an expected credit loss model for the impairment of financial assets measured at amortized cost. The model replaces the probable, incurred loss model for those assets and broadens the information a CDFI must consider in developing its expected credit loss estimate for assets measured at amortized cost. On January 1, 2023, Capital Impact Partners adopted ASU No. 2016-13 and recorded a cumulative effect adjustment in relation to the change in accounting policy of \$2,288,576.

Note 2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents, including restricted balances, consist of the following at December 31:

Cash and Cash Equivalents

	 2024	 2023
Cash in bank	\$ 108,957,036	\$ 49,559,537
Overnight investments	1,119,253	1,367,497
Other short-term investments	16,813,894	15,713,101
U.S. Treasury Bills	 -	4,017,701
	\$ 126,890,183	\$ 70,657,836
Unrestricted Restricted	\$ 100,043,027 26,847,156	\$ 44,233,703 26,424,133
	\$ 126,890,183	\$ 70,657,836

_ _ _ _

Restricted cash and cash equivalents are held, per respective agreements, for the following purposes: a) lending for the affordable housing in low income community, b) to cover loan losses under a charter school loan program from the United States Department of Education ("USED") and c) other programs.

Note 3. Liquidity

Capital Impact Partners regularly monitors liquidity required to meet its annual operating needs and other contractual commitments, while also striving to maximize the return on investment of its funds not required for annual operations.

Note 3. Liquidity (Continued)

As of December 31, 2024, and 2023, the following financial assets are available to meet annual operating needs of the 2024 and 2023 fiscal year, respectively:

Liquidity

Total assets at year-end: Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted\$ 100,043,027\$ 44,233,703Cash and cash equivalents – restricted $26,847,156$ $26,424,133$ Accounts and interest receivable $10,808,212$ $7,455,892$ Loans receivable – subsidiaries $15,938,096$ $19,868,695$ Loans receivable – intercompany $16,800,000$ $2,500,000$ Other rasets $3,053,759$ $3,643,329$ Investments $47,358,811$ $41,473,089$ Mortgage backed securities $34,029,460$ $33,822,580$ Right of use assets $8425,267$ $9,428,191$ Total assets $804,384,497$ $676,519,806$ Less amounts not available to be used within one year: $(26,847,156)$ $(26,424,133)$ Loans receivable, – unrestricted – subsidiaries $(14,649,770)$ $(21,821,117)$ Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted – subsidiaries $(14,649,770)$ $(21,821,117)$ Cash and cash equivalents – restricted $(26,847,156)$ $(26,424,133)$ Loans receivable, due after one year, net $(382,257,345)$ $(364,711,919)$ Loans receivable – intercompany $(16,800,000)$ -Other assets $(2,037,004)$ $(3,643,329)$ Investmentsindeged mortgage backed securities $(27,612,892)$ $(29,581,714)$ Unfunded loan commitments $(89,196,384)$ $(97,258,796)$ Right of use assets $(8,425,267)$ $(9,428,191)$ Assets not available to be used within one year $(631,122,725)$ $(614,210,983)$ Financial assets availabl		2024	2023
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted 26,847,156 26,847,156 26,847,156 Loans receivable, net 540,422,211 487,011,696 Loans receivable - subsidiaries 15,938,096 19,868,695 Loans receivable - intercompany 16,800,000 2,500,000 Other real estate owned 658,498 658,498 Other assets 3,053,759 3,643,329 Investments 47,358,811 41,473,089 Mortgage backed securities 34,029,460 33,822,580 Right of use assets 84,425,267 9,428,191 Total assets 804,384,497 676,519,806 Less amounts not available to be used within one year: (26,847,156) (26,847,156) (26,424,133) Loans receivable, due after one year, net (382,257,345) (364,711,919) Loans receivable, due after one year, net (382,257,345) (364,711,919) Loans receivable – intercompany (16,800,000) - Other assets (2,037,004) (3,643,329) investments (27,612,892) (29,581,714) Unfunded loan commitments (47,358,811) (41,473,089) investments (89,196,384) (97,258,796) Righ	Total assets at year-end:		
Accounts and interest receivable 10,808,212 7,455,892 Loans receivable, net 540,422,211 487,011,696 Loans receivable – subsidiaries 15,938,096 19,868,695 Loans receivable – intercompany 16,800,000 2,500,000 Other real estate owned 658,498 658,498 Other assets 3,053,759 3,643,329 Investments 47,358,811 41,473,089 Mortgage backed securities 34,029,460 33,822,580 Right of use assets 8,425,267 9,428,191 Total assets 804,384,497 676,519,806 Less amounts not available to be used within one year: 26,847,156) (26,424,133) Cash and cash equivalents – nerstricted – subsidiaries (14,649,770) (21,821,117) Cash and cash equivalents – restricted (26,847,156) (26,424,133) Loans receivable, due after one year, net (382,257,345) (364,711,919) Loans receivable – subsidiaries (15,938,096) (19,868,695) Loans receivable – intercompany (16,800,000) - Other assets (2,037,004) (3,643,329) Investments Ipedged mortgage backe	Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted	\$ 100,043,027	\$ 44,233,703
Loans receivable, net 540,422,211 487,011,696 Loans receivable – subsidiaries 15,938,096 19,868,695 Loans receivable – intercompany 16,800,000 2,500,000 Other real estate owned 658,498 658,498 Other assets 3,053,759 3,643,329 Investments 47,358,811 41,473,089 Mortgage backed securities 34,029,460 33,822,580 Right of use assets 8,425,267 9,428,191 Total assets 804,384,497 676,519,806 Less amounts not available to be used within one year: 26,847,156 (26,847,156) (26,424,133) Loans receivable, due after one year, net (382,257,345) (364,711,919) Loans receivable, - subsidiaries (14,649,770) (21,821,117) Loans receivable, due after one year, net (382,257,345) (364,711,919) Loans receivable, - subsidiaries (15,938,096) (19,868,695) Loans receivable – intercompany (16,800,000) - - Other assets (2,037,004) (3,643,329) Investments Investments ipledged mortgage backed securities (27,612,892) (29,581,714) <	Cash and cash equivalents – restricted	26,847,156	26,424,133
Loans receivable – subsidiaries 15,938,096 19,868,695 Loans receivable – intercompany 16,800,000 2,500,000 Other real estate owned 658,498 658,498 Other assets 3,053,759 3,643,329 Investments 47,358,811 41,473,089 Mortgage backed securities 34,029,460 33,822,580 Right of use assets 8,425,267 9,428,191 Total assets 804,384,497 676,519,806 Less amounts not available to be used within one year: (26,847,156) (26,424,133) Loans receivable, due after one year, net (382,257,345) (364,711,919) Loans receivable – intercompany (15,938,096) (19,868,695) Loans receivable – intercompany (16,800,000) - Other assets (2,037,004) (3,643,329) Investments (27,612,892) (29,581,714) Unfunded loan commitments (89,196,384) (97,258,796) Right of use assets (8,425,267) (9,428,191) Assets not available to be used within one year (631,122,725) (614,210,983)	Accounts and interest receivable	10,808,212	7,455,892
Loans receivable – intercompany 16,800,000 2,500,000 Other real estate owned 658,498 658,498 Other assets 3,053,759 3,643,329 Investments 47,358,811 41,473,089 Mortgage backed securities 34,029,460 33,822,580 Right of use assets 8,425,267 9,428,191 Total assets 804,384,497 676,519,806 Less amounts not available to be used within one year: (26,847,156) (26,424,133) Loans receivable, due after one year, net (382,257,345) (364,711,919) Loans receivable – intercompany (16,800,000) - Other assets (2,037,004) (3,643,329) Investments (47,358,811) (41,473,089) Investments (27,612,892) (29,581,714) Unfunded loan commitments (89,196,384) (97,258,796) Right of use assets (8,425,267) (9,428,191) Assets not available to be used within one year (631,122,725) (614,210,983)	Loans receivable, net	540,422,211	487,011,696
Other real estate owned 658,498 658,498 Other assets 3,053,759 3,643,329 Investments 47,358,811 41,473,089 Mortgage backed securities 34,029,460 33,822,580 Right of use assets 8,425,267 9,428,191 Total assets 804,384,497 676,519,806 Less amounts not available to be used within one year: Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted – subsidiaries (14,649,770) (21,821,117) Cash and cash equivalents – restricted (26,847,156) (26,424,133) (26,424,133) Loans receivable, due after one year, net (382,257,345) (364,711,919) (15,938,096) (19,868,695) Loans receivable – subsidiaries (16,800,000) - (2,037,004) (3,643,329) Investments (16,800,000) - (2,037,004) (3,643,329) Investments in pledged mortgage backed securities (27,612,892) (29,581,714) Unfunded loan commitments (89,196,384) (97,258,796) (8,425,267) (9,428,191) Assets not available to be used within one year (631,122,725) (614,210,983) </td <td>Loans receivable – subsidiaries</td> <td>15,938,096</td> <td>19,868,695</td>	Loans receivable – subsidiaries	15,938,096	19,868,695
Other assets $3,053,759$ $3,643,329$ Investments $47,358,811$ $41,473,089$ Mortgage backed securities $34,029,460$ $33,822,580$ Right of use assets $8425,267$ $9,428,191$ Total assets $804,384,497$ $676,519,806$ Less amounts not available to be used within one year: $804,384,497$ $676,519,806$ Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted – subsidiaries $(14,649,770)$ $(21,821,117)$ Cash and cash equivalents – restricted $(26,847,156)$ $(26,424,133)$ Loans receivable, due after one year, net $(382,257,345)$ $(364,711,919)$ Loans receivable – subsidiaries $(15,938,096)$ $(19,868,695)$ Loans receivable – intercompany $(16,800,000)$ -Other assets $(2,037,004)$ $(3,643,329)$ Investments $(47,358,811)$ $(41,473,089)$ Investments in pledged mortgage backed securities $(27,612,892)$ $(29,581,714)$ Unfunded loan commitments $(89,196,384)$ $(97,258,796)$ Right of use assets $(8,425,267)$ $(9,428,191)$ Assets not available to be used within one year $(631,122,725)$ $(614,210,983)$	Loans receivable – intercompany	16,800,000	2,500,000
Investments $47,358,811$ $41,473,089$ Mortgage backed securities $34,029,460$ $33,822,580$ Right of use assets $8,425,267$ $9,428,191$ Total assets $804,384,497$ $676,519,806$ Less amounts not available to be used within one year: $804,384,497$ $676,519,806$ Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted – subsidiaries $(14,649,770)$ $(21,821,117)$ Cash and cash equivalents – restricted $(26,847,156)$ $(26,424,133)$ Loans receivable, due after one year, net $(382,257,345)$ $(364,711,919)$ Loans receivable – subsidiaries $(15,938,096)$ $(19,868,695)$ Loans receivable – intercompany $(16,800,000)$ -Other assets $(2,037,004)$ $(3,643,329)$ Investments $(47,358,811)$ $(41,473,089)$ Investments in pledged mortgage backed securities $(27,612,892)$ $(29,581,714)$ Unfunded loan commitments $(89,196,384)$ $(97,258,796)$ Right of use assets $(8,425,267)$ $(9,428,191)$ Assets not available to be used within one year $(631,122,725)$ $(614,210,983)$	Other real estate owned	658,498	658,498
Mortgage backed securities34,029,46033,822,580Right of use assets34,029,46033,822,580Right of use assets8,425,2679,428,191Total assets804,384,497676,519,806Less amounts not available to be used within one year:(26,847,156)(26,424,133)Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted – subsidiaries(14,649,770)(21,821,117)Cash and cash equivalents – restricted(26,847,156)(26,424,133)Loans receivable, due after one year, net(382,257,345)(364,711,919)Loans receivable – subsidiaries(15,938,096)(19,868,695)Loans receivable – intercompany(16,800,000)-Other assets(2,037,004)(3,643,329)Investments(47,358,811)(41,473,089)Investments in pledged mortgage backed securities(27,612,892)(29,581,714)Unfunded loan commitments(89,196,384)(97,258,796)Right of use assets(8,425,267)(9,428,191)Assets not available to be used within one year(631,122,725)(614,210,983)	Other assets	3,053,759	3,643,329
Right of use assets Total assets $8,425,267$ $9,428,191$ Less amounts not available to be used within one year: Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted – subsidiaries Cash and cash equivalents – restricted Loans receivable, due after one year, net Loans receivable – subsidiaries $(14,649,770)$ $(21,821,117)$ Loans receivable, due after one year, net Loans receivable – subsidiaries 	Investments	47,358,811	41,473,089
Total assets804,384,497676,519,806Less amounts not available to be used within one year: Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted – subsidiaries Loans receivable, due after one year, net Loans receivable – subsidiaries Loans receivable – intercompany(14,649,770) (21,821,117) (26,847,156) (382,257,345) (364,711,919) (382,257,345)(364,711,919) (364,711,919) (15,938,096) (19,868,695) (19,868,695) (16,800,000) - (20,37,004)(3,643,329) (16,800,000) - (20,37,004)(3,643,329) (3,643,329) (47,358,811)(41,473,089) (47,358,811)(41,473,089) (97,258,796)Investments Right of use assets Right of use assets Financial assets available to meet general expenditures(8,425,267) (631,122,725)(614,210,983)	Mortgage backed securities	34,029,460	33,822,580
Less amounts not available to be used within one year:(14,649,770)(21,821,117)Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted – subsidiaries(26,847,156)(26,424,133)Loans receivable, due after one year, net(382,257,345)(364,711,919)Loans receivable – subsidiaries(15,938,096)(19,868,695)Loans receivable – intercompany(16,800,000)-Other assets(2,037,004)(3,643,329)Investments(47,358,811)(41,473,089)Investments in pledged mortgage backed securities(27,612,892)(29,581,714)Unfunded loan commitments(89,196,384)(97,258,796)Right of use assets(8,425,267)(9,428,191)Assets not available to be used within one year(631,122,725)(614,210,983)	Right of use assets	 8,425,267	9,428,191
Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted – subsidiaries(14,649,770)(21,821,117)Cash and cash equivalents – restricted(26,847,156)(26,424,133)Loans receivable, due after one year, net(382,257,345)(364,711,919)Loans receivable – subsidiaries(15,938,096)(19,868,695)Loans receivable – intercompany(16,800,000)-Other assets(2,037,004)(3,643,329)Investments(47,358,811)(41,473,089)Investments in pledged mortgage backed securities(27,612,892)(29,581,714)Unfunded loan commitments(89,196,384)(97,258,796)Right of use assets(8,425,267)(9,428,191)Assets not available to be used within one year(631,122,725)(614,210,983)	Total assets	 804,384,497	676,519,806
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted(26,847,156)(26,424,133)Loans receivable, due after one year, net(382,257,345)(364,711,919)Loans receivable – subsidiaries(15,938,096)(19,868,695)Loans receivable – intercompany(16,800,000)-Other assets(2,037,004)(3,643,329)Investments(47,358,811)(41,473,089)Investments in pledged mortgage backed securities(27,612,892)(29,581,714)Unfunded loan commitments(89,196,384)(97,258,796)Right of use assets(8,425,267)(9,428,191)Assets not available to be used within one year(631,122,725)(614,210,983)	Less amounts not available to be used within one year:		
Loans receivable, due after one year, net(382,257,345)(364,711,919)Loans receivable – subsidiaries(15,938,096)(19,868,695)Loans receivable – intercompany(16,800,000)-Other assets(2,037,004)(3,643,329)Investments(47,358,811)(41,473,089)Investments in pledged mortgage backed securities(27,612,892)(29,581,714)Unfunded loan commitments(89,196,384)(97,258,796)Right of use assets(8,425,267)(9,428,191)Assets not available to be used within one year(631,122,725)(614,210,983)	Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted – subsidiaries	(14,649,770)	(21,821,117)
Loans receivable – subsidiaries (15,938,096) (19,868,695) Loans receivable – intercompany (16,800,000) - Other assets (2,037,004) (3,643,329) Investments (47,358,811) (41,473,089) Investments in pledged mortgage backed securities (27,612,892) (29,581,714) Unfunded loan commitments (89,196,384) (97,258,796) Right of use assets (8,425,267) (9,428,191) Assets not available to be used within one year (631,122,725) (614,210,983)	Cash and cash equivalents – restricted	(26,847,156)	(26,424,133)
Loans receivable – intercompany(16,800,000)-Other assets(2,037,004)(3,643,329)Investments(47,358,811)(41,473,089)Investments in pledged mortgage backed securities(27,612,892)(29,581,714)Unfunded loan commitments(89,196,384)(97,258,796)Right of use assets(8,425,267)(9,428,191)Assets not available to be used within one year(631,122,725)(614,210,983)	Loans receivable, due after one year, net	(382,257,345)	(364,711,919)
Other assets(2,037,004)(3,643,329)Investments(47,358,811)(41,473,089)Investments in pledged mortgage backed securities(27,612,892)(29,581,714)Unfunded loan commitments(89,196,384)(97,258,796)Right of use assets(8,425,267)(9,428,191)Assets not available to be used within one year(631,122,725)(614,210,983)	Loans receivable – subsidiaries	(15,938,096)	(19,868,695)
Investments(47,358,811)(41,473,089)Investments in pledged mortgage backed securities(27,612,892)(29,581,714)Unfunded loan commitments(89,196,384)(97,258,796)Right of use assets(8,425,267)(9,428,191)Assets not available to be used within one year(631,122,725)(614,210,983)Financial assets available to meet general expenditures(31,122,725)(31,122,725)	Loans receivable – intercompany	(16,800,000)	-
Investments in pledged mortgage backed securities(27,612,892)(29,581,714)Unfunded loan commitments(89,196,384)(97,258,796)Right of use assets(8,425,267)(9,428,191)Assets not available to be used within one year(631,122,725)(614,210,983)Financial assets available to meet general expenditures(27,612,892)(29,581,714)	Other assets	(2,037,004)	(3,643,329)
Unfunded loan commitments(89,196,384)(97,258,796)Right of use assets(8,425,267)(9,428,191)Assets not available to be used within one year(631,122,725)(614,210,983)Financial assets available to meet general expenditures(8,196,384)(97,258,796)	Investments	(47,358,811)	(41,473,089)
Right of use assets(8,425,267)(9,428,191)Assets not available to be used within one year(631,122,725)(614,210,983)Financial assets available to meet general expenditures	Investments in pledged mortgage backed securities	(27,612,892)	(29,581,714)
Assets not available to be used within one year(631,122,725)(614,210,983)Financial assets available to meet general expenditures	Unfunded loan commitments	(89,196,384)	(97,258,796)
Financial assets available to meet general expenditures	Right of use assets	(8,425,267)	(9,428,191)
	Assets not available to be used within one year	 (631,122,725)	(614,210,983)
within one year <u>\$ 173,261,772 \$ 62,308,823</u>	Financial assets available to meet general expenditures		
	within one year	\$ 173,261,772	\$ 62,308,823

Note 4. Concentration of Credit Risk and Concentration of Contributions

Capital Impact Partners maintains cash in various financial institutions. Cash balances at each financial institution are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to \$250,000.

At December 31, 2024 and 2023, Capital Impact Partners had uninsured balances of \$105,713,538 and \$50,324,613, respectively, that are included in cash and cash equivalents. Capital Impact Partners has not experienced any losses in such accounts. Capital Impact Partners' management believes it limits any significant credit risk by placing its deposits with high quality financial institutions. Uninsured amounts of \$9,279,164 and \$6,953,826 are held in short-term investments, in sweep accounts and non-bank money market accounts at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

As indicated in Note 8, a substantial portion of the loan portfolio is represented by loans to affordable housing projects. Most affordable housing loans have reserves established to mitigate risk of borrower payment issues. In addition, a substantial portion of the loan portfolio is represented by loans to charter schools. The viability of the borrowers and their ability to honor their contracts is dependent upon their ability to retain their charters. Approximately 19% and 19% of the portfolio represents loans made to entities associated with the NMTC program

Note 4. Concentration of Credit Risk and Concentration of Contributions (Continued)

at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Approximately 20% and 22% of the portfolio represents loans made in the state of California and approximately 18% and 19% in the state of Michigan at December 31, 2024 and 2023.

During the years ended December 31, 2024 and December 31 2023, approximately \$45,000,000, or 72% of total with or without donor restricted grants and contributions, was from one donor and \$16,190,000, or approximately 59% of total with or without donor restricted grants and contributions, were from two donors, respectively.

Note 5. Investments

Investments consist of the following as of December 31:

	 2024	2023
Marketable equity securities	\$ 577,897	\$ 495,215
Real estate investment trust	2,079,981	2,113,113
Other investments	 286,672	286,671
Total investments at fair value (Note 21)	 2,944,550	2,894,999
Equity method investments:		
ROC USA, LLC	5,535,599	4,069,129
Charter School Financing Partnership, LLC	343,752	343,752
Workforce Affordable Housing Fund I, LLC	19,227,386	20,926,261
Equitable Prosperity Fund and Equitable Prosperity Fund I GP LLC	13,475,466	10,709,439
Alliance Securities Manager LLC	3,334,151	107,710
Other equity method investment	359,476	363,094
Equity method investments in New Markets Tax Credit entities (Note 18)	 27,731	22,005
Total equity method investments	42,303,561	36,541,390
Investments at cost	1,610,700	1,536,700
Debt investment	 500,000	500,000
	\$ 47,358,811	\$ 41,473,089

Investment gain/(loss) consists of the following during the year ended December 31:

Investment gain (loss), net:	 2024	2023
Interest income, net	\$ 3,884,225	\$ 2,861,047
Dividend income	324,141	88,222
Unrealized gain (loss) on marketable securities and investments	(946,455)	856,202
Net realized loss on sale of mortgage backed securities	 (196,429)	(251,107)
	\$ 3,065,482	\$ 3,554,364

Investment in Alliance Securities Manager LLC: On December 10, 2021, ASM, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Capital Impact Partners, entered into the Purchase Agreement to purchase all the rights, title and interest in RPS Securities, a member broker-dealer of FINRA. On February 11, 2022, RPS' continuing membership application was approved by FINRA. Soon after, on February 17, 2022, ASM acquired all of the interests in RPS pursuant to the Purchase Agreement and renamed RPS as Alliance Securities LLC. Soon after, Alliance Securities LLC was renamed Momentus Securities. In January 2024, the SBA approved Momentus Securities as an SBA Pool Assembler in the 7(a) Loan Guarantee Program. The balance of \$3,334,151 represents the consolidation of Momentus Securities SBA loan purchases and the associated originator fees through ASM and reported on the Statement of Financial Position.

Note 5. Investments (Continued)

During the year ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, ASM recorded contributions of \$0 and \$3,334,333 and distributions of \$3,333,333 and \$0, respectively, which are eliminated upon consolidation, and investment loss of \$2,145,821 and \$4,693,309, respectively.

The following is a summary of financial information for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 for ASM:

	 2024	2023
Total assets	\$ 12,047,731	\$ 16,833,523
Total liabilities	3,858,738	3,165,377
Total members' capital	8,188,993	13,668,146
Total revenue	4,444,943	1,979,896
Total expenses	6,590,764	6,673,205
Net loss	(2,145,821)	(4,693,309)

Investment in Equitable Prosperity Fund I and Equitable Prosperity Fund I GP LLC: Capital Impact Partners' capital contributions currently accounts for 35.89% of the aggregate capital contributions to Equitable Prosperity Fund I, a growth stage impact investment fund designed to fill the capital gap needed to propel community-centric enterprises to scale and create measurable impact. During the year ended December 31, 2024, Capital Impact Partners, as an investor in EPF, contributed capital of \$6,251,113, received distributions of \$2,807,050 and recorded an investment loss of \$720,585. During the year ended December 31, 2023, Capital Impact Partners sold \$24,200,000 of investments to EPF, of which \$16,107,050 was acquired by Capital Impact Partners in 2023. Capital Impact Partners, as an investor in EPF, contributed capital of \$8,830,572 and recorded an investment loss of \$141,238.

The following is a summary of unaudited financial information for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 for Equitable Prosperity Fund I:

	 2024	2023
Total assets	\$ 39,555,417	\$ 34,250,874
Total liabilities	8,634,834	6,654,922
Total members' capital	30,920,583	27,595,952
Total revenue	4,114,387	2,199,283
Total expenses	6,351,609	2,659,797
Net loss	(2,237,222)	(460,514)

ROC USA, LLC: In February 2019, Capital Impact Partners contributed an additional \$750,000 into ROC USA, LLC and amended the existing operating agreement (reflecting Capital Impact Partners' prior \$500,000 investment) to incorporate this new equity investment. The revised operating agreement allows for the investor members to receive distributions equal to 5% of their capital contribution. Capital Impact Partners received a distribution during each of the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 totaling \$62,500 and \$46,875, respectively. The allocation of the change in net assets without donor restriction and voting rights remained consistent with the original agreement at 33.33% and 33.33%, respectively. As provided for in the operating agreement of ROC USA, LLC, there are certain limitations affecting member capital withdrawals. For the years ending December 31, 2024 and 2023, Capital Impact Partners recognized a gain of \$1,528,971 and gain of \$507,702, respectively.

Note 5. Investments (Continued)

The following is a summary of financial information for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, for ROC USA, LLC:

	2024	2023
Total assets	\$ 168,135,125	\$ 193,742,158
Total liabilities	134,357,726	166,837,983
Net assets	33,777,399	26,904,175
Total revenue	3,966,532	13,773,343
Total expenses	2,076,573	7,144,434
Change in net assets without donor restrictions	1,889,959	6,628,909

Workforce Affordable Housing Fund I, LLC: In December 2019, Capital Impact Partners invested in WAHF. The purpose of this transaction is to invest in multifamily affordable housing properties located in specific areas throughout the United States. During the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, Capital Impact Partners recorded distributions of \$2,199,118 and \$2,302,239, respectively. Capital Impact Partners' allocated gain was \$500,243 and gain was \$415,643 for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

The following is a summary of financial information for WAHF for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023:

	2024	2023
Total assets	\$ 102,234,168	\$ 103,838,156
Total liabilities	82,807,707	82,573,939
Total members' capital	19,426,461	21,264,217
Total revenue	10,640,285	10,360,172
Total expenses	10,106,139	9,934,452
Net income	534,146	425,720

Charter School Financing Partnership, LLC: As of December 31, 2024, and 2023, Capital Impact Partners had an investment in CSFP of \$343,752 and \$343,752, respectively. The net income of CSFP is allocated 18% to Capital Impact Partners and amounted to \$0, for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023.

Other equity method investments: In 2018, Capital Impact Partners entered into an agreement to invest \$500,000 in Develop Detroit, a nonprofit developer in Detroit, Michigan. The balance recorded as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, was \$359,476 and \$363,094, respectively. Net (loss) recorded as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 was (\$3,618) and (\$12,341), respectively.

Debt investment: In 2018, Capital Impact Partners entered into a debt investment with a CDFI in the cooperative sector. The balance recorded as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 was \$500,000.

Investments at cost: Capital Impact Partners is a member of FHLBank Atlanta, whose mission is to support member's residential-mortgage and economic-development lending activities. FHLBank Atlanta is a cooperative bank that offers, among other services, competitively priced financing. As a requirement of membership, Capital Impact Partners was required to purchase Class A Membership Stock of \$250,000, which carries voting rights and is also an earning asset with dividends. Capital Impact Partners is required to purchase additional stock of 4.5% of each advance and pledge cash or securities as collateral for advances. At December 31, 2024 and 2023, the amount of stock held was \$1,610,700 and \$1,536,700, respectively. As of December 31, 2024, and 2023, Capital Impact Partners has outstanding advances from FHLBank Atlanta totaling \$24,000,000.

Note 6. Mortgage Backed Securities

Capital Impact Partners purchases Mortgage Backed Securities in order to serve as collateral/pledge base for FHLBank Atlanta borrowings and also earns a return on these investments. Of the total purchased Mortgage Backed Securities, \$27,613,025 and \$29,581,714 was pledged as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The remaining unpledged balance, net of discount, which is available to secure future advances are \$6,416,435 and \$4,240,866 as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Capital Impact Partners recognized a net loss of (\$196,429) and (\$251,107) on the sale of mortgage backed securities during 2024 and 2023, respectively.

The Mortgage Backed Securities by category as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

	2024	2023
Mortgage Backed Securities:		
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Company (FHLMC)	\$ 901,844	\$ 1,069,272
Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA)	3,011,471	2,963,024
Uniform Mortgage Backed Securities (UMBS)	 30,116,145	29,790,284
Total Mortgage Backed Securities	\$ 34,029,460	\$ 33,822,580

Note 7. Contributions Receivable

As of December 31, 2024, and 2023, contributions receivable is \$0, respectively.

As of December 31, 2024, and 2023, total conditional contributions receivable not recorded is \$2,725,000 and \$9,231,833, respectively. The conditional unrecorded receivables include a right of release dependent on available funding or satisfactory progress.

Note 8. Loans Receivable

Capital Impact Partners is a development finance organization and, in that capacity, originates higher risk development loans in the following primary market sectors: affordable housing, education, health care and community development. The loans originated by Capital Impact Partners are secured and unsecured and many times go to borrowers who may otherwise be unable to obtain conventional credit.

Capital Impact Partners' loan portfolio is diversified in terms of sector. The following is the distribution of loans outstanding at December 31:

	2024	%	% 2023			
By Sector:						
Education	\$ 91,293,599	24	\$ 95,262,663	24		
Health care	104,556,355	23	110,570,136	23		
Affordable housing	286,155,049	43	224,498,051	43		
Community development	75,332,085	10	69,254,276	10		
Total – Capital Impact Partners	557,337,088	100	499,585,126	100		
Detroit Neighborhoods Fund, LLC	15,938,096		15,368,695			
FPIF, LLC	-		4,500,000			
	\$ 573,275,184	_	\$ 519,453,821			

Real estate loans are used to finance the development of affordable housing projects and to provide term financing to the operation of affordable housing projects once they have been completed. Loans that are made to finance development are usually short-term and are repaid from either a construction or permanent loan. Term loans take the form of mortgages and are repaid from the operations of the real estate cooperative. Interest rates range from

Note 8. Loans Receivable (Continued)

3.00% to 9.14% and maturities from September 30, 2024 to July 1, 2053. Loans with 2024 maturity dates are under internal review to extend their maturity.

The commercial lending portfolio is diverse. Loans range from lines of credit to term loans. Loans are typically secured by general business assets (e.g., real estate, inventory, receivables, fixed assets and leasehold interests). Loan underwriting decisions are made on the basis of the analysis of markets, management, and cash flow potential; and not primarily on the basis of collateral coverage. These loans are expected to be repaid from cash flows generated by the borrower's operating activities. Interest rates range from 1.00% to 9.80% and maturities from September 1, 2024 to December 1, 2045. Loans with 2024 maturity dates are under internal review to extend their maturity.

Subsidiaries:

Detroit Neighborhoods Fund, LLC ("DNF, LLC"): DNF, LLC was formed during 2014 under the laws of the state of Delaware. Capital Impact Partners is the sole member and manager of DNF, LLC. DNF, LLC was formed specifically for the purpose of providing financing for mixed-use and multi-family rental housing and healthy foods retail in underserved areas in Detroit, Michigan. As manager, Capital Impact Partners identifies, originates, closes and services the loans. For this role, Capital Impact Partners receives an annual loan servicing fee of 200 basis points of the average daily outstanding principal balance of each end borrower loan. The lenders have committed to lend an aggregate of \$30 million to the fund. The lenders in the fund are Capital Impact Partners, with a \$10 million commitment and J.P. Morgan Chase Community Development Corporation, with a \$20 million commitment. All loans from each investor are evidenced by individual promissory notes from each lender to DNF, LLC. The loans are with sole recourse to the DNF, LLC and include no obligation for repayment on the part of Capital Impact Partners. Interest rates range from 5.0% to 5.25% and maturities from March 1, 2025 to June 27, 2029.

FPIF, LLC: FPIF, LLC was formed during 2014 under the laws of the state of Delaware. Capital Impact Partners is the sole member and manager of FPIF, LLC. FPIF, LLC is organized as a special purpose entity to channel funds to a predominately low-income population aged 50+. The lenders had committed to lend an aggregate of \$72,666,667 to FPIF, LLC. FPIF, LLC is capitalized with \$7,266,667 or 10% subordinated debt from Capital Impact Partners, funded partly by a program related investment from AARP Foundation. The commitment expired on December 31, 2018. AARP Foundation's program related investment is included in the notes payable section of the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Financial Position. The senior debt constitutes \$65,400,000 or 90% of the borrowings from a special purpose entity between Calvert Foundation and AARP Foundation. The remaining loan matured on December 20, 2024.

Refer to Note 14. Notes Payable - Subsidiaries, for further details on subsidiary loans receivables.

Note 9. Credit Quality

Loan origination and risk management: Capital Impact Partners has certain lending policies and procedures in place that are designed to maximize loan income within an acceptable level of risk. Management reviews and approves these policies and procedures on a regular basis. A reporting system supplements the review process by providing management with frequent reports related to loan production, loan quality, concentration of credit, loan delinquencies and non-performing and potential problem loans. Diversification in the loan portfolio is a means of managing risk associated with fluctuations in economic conditions.

Capital Impact Partners' lending is focused on owner-occupied commercial real estate in its primary sectors, which include:

- Education
- Health care

Note 9. Credit Quality (Continued)

- Affordable housing
- Community development

Commercial real estate loans are viewed primarily as cash flow loans and secondarily as loans secured by real estate. Commercial real estate lending typically involves higher loan principal amounts and the repayment of these loans is generally largely dependent on the successful operation of the property securing the loan or the business conducted on the property securing the loan. Commercial real estate loans may be more adversely affected by conditions in the real estate markets or in the general economy. Capital Impact Partners mitigates this risk by focusing on owner-occupied commercial real estate transactions in its sectors of education and health care. Management monitors and evaluates commercial real estate loans based on collateral, geography and risk grade criteria.

Once it is determined that the borrower's management possesses sound ethics and solid business acumen, Capital Impact Partners' management examines current and projected cash flows to determine the ability of the borrower to repay their obligations as agreed. Loans are primarily made based on the identified cash flows of the borrower and secondarily on the underlying collateral provided by the borrower. The cash flows of borrowers, however, may not be as expected and the collateral securing these loans may fluctuate in value. Most loans are secured by the assets being financed or other business assets such as accounts receivable or inventory and may incorporate a personal guarantee to attempt to reduce the risk of loss. Some short-term loans may be made on an unsecured basis.

Age analysis of past due loans: The following tables represent an aging of loans by sector as of December 31, 2024 and 2023. The tables present the principal amount outstanding on the loans that may be past due for principal and/or interest payments contractually due:

		30 - 59 Days	e	60 - 89 Days		90 days and				Total Past				
December 31, 2024	Past Due			Past Due		Still Accruing		Non-accrual	Due		Current		Total Loans	
Education	s	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	91,293,599	\$	91,293,599
Health care		-		-		-		1,758,923		1,758,923		102,797,432		104,556,355
Affordable housing		10,576,953		-		5,973,462		1,036,187		17,586,602		268,568,447		286,155,049
Community development and other		3,485,437		-		3,645,600		4,599,115		11,730,152		63,601,933		75,332,085
	\$	14,062,390	\$	-	\$	9,619,062	\$	7,394,225	\$	31,075,677	\$	526,261,411	\$	557,337,088
December 31, 2023	3	30 - 59 Days Past Due	6	60 - 89 Days Past Due		90 days and Still Accruing		Non-accrual		Total Past Due		Current		Total Loans
Education	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	13,434	\$	13,434	\$	95,249,229	\$	95,262,663
Health care		-		-		-		-		-		110,570,136		110,570,136
Affordable housing		13,250,857		1,813,546		950,000		534,686		16,549,089		207,948,962		224,498,051
Community development and other		3,645,600		-		-		3,677,100		7,322,700		61,931,576		69,254,276
	\$	16,896,457	\$	1,813,546	\$	950,000	\$	4,225,220	\$	23,885,223	\$	475,699,903	\$	499,585,126

Credit quality indicators: Capital Impact Partners assigns internal credit classifications at the inception of each loan. These ratings are reviewed by an independent third party on a semi-annual basis as well as periodic internal reviews based on Capital Impact Partners' credit guidelines and when loans are renewed. Quarterly reviews are required if the borrower fails to meet contractual expectations or other performance degradation that would warrant increased monitoring. If a loan is in default for a period of 90 days or more or when the contractual collection of principal or interest is in doubt, the loan is placed on nonaccrual status and the credit quality would be downgraded to substandard or doubtful. The following definitions summarize the basis for each classification.

Above Average: These borrowers have a clear ability to service debt from the primary repayment source, strong working capital position, acceptable leverage ratios, and stable operating trends. These borrowers must have current and regularly received financial information in the file, be in compliance with all financial covenants with no material delays in meeting reporting covenants, and be properly documented. Additionally, they have stable and

Note 9. Credit Quality (Continued)

experienced management, profitable operations for the past three years, sufficient cash flow to service debt, and if there is reliance on fund raising, it is minimal and history has proven it is a reliable source of income.

Pass: These borrowers have a clear ability to service debt from the primary repayment source and a history of strong financial performance. These loans may have a short-term or situational weakness that is expected to resolve within 24 months; examples include major construction or rehabilitation, business expansion to additional sites or services, large loan for borrower or lender and change in a key member of management. These borrowers must have current and regularly received financial information in the file, be in compliance with loan covenants, and be properly documented.

Watch: These borrowers are generally acceptable risks but show some signs of weakness in cash flow or financial strength or have short or unstable earnings history. The borrower may be unable to achieve projected operations and/or may have covenant violations. These loans are performing as agreed and may be characterized by uncertain industry outlook, cyclical or highly competitive, greater sensitivity to market forces and business cycles, full collateral coverage, insufficient current financial information or outdated loan officer review to determine repayment ability, or weak management.

Special Mention: These loans are currently protected but are potentially weak. These loans constitute an undue and unwarranted credit risk but not to the point of justifying a classification of substandard. The credit risk may be relatively minor yet constitute an unwarranted risk in light of the circumstances surrounding a specific loan. These loans may be characterized by a downward trend in sales profit levels and margins, cash flow strained in order to meet debt repayment schedule, non-compliance with covenants, high leverage and weak liquidity, weak industry conditions or collateral impairment.

Substandard: These loans are inadequately protected by the current net worth and repayment capacity of the obligor or of the collateral pledged, if any. Loans so classified must have a well-defined weakness or weaknesses that will jeopardize the liquidation of the debt. They are characterized by the distinct possibility that Capital Impact Partners will sustain some loss if the deficiencies are not corrected.

Doubtful: These loans have all the weaknesses of substandard loans with the added characteristic that the weaknesses make collection or liquidation in full, on the basis of currently existing facts, conditions, and values, highly questionable and improbable. The possibility of loss is extremely high, but because of certain important, and reasonably specific, pending factors which may work to the advantage and strengthening of the loan, a charge-off is deferred until its more exact status may be determined. Pending factors include proposed merger, acquisition, or liquidation procedures, capital injection, perfecting liens on additional collateral and refinancing plans.

The following tables summarize the loan portfolio by sector and the internally assigned credit quality ratings for those categories at December 31, 2024 and 2023:

December 31, 2024	Abo	ove Average	Pass	Watch	Sp	ecial Mention	Substandard	Doubtful		Total
Education	\$	1,525,532	\$ 33,034,076	\$ 50,381,010	\$	6,352,981	\$ -	\$ -	\$	91,293,599
Health Care		-	19,452,725	72,331,881		12,771,749	-	-	·	104,556,355
Affordable Housing		599,191	21,004,013	193,547,334		35,282,410	34,154,268	1,567,833		286,155,049
Community Development & Other		-	14,447,772	44,128,808		9,076,462	4,630,392	3,048,651		75,332,085
	\$	2,124,723	\$ 87,938,586	\$ 360,389,033	\$	63,483,602	\$ 38,784,660	\$ 4,616,484	\$	557,337,088
December 31, 2023	Abo	ove Average	Pass	Watch	Sp	ecial Mention	Substandard	Doubtful		Total
Education	\$	3,579,601	\$ 38,308,445	\$ 48,970,329	\$	4,029,921	\$ 278,798	\$ 95,569	\$	95,262,663
Health Care		-	39,869,596	64,936,549		2,598,162	3,165,829	-		110,570,136
Affordable Housing		624,066	12,476,856	146,606,755		27,460,700	37,329,674	-		224,498,051
Community Development & Other		-	20,946,542	31,495,685		13,731,898	-	3,080,151		69,254,276
	\$	4,203,667	\$ 111,601,439	\$ 292,009,318	\$	47,820,681	\$ 40,774,301	\$ 3,175,720	\$	499,585,126

Note 9. Credit Quality (Continued)

Allowance for credit losses: The allowance for credit losses as a percentage of loans outstanding as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, was 3.0% and 2.5%, respectively.

Capital Impact Partners performs a migration analysis of Capital Impact Partners' loan risk ratings and loan loss ratios in determining the allowance for credit loss calculation.

The following tables summarize the allowance for credit losses as of and for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, by sector and the amount of loans evaluated individually or collectively for impairment by sector:

					Affordable		Community		
December 31, 2024	Education	Health Care			Housing	Development			Total
Allowance for credit losses:									
Beginning balance	\$ 1,148,157	\$	1,408,749	\$	7,920,485	\$	2,096,039	\$	12,573,430
Charge-offs	-		-		-		(5,880,553)		(5,880,553)
Recoveries	-		-		-		95,569		95,569
Provisions	209,266		363,125		2,871,863		6,682,177		10,126,431
	\$ 1,357,423	\$	1,771,874	\$	10,792,348	\$	2,993,232	\$	16,914,877
Ending balance of allowance									
for credit losses:									
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Collectively evaluated for impairment	1,357,423		1,771,874		10,792,348		2,993,232		16,914,877
	\$ 1,357,423	\$	1,771,874	\$	10,792,348	\$	2,993,232	\$	16,914,877
Loan ending balances:									
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$ -	\$	1,857,936	\$	532,679	\$	3,645,600	\$	6,036,215
Collectively evaluated for impairment	91,293,599		102,698,419		285,622,370		71,686,485		551,300,873
	\$ 91,293,599	\$	104,556,355	\$	286,155,049	\$	75,332,085	\$	557,337,088
					A ffordable	0			
December 21, 2022	Education				Affordable		ommunity		Total
December 31, 2023	Education		Health Care		Housing	De	evelopment		Iotal

December 31, 2023	Education	Health Care	Housing	Development		Total
A II						
Allowance for credit losses:						
Beginning balance	\$ 2,031,179	\$ 2,218,335	\$ 7,648,492	\$ 1,724,165	\$	13,622,171
Charge-offs	-	-	-	(137,480)		(137,480
Recoveries	-	-	-	26,918		26,918
Provisions	 (883,022)	(809,586)	271,993	482,436		(938,179
	\$ 1,148,157	\$ 1,408,749	\$ 7,920,485	\$ 2,096,039	\$	12,573,430
Ending balance of allowance						
for credit losses:						
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Collectively evaluated for impairment	 1,148,157	1,408,749	7,920,485	2,096,039		12,573,430
	\$ 1,148,157	\$ 1,408,749	\$ 7,920,485	\$ 2,096,039	\$	12,573,430
Loan ending balances:						
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$ 13,434	\$ -	\$ 534,686	\$ 3,677,100	\$	4,225,220
Collectively evaluated for impairment	95,249,229	110,570,136	223,963,365	65,577,176		495,359,906
, ,	\$ 95,262,663	\$ 110,570,136	\$ 224,498,051	\$ 69,254,276	\$	499,585,126

Note 9. Credit Quality (Continued)

Subsidiaries with loans, DNF, LLC and FPIF, LLC: These funds are structured so that if there are losses at the fund, they pass through to each of the lenders that funded the loans in the fund, first on a junior/subordinated debt level and then at the senior debt level. Therefore, in the event of a loss that exceeds Capital Impact Partners' junior portion of the loan, the applicable senior lender will absorb the remainder of the loss. Capital Impact Partners is not required to make up any payment shortages from borrowers due to other participating lenders. Additionally, certain funds (i.e., DNF, LLC) are required to maintain certain amounts of cash in the fund (until maturity) that will serve as an additional reserve to the senior lenders' position.

The structured fund documents do not account for the establishment of an allowance in the pricing of the ultimate loans to the borrowers and fees charged. The legal documents address how losses will be absorbed through the "waterfall" language in each fund. Typically, it is the junior lenders that take the first loss if there is no cash reserve or other enhancement that can absorb some portion of non-payment or charge off. The remainder of the loss is absorbed by the senior lender(s). Capital Impact Partners underwrites, services and manages all loans funded from these structured funds and therefore performs initial and ongoing routine evaluations of the performance of each loan's borrower and its ability to repay. Capital Impact Partners will evaluate each of the loans within these funds, individually, to determine allowance for loan loss levels. There was no allowance recorded as of December 31, 2024 and 2023.

Note 10. Other Assets

Included in other assets as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, are the following:

A cash pledge deposit balance of \$0 and \$568,302 as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively, per a pledge and security agreement dated February 1, 2012 between Capital Impact Partners and CSFP. CSFP used funds borrowed from the Walton Family Foundation to fund a loan to Alliance for College-Ready Public Schools, a charter school operator. The Walton Family Foundation requires CSFP to pledge a percentage of the unpaid principal of the loan to secure repayment of their loan. Capital Impact Partners used proceeds of a grant from the Department of Education received in a prior year to satisfy the pledge requirement. In consideration of its obligation, Capital Impact Partners earns a monthly fee.

On September 1, 2015, Capital Impact Partners entered into an agreement with CoMetrics to provide a program related investment loan in the aggregate principal amount of \$300,000 to finance its business and operations, consistent with its cooperative purposes. The loan was funded in two separate tranches and pays interest at an initial rate of 1% and increases to 5% if CoMetric's earnings reach a certain level. Capital Impact Partners advanced \$300,000 as of December 31, 2021. In September 2023, the program related investment loan was restructured to a four-year loan, maturing on September 26, 2026 and classified as a loan. The program investment loan before restructure earned interest of \$0 and \$2,773 for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Capital Impact Partners issues recoverable grants to assist grant recipients with initial costs needed to close property acquisitions. Capital Impact Partners awarded 2 recoverable grants, totaling \$625,000 in 2024 and 2 recoverable grants totaling \$300,000 in 2023. Grants are to be repaid to Capital Impact Partners as part of the property loan closing.

\$1,383,381 and \$1,503,284 within Other Assets for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively, represents Prepaid Assets and Security Deposits on leased property for Capital Impact Partners offices.

Goodwill was recorded as part of ASM's acquisition of all of the interests in RPS pursuant to the Purchase Agreement, net of FMV of assets/equity acquired. The goodwill fair value is evaluated for impairment annually. As of December 31, 2024, and 2023, goodwill recorded was \$10,570.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 10. Other Assets (Continued)

Furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements at December 31, 2024 and 2023, were comprised as follows:

		2024		2023
Eurpiture, equipment and software	¢	1 502 795	¢	1 407 445
Furniture, equipment and software	\$	1,503,785	Φ	1,427,445
Leasehold improvements		1,932,763		1,932,763
		3,436,548		3,360,208
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization		(2,401,740)		(2,099,035)
	_\$	1,034,808	\$	1,261,173

Note 11. Leases

Capital Impact Partners has operating leases for five corporate offices. Leases have remaining lease terms of 1 year to 9 years, some of which include options to extend the leases for up to 5 years. The components of lease expense were as follows:

		2024	2023
Operating lease cost - fixed	\$	1,404,669	\$ 1,197,485
Operating lease cost - variable	\$	<u>150,418</u> 1,555,087	\$ <u>170,649</u> 1,368,134
Cash naid far analysta included in the measurement of lease liskilities.			,
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities: Operating cash flows from operating leases	\$	1,542,639	\$ 1,277,539
Non-cash investing and financing activities:			
Additions to right of use assets obtained from operating lease	\$	-	\$ 2,341,792
Weighted average remaining lease term			
Operating leases		8 years	8 years
Weighted average discount rate Operating leases		3.49%	3.30%
	¢		
Right of use assets	\$	8,425,267	\$ 9,428,191

Because Capital Impact Partners generally does not have access to the rate implicit in the lease, the incremental borrowing rate is utilized as the discount rate.

Maturities of lease liabilities were as follows:

Years ending December 31:	
2025	\$ 1,617,895
2026	1,568,619
2027	1,513,679
2028	1,554,383
2029	1,517,451
Thereafter	 4,689,511
Total lease payments	12,461,538
Less imputed interest	 (1,639,914)
	\$ 10,821,624

Undiscounted maturities of lease liabilities as of December 31, 2023 was \$14,045,892.

Note 11. Leases (Continued)

Capital Impact Partners signed a 15-year lease agreement for its Arlington, Virginia offices on October 19, 2016. The lease commitment period is from December 1, 2017 through November 30, 2032. The lease agreement provides for annual escalations on base rent and there is a 5-year renewal option after the initial 15-year lease term.

In September 2019, Capital Impact Partners entered into a new \$2 million operating lease to secure additional space for the Arlington, Virginia office. The lease is for 13 years and ends November 30, 2032.

In February 2024, Capital Impact Partners secured additional space in the New York office through a lease amendment. The lease extension is 5 years and ends May 31, 2033.

Capital Impact Partners also leases office space in Detroit, Michigan and Oakland, California. There is office space in Austin, Texas, secured with a one-year lease agreement.

Lease incentives are amortized using the straight-line method over the respective lease term and are presented in Consolidated Statements of Activities and Changes in Net Assets as part of lease expense.

Note 12. Refundable Advance Liability

Capital Impact Partners reports a refundable advance liability for funds received from conditional contributions from various grantors. These contributions remain classified as a refundable advance until the agreed upon conditions or barriers are met. The refundable advance liability balance was \$8,336,547 and \$9,735,754 as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Note 13. Notes and Bond Payable, Revolving Lines of Credit, Subordinated Debt and Investor Notes

Notes and bond payable, revolving lines of credit, Investor Notes and subordinated debt as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, consist of the following:

	 Commitment	Available Undrawn	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	Interest Rate Range / Average Rate	Maturity Date Range
Revolving lines of credit	\$ 165,000,000	\$ 60,949,848	\$ 83,000,000	\$ 69,500,000	6.15%-6.36%	August 2026 - September 2027
Unsecured - fixed rate	72,500,000	-	64,289,530	68,786,736	0% - 4.75%	May 2025 - August 2032
Investor Notes	380,296,000	-	380,296,000	265,412,000	1.00% - 6.00%	February 2025 - July 2037
Subordinated debt	14,500,000	-	14,500,000	14,500,000	2.00% - 3.00%	August 2026 - October 2035
Federal Home Loan Bank borrowing	166,369,527	142,369,527	24,000,000	24,000,000	4.24%	June 2027 - December 2029
Bond payable	10,000,000	-	10,000,000	5,000,000	4.66%	October 2034
	 808,665,527	203,319,375	576,085,530	447,198,736	_	
Investor Notes issuance cost	 -	-	(3,166,501)	(2,606,852)	1.00% - 6.00%	
	\$ 808,665,527	\$ 203,319,375	\$ 572,919,029	\$ 444,591,884	-	

Capital Impact Partners has certain debt agreements that contain both operational and financial covenants requiring Capital Impact Partners to maintain minimum cash and cash equivalents balances and certain financial ratios.

Investor Notes: In 2024, Capital Impact Partners offered Investor Notes, continuous from its 2020 offering, for up to \$250,000,000. The Investor Notes are offered through registered broker-dealers and are available for purchase in book-entry form, which means they may be purchased electronically through the investor's brokerage account and settled through the DTC. The Investor Notes were issued in increments of \$1,000 or more and pay interest at a various fixed interest rates. The terms for the Investor Notes were one-year, three-year, five-year, seven-year, ten-year, fifteen-year and twenty-year maturities.

US Bank has been designated as the trustee to the indenture governing the Investor Notes and serves as a paying agent for the Investor Notes. The Investor Notes are senior to the subordinated loans. At December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Investor Note holders held \$380,296,000 and \$265,412,000, respectively, of the total Investor Notes

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 13. Notes and Bond Payable, Revolving Lines of Credit, Subordinated Debt and Investor Notes (Continued)

payable balance. Interest rates range between 1.00% and 6.00%. Aggregate annual maturities of Investor Notes over each of the next five years and thereafter, as of December 31, 2024, are as follows:

Years ending December 31:	
2025	\$ 108,333,000
2026	48,659,000
2027	75,564,000
2028	63,039,000
2029	53,625,000
Thereafter	31,076,000
	\$ 380,296,000

FHLB borrowing: As a member bank, Capital Impact Partners may request advances from FHLBank Atlanta. As of December 31, 2024, the outstanding balance was \$24,000,000 secured by Mortgage Backed Securities in the amount of \$27,613,025. As of December 31, 2023, the outstanding balance was \$24,000,000 secured by Mortgage Backed Securities in the amount of \$29,581,714. As of December 31, 2024, and 2023, Capital Impact Partners recognized a gain on FHLB debt extinguishment of \$0 and \$352,238, respectively, and included in the Consolidated Statements of Activities and Changes in Net Assets.

US Bank Bond Payable: During 2023, US Bank purchased a \$5,000,000 bond from Capital Impact Partners. The bond offering is up to \$10,000,000. Proceeds are used as capital to make loans in the state of California and seeks to provide financing to support impact in three key areas: wealth creation for borrowers, growth in developers and their projects financed by Capital Impact Partners, and community development where Capital Impact Partners operates. As of December 31, 2024, and 2023, the bonds payable balance was \$10,000,000 and \$5,000,000, respectively.

Aggregate annual maturities of Capital Impact Partners' borrowings over each of the next five years and thereafter, as of December 31, 2024, are as follows:

Years ending December 31:	
2025	\$ 116,122,530
2026	57,159,000
2027	181,314,000
2028	74,289,000
2029	82,375,000
Thereafter	64,826,000
	\$ 576.085.530

U.S. GAAP requires interest expense and contribution revenue to be reported in connection with loans of cash to not-for-profit organizations that are interest free or that have below-market interest rates. The contribution is recognized at the time the loan is made and amortized using the effective interest method. The accretion increases interest expense and notes payable.

For the Ford Foundation note received in 2014, Capital Impact Partners recognized interest expense of \$2,794 and \$19,396 for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Note 14. Notes Payable – Subsidiaries

The notes payable under DNF, LLC and FPIF, LLC are with sole recourse to DNF, LLC and FPIF, LLC and include no obligation for repayment on the part of Capital Impact Partners.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 14. Notes Payable – Subsidiaries (Continued)

Subsidiary	Lender	Comm	itment	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	Interest Rate	Final Maturity Date	Payment Details
DNF, LLC	JPMorgan Chase	\$	-	\$19,120,355	\$19,693,922	2.00%	luna 2020	Monthly interest, with consecutive quarterly principal payments beginning in June 2024
FPIF, LLC	FPIF Feeder Facility LP	\$	-	- \$19,120,355	4,500,000 \$24,193,922	N/A	N/A	Monthly interest and principal

Aggregate annual maturities of subsidiary borrowings over each of the next five years and thereafter, as of December 31, 2024, are as follows:

Years ending December 31:

2025	\$ 2,114,657
2026	210,860
2027	670,355
2028	232,169
2029	15,892,314
	\$19,120,355

Note 15. Net Assets with Donor Restrictions

Donor restricted net assets are those net assets whose use by Capital Impact Partners is limited by the donors for a special purpose or restricted to be used in a later period. At December 31, 2024 and 2023, donor restricted net assets consisted of the following:

Purpose	2024	2023
Educational Program	\$ 17,440,260	\$ 16,916,626
Entrepreneur and Developer Program	2,472,048	2,282,508
Housing Program	15,916,685	17,212,653
National Program	9,802,106	7,754,525
Various	163,464	1,155,015
	\$ 45,794,563	\$ 45,321,327

Note 16. Fees

Material revenue streams are reported separately on the Consolidated Statements of Activities and Changes in Net Assets. Revenue is either recognized at a point in time or over a period of time.

Revenue recognized at a point in time includes NMTC suballocation Fees, fund management fees, unused fee income and portfolio amendment / modification fees, organization fees and advisory fees. Revenue recognized over a period of time includes asset management fees and guarantee fees.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 16. Fees (Continued)

Fees – recognized at point in time	2024			2023
NMTC suballocation fees	\$	1,077,126	\$	1,322,874
Unused fee income		6,110		-
Fund management fees		87,007		47,992
Covenant waiver fees		-		500
Portfolio amendment / modification fees		91,500		85,182
Administrative fees		54,249		-
Organization fee income		267,058		-
Advisory fee income		275,915		270,638
		1,858,965		1,727,186
Fees – recognized over time				
Guarantee fees		2,975		2,975
		2,975		2,975
	\$	1,861,940	\$	1,730,161

Note 17. Related Party Transactions

NCB and NCB Financial Savings Bank (NCB, FSB): Capital Impact Partners and its subsidiaries maintain cash accounts with NCB, FSB. Balances totaled \$30,907,254 and \$20,817,150 as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

In the normal course of business, Capital Impact Partners, NCB and NCB, FSB will sell and purchase loan participations from each other. Capital Impact Partners' balance was \$13,600,332 and \$14,098,250 as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

ROC USA, LLC: ROC USA Capital is a wholly-owned subsidiary of ROC USA, LLC (see Note 1). Capital Impact Partners appoints two of the eleven directors of the Board of Directors. Capital Impact Partners has purchased Ioan participations from ROC USA Capital in the ordinary course of business. The balance for the purchased Ioan participation from ROC USA Capital as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, was \$6,563,171 and \$6,693,856, respectively. Capital Impact Partners services these Ioans; however, per an agreement between Capital Impact Partners and ROC USA, LLC, Capital Impact Partners does not earn a servicing fee.

CSFP: In December 2011, Capital Impact Partners purchased a \$500,000 participation in a \$3,500,000 investment made by the CSFP, in which Capital Impact Partners is a 20% partner. Capital Impact Partners appoints one of the five managers of CSFP's Board of Managers.

Develop Detroit: In 2018, Capital Impact Partners entered into an agreement to invest \$500,000 in Develop Detroit, a nonprofit developer in Detroit, Michigan. The balance recorded as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, was \$359,476 and \$363,094, respectively. A member of Capital Impact Partners executive management is a board member of the Housing Partnership Network, in which Develop Detroit is a lending affiliate within the Housing Partner Network.

Workforce Affordable Housing Fund I, LLC: In July 2019, Capital Impact Partners became a 96% non-controlling member in the Investment in WAHF. The NHP Foundation is the 4% controlling member. A member of Capital Impact Partners executive management team is a trustee of The NHP Foundation. The balance recorded as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, was \$19,227,386 and \$20,926,261, respectively.

CDC: In the normal course of business, Capital Impact Partners and CDC share labor, as outlined in a shared services agreement established in 2023. Capital Impact Partners utilized a portion of CDC labor and is recorded

Note 17. Related Party Transactions (Continued)

as Inter-company management fee in the Consolidated Statements of Activities and Changes in Net Assets. For the year ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, activity totaled \$318,918 and \$306,468, respectively. CDC utilized a portion of Capital Impact Partners labor and is recorded as Inter-company fee income in the Consolidated Statements of Activities and Changes in Net Assets. For the year ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, activity totaled \$3,742,764 and \$3,395,383, respectively.

During 2024, Capital Impact Partners issued two bridge loans to CDC to cover disbursements. As of December 31, 2024, and 2023, Capital Impact Partners intercompany loans receivable totaled \$16,800,000 and \$2,500,000, respectively.

Capital Impact Partners and CDC cross guarantee most of the other party's debt, and co-borrowers on the remaining obligations enabling each organization to benefit from the combined financial strength of both organizations.

ASM: In the normal course of business, Capital Impact Partners and ASM share labor and rent, as outlined in a shared services agreement established in 2023. ASM utilized a portion of Capital Impact Partners labor which is recorded as Inter-company management fee in the Consolidated Statements of Activities and Changes in Net Assets. For the year ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, activity totaled \$1,830,258 and \$270,510 respectively, which is eliminated upon consolidation.

In May 2023, through Momentus Securities, ASM entered a ten-year, \$1.6 million lease with Capital Impact Partners for its New York office space. The lease ends on May 31, 2033. The corresponding right of use asset and lease liability is eliminated upon consolidation.

Other: In the normal course of business, members of the Capital Impact Partners Board of Directors may be related to cooperatives receiving or eligible to receive loans. Capital Impact Partners has conflict of interest policies, which require, among other things, that a board member be disassociated from decisions that pose a conflict of interest, or the appearance of a conflict of interest.

Loans to applicants who are affiliated with a member of Capital Impact Partners are subject to the same eligibility and credit criteria, as well as the same loan terms and conditions, as all other loan requests. Any new loan made to an organization related to a member of the Board is reported to the Finance and Risk Committee at the next regular meeting. An analysis of the activity during the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, for the aggregate amount of these loans is as follows:

Balance, December 31, 2022	\$14,229,056
Net changes	(1,107,067)
Balance, December 31, 2023	13,121,989
Net changes	859,015
Balance, December 31, 2024	\$13,981,004

Note 18. New Markets Tax Credit Program

During 2005, Capital Impact Partners implemented its NMTC program and has 28 and 29 limited liability companies ("LLCs") that are CDEs, through December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

The LLCs were formed to obtain qualified equity investments from investors and make qualified investments in Qualified Active Low-Income Community Businesses ("QALICB") in accordance with the terms of the NMTC program pursuant to Section 45D of the Internal Revenue Code. Investors made capital contributions of approximately \$28,723,350 and \$35,276,650 to these LLCs during 2024 and 2023, respectively, in anticipation of receiving new markets tax credits of approximately \$11,202,107 and \$13,757,894 in 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Note 18. New Markets Tax Credit Program (Continued)

Capital Impact Partners serves as the managing member of these LLCs, contributed nominal capital and has financial interests in the NMTC entities noted below.

During 2024, six of the NMTC entities reached their seven-year transaction period and were completely dissolved. In connection with the dissolution of these entities, Capital Impact Partners incurred a loss of \$6,977, which is reflected in the Consolidated Statements of Activities and Changes in Net Assets for the year ended December 31, 2024.

During 2023, no NMTC entities reached their seven-year transaction period and completely dissolved.

Capital Impact Partners serves as the managing member of the following LLCs which includes LLCs with Chase NMTC entities below:

Impact CDE 55 LLC	Impact CDE 73 LLC
Impact CDE 56 LLC	Impact CDE 74 LLC
Impact CDE 57 LLC	Impact CDE 75 LLC
Impact CDE 61 LLC	Impact CDE 76 LLC
Impact CDE 63 LLC	Impact CDE 77 LLC
Impact CDE 64 LLC	Impact CDE 78 LLC
Impact CDE 65 LLC	Impact CDE 79 LLC
Impact CDE 66 LLC	Impact CDE 80 LLC
Impact CDE 67 LLC	Impact CDE 81 LLC
Impact CDE 68 LLC	Impact CDE 82 LLC
Impact CDE 69 LLC	Impact CDE 83 LLC
Impact CDE 70 LLC	Impact CDE 84 LLC
Impact CDE 71 LLC	Impact CDE 85 LLC
Impact CDE 72 LLC	Impact CDE 86 LLC

At December 31, 2024 and 2023, Capital Impact Partners had a .01% interest in each of the above entities.

The total amount of the investment is as follows:

	A	Amount of		Amount of		
	l	Investment		Investment		
		2024		2023		
Capital Impact Partners New Markets						
Tax Credit Entities	\$	27,731	\$	22,005		

The following is a summary of the audited financial information of these companies as of and for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023:

	2024	2023
Total assets	\$ 209,113,589	\$ 219,695,182
Total liabilities	499,828	327,183
Members' capital	208,613,761	219,367,999
Total revenue	4,117,460	3,524,368
Total expenses	2,364,864	2,015,495
Net income	1,752,596	1,508,873

Note 18. New Markets Tax Credit Program (Continued)

Under the agreements with the LLCs, Capital Impact Partners earns fees for its initial services including investor syndication, LLC organization, Ioan origination, and NMTC sub-allocation. Capital Impact Partners also earns continuing fees for Ioan servicing. As explained in Note 16 material revenue streams recognized at a point in time or recognized over time are reported separately on the Consolidated Statements of Activities and Changes in Net Assets. During the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, Capital Impact Partners earned \$1,120,036 and \$980,099, respectively, of servicing fees from these LLCs. In addition, Capital Impact Partners reflected accounts receivable of \$440,980 and \$234,757, as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

In most of the agreements with the LLCs, Capital Impact Partners could be responsible for reimbursing the LLCs in the event of recapture and/or loss of the tax credits for failure to comply with Section 45D of the Internal Revenue Code as a result of errors made by Capital Impact Partners in its role as Managing Member. In most cases, the amount of reimbursement is limited to fees received or a multiple thereof. Capital Impact Partners has retained qualified consultants and implemented control systems to minimize the potential of any such recapture. Management believes the likelihood of recapture is remote and no liabilities have been recorded as of December 31, 2024 and 2023.

To date, Capital Impact Partners has been awarded twelve NMTC allocations, totaling \$792,000,000.

Note 19. Commitments and Contingencies

Capital Impact Partners is a party to financial instruments with off-balance sheet risk in the normal course of business to meet the financing needs of its customers or business partners. These financial instruments include commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit. These instruments involve, to varying degrees, elements of credit risk in excess of the amount recognized in the balance sheet. The contract or notional amounts of these instruments reflect the extent of Capital Impact Partners' involvement in these particular classes of financial instruments. Capital Impact Partners' exposure to credit loss, in the event of nonperformance by the other party, is represented by the contractual or notional amount of those instruments. Capital Impact Partners uses the same credit policies in making commitments and conditional obligations as they do for on-balance sheet instruments.

In the normal course of business, Capital Impact Partners makes commitments to extend term loans and lines of credit, which are not reflected in the accompanying financial statements. The commitments to extend credit are agreements to lend to a customer as long as there is no violation of any condition established in the contract. Commitments generally have fixed expiration dates or other termination clauses and may require payment of a fee. Since many of the commitments are expected to expire without being completely drawn upon, the total commitment amounts do not necessarily represent future cash requirements. Capital Impact Partners evaluates each customer's creditworthiness on a case-by-case basis. The amount of collateral obtained, if deemed necessary by Capital Impact Partners upon extension of credit, is based on management's credit evaluation of the borrower. At December 31, 2024 and 2023, these outstanding commitments totaled \$89,196,384 and \$97,258,796, respectively.

Credit exposure related to these commitments is evaluated utilizing the same criteria as the allowance for loan loss for its loans receivable. Financial exposure related to these commitments is reported as liability for unfunded commitments on the Consolidated Statements of Financial Position and unfunded commitment expense on the Consolidated Statements of Activities and Changes in Net Assets, respectively. The liability for unfunded commitments is reclassified as a component of loans receivable, net of allowance for loan loss as the commitments convert to performing loans receivable on the Consolidated Statements of Financial Position.

Note 20. Employee Benefits

Capital Impact Partners' employees participate in the non-contributory defined contribution retirement plan and the 401(k) plan. Under the non-contributory defined contribution retirement plan, Capital Impact Partners contributes 6% of a participant's annual salary into the plan. Total expenses for the retirement plan for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, were \$1,113,147 and \$869,757, respectively. The employee thrift plan is organized

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 20. Employee Benefits (Continued)

under IRS Code Section 401(k) and Capital Impact Partners contributes up to 6% of each participant's annual salary. Contributions and expenses were \$1,099,684 and \$979,945 for 2024 and 2023, respectively. Employee benefits are included in salaries and benefits on the Statements of Functional Expenses.

Note 21. Fair Value

Fair value measurements: Capital Impact Partners uses fair value measurements to record fair value adjustments to certain assets and liabilities and to determine fair value disclosures. In accordance with accounting guidance, the fair value of a financial instrument is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value is best determined based upon quoted market prices. However, in many instances, there are no quoted market prices for Capital Impact Partners' various financial instruments. In cases where quoted market prices are not available, fair values are based on estimates using present value or other valuation techniques. Those techniques are significantly affected by the assumptions used, including the discount rate and estimates of future cash flows. Accordingly, the fair value estimates may not be realized in an immediate settlement of the instrument.

If there has been a significant decrease in the volume and the level of activity for the asset or liability, a change in valuation technique or the use of multiple valuation techniques may be appropriate. In such instances, determining the price at which willing market participants would transact at the measurement date under current market conditions depends on the facts and circumstances and requires the use of significant judgment. The fair value is a reasonable point within the range that is most representative of fair value under current market conditions. A three-level hierarchy exists for fair value measurements based upon the inputs to the valuation of an asset or liability. The classification within the hierarchy is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

- Level 1: Valuation is based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Valuation is determined from observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active; or inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly through market corroboration, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument.
- Level 3: Valuation is derived from model-based and other techniques in which one significant input is unobservable in the market and which may be based on Capital Impact Partners' own estimates about assumptions that a market participant would use to value the asset or liability.

Note 21. Fair Value (Continued)

Fair value on a recurring basis: The table below presents the financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

	D	ecember 31,					
		2024	Level 1	Level 2		Level 3	
Assets:							
Money market fund	\$	3,042,609	\$ 3,042,609	\$ -	\$	-	
Marketable equity securities		577,897	577,897	-		-	
Real estate investment trust		2,079,981	-	-		2,079,981	
Other investments		286,672	-	-		286,672	
Mortgage backed securities		34,029,460	-	34,029,460		-	
U.S. Small Business Administration loans		3,112,569	-	3,112,569		-	
Confirmation of Originator Fees		113,872	-	113,872		-	
	\$	43,243,060	\$ 3,620,506	\$ 37,255,901	\$	2,366,653	
	D	ecember 31,					
		2023	Level 1	Level 2		Level 3	
Assets:							
Marketable equity securities	\$	495,215	\$ 495,215	\$ -	\$	-	
Real estate investment trust		2,113,113	-	-		2,113,113	
Other investments		286,671	-	-		286,671	
Mortgage backed securities		33,822,580	-	33,822,580		-	
U.S. Treasury Securities		4,017,701	-	4,017,701		-	
-	\$	40,735,280	\$ 495,215	\$ 37,840,281	\$	2,399,784	

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for instruments measured at fair value. These valuation methodologies were applied to all of Capital Impact Partners' financial assets and liabilities that are carried at fair value on a recurring basis.

Marketable equity securities: The fair value of these securities is the market value based on quoted market prices, or market prices provided by recognized broker dealers. Therefore, these assets are classified as Level 1.

Real estate investment trust ("REIT"): The fair value of the REIT is based upon a dividend yield capitalization method of establishing fair value developed by the REIT and communicated to its investors. It reflects the nature of the REIT's business, and measures the REIT's ability to produce cash flow to pay dividends. Under the dividend yield capitalization methodology, the expected dividends for the upcoming 12 months are projected, imputing a dividend payout ratio of 90%. This imputed forward-looking dividend is then capitalized at the Dow Jones Corporate Financials Index yield – a composite of 32, long-term bond issuances from established, creditworthy financial institutions. Fair value is derived by capitalizing the projected dividend per share at this market yield and is also supported by the REIT's net asset valuation ("NAV") under the rational that, the REIT is, at a minimum, worth the liquidation value of its assets. Therefore, these assets are classified as Level 3 and use Level 3 inputs to fair value.

Mortgage Backed and U.S. Treasury Securities: These securities receive interest income based on their stated interest rates and are classified as Level 2 instruments, as there are no quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets. The fair value is determined using models and other valuation methodologies, which are corroborated by market data.

Other investments: The fair value of other investments is generally based upon the ending capital value evidenced by the issuers' K-1 or audited financial statements. In some instances, equity method is used as most closely approximating fair value. Therefore, these assets are classified as Level 3.

Note 21. Fair Value (Continued)

U.S. Small Business Administration Ioans: U.S. Small Business Administration Ioans ("SBA Loans") and Confirmation of Originator Fees ("COOFs") are classified within Level 2 of the fair value hieararchy because they are valued using inputs other than Level 1 that are observable, either directly or indirectly, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities.

Guarantee liability: The fair value of a guarantee liability is based the present value of the difference between the net contractual cash flows required under a debt instrument, and the net contractual cash flows that would have been required without the guarantee.

There was no change in the valuation techniques used to measure fair value of investments in the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023. There were no transfers into or out of Level 3 during the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023.

Changes in Level 3 assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis are summarized as follows:

	2024	2023
Beginning balance at January 1	\$ 2,399,784	\$ 2,355,424
Total net gains included in		
change in net assets	 (33,131)	44,360
Ending balance at December 31	\$ 2,366,653	\$ 2,399,784

Fair value on a nonrecurring basis: Certain financial instruments and liabilities are not measured at fair value on an ongoing basis but are subject to fair value adjustments in certain circumstances (for example, when there is evidence of impairment). The table below presents the assets measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis:

	December 31,							
	2024	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3				
Assets:								
Impaired loans, net of								
specific reserves	\$ 6,036,215	\$-	\$-	\$ 6,036,215				
	December 31,	Level 4	Level 2	Level 2				
	2023	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3				
Assets: Impaired loans, net of								
specific reserves	\$ 4,225,220	\$-	\$-	\$ 4,225,220				

Impaired Loans Net of Specific Reserves, which are measured for impairment using the loan's observable market price or the fair value of the collateral for collateral-dependent loans. Appraised and reported values may be discounted based on management's historical knowledge, changes in market conditions from the time of valuation, and/or management's expertise and knowledge of the client and client's business. Based on this information, impaired loans, net of specific reserves, are valued using Level 3 inputs. The valuation allowance for impaired loans is included in the allowance for loan losses in the Consolidated Statements of Financial Position.

Note 22. Noncontrolling Interest in Consolidated Subsidiaries

Capital Impact Partners presents the noncontrolling interest in CIIF, its consolidated subsidiary, as a separate line item within net assets in the Consolidated Statements of Financial Position as of December 31, 2024 and 2023.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 22. Noncontrolling Interest in Consolidated Subsidiaries (Continued)

CIIF began operations on December 13, 2017. CIIF II began operations on December 28, 2018 and merged into CIIF on January 1, 2020. A 10% equity contribution of \$3,763,007 by Capital Impact Partners increased its managing member ownership to 30% from 20% and reduced Annaly's non-managing member ownership to 70% from 80%. As of December 31, 2024, Capital Impact Partners increased its manager membership ownership from 30% to 87%

A summary of the 2024 and 2023 activity follows:

		CIIF	
	CIP	Annaly	Total
Balance, December 31, 2022	\$ 8,947,508	\$ 20,572,345	\$ 29,519,853
Net income	406,431	1,012,132	1,418,563
Distributions	(390,665)	(1,012,132)	(1,402,797)
Balance, December 31, 2023	8,963,274	20,572,345	29,535,619
Net income	392,936	547,328	940,264
Distributions	(535,913)	(19,838,560)	(20,374,473)
Balance, December 31, 2024	\$ 8,820,297	\$ 1,281,113	\$ 10,101,410

Distributions of \$6,802 and \$245,512 were payable from CIIF to Annaly as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Note 23. Subsequent Events

Capital Impact Partners has evaluated its subsequent events (events occurring after December 31, 2024) through March 27, 2025, which represents the date the financial statements were issued.

Capital Impact Partners and Subsidiaries

Consolidating Statement of Financial Position December 31, 2024

	Capital Impact Partners	Detroit Neighborhoods Fund, LLC	FPIF, LLC	Community Investment Impact Fund , LLC	Alliance Securities Manager LLC	Equitable Prosperity Fund 1 GP LLC	Eliminations	Total
Assets		·	·					
Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted	\$ 85,393,257	\$ 3,396,054	\$ 367,815	\$ 4,932,805	\$ 5,953,096	\$ -	s -	\$ 100,043,027
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted	26,369,118	478,038	-	-	-	-	-	26,847,156
Accounts and interest receivable	10,824,980	240,464	-	56,266	1,119,534	-	(1,433,032)	10,808,212
Investments	61,033,951	-	-	-	3,334,151	(1,044,720)	(15,964,571)	47,358,811
Mortgage backed securities	34,029,460	-	-	-	-	-	-	34,029,460
Loans receivable	557,337,088	-	-	-	-	-	-	557,337,088
Less: allowance for credit losses	(16,914,877)	-	-	-	-		-	(16,914,877)
Loans receivable, net	540,422,211	-	-	-	-	-	-	540,422,211
Loans receivable – subsidiaries	-	25,498,274	-	5,568,600	-		(15,128,778)	15,938,096
Loans receivable - intercompany	16,800,000	-			-		-	16,800,000
Other real estate owned	658,498	-	-	-	-	-	-	658,498
Other assets	2,781,649	-	-	-	272,110	-	-	3,053,759
Right of use assets	8,425,267	-	-		1,368,841	•	(1,368,841)	8,425,267
Total assets	\$ 786,738,391	\$ 29,612,830	\$ 367,815	\$ 10,557,671	\$ 12,047,732	\$ (1,044,720)	\$ (33,895,222)	\$ 804,384,497
Liabilities and Net Assets								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 8,483,175	\$ 181,921	\$ 23,698	\$ 456,261	\$ 2,489,898	\$-	\$ (1,433,032)	\$ 10,201,921
Refundable advance liability	8,336,547	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,336,547
Due to subsidiaries	5,568,600	-	-	-	-	-	(5,568,600)	-
Revolving lines of credit	83,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	83,000,000
Notes payable	64,289,530	-	-	-	-	-	-	64,289,530
Investor Notes, net	377,129,499	-	-	-	-	-	-	377,129,499
Subordinated debt	14,500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,500,000
Federal Home Loan Bank borrowing	24,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	24,000,000
Bond loan payable	10,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,000,000
Notes payable – subsidiaries	-	28,680,533	-	-	-	-	(9,560,178)	19,120,355
Liability for CECL - loan commitments	2,596,742	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,596,742
Lease liabilities	10,821,624	-	-	-	1,368,841	-	(1,368,841)	10,821,624
Total liabilities	608,725,717	28,862,454	23,698	456,261	3,858,739	-	(17,930,651)	623,996,218
Net assets:								
Without donor restrictions	132,218,111	750,376	344,117	-	8,188,993	(1,044,720)	(7,144,274)	133,312,603
Noncontrolling interest in a consolidated subsidiary	-	-	-	10,101,410	-	-	(8,820,297)	1,281,113
Total without donor restrictions	132,218,111	750,376	344,117	10,101,410	8,188,993	(1,044,720)	(15,964,571)	134,593,716
With donor restrictions	45,794,563	-	-	-	-	-	-	45,794,563
Total net assets	178,012,674	750,376	344,117	10,101,410	8,188,993	(1,044,720)	(15,964,571)	180,388,279
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 786,738,391	\$ 29,612,830	\$ 367,815	\$ 10,557,671	\$ 12,047,732	\$ (1,044,720)	\$ (33,895,222)	\$ 804,384,497

Capital Impact Partners and Subsidiaries

Consolidating Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Capital Impact Partners	Detroit Neighborhoods Fund, LLC	FPIF, LLC	Community Investment Impact Fund , LLC	Alliance Securities Manager LLC	Equitable Prosperity Fund 1 GP LLC	Eliminations	Total
Changes in net assets without donor restrictions:			•		-			
Financial activity:								
Financial income: Interest income on loans	\$ 36,154,935	\$ 1,307,732	\$ 280,250	\$ 1,112,393	\$ 329,521	•	\$ (426,378) \$	38,758,453
Loan fees	569.969	÷ 1,007,752	÷ 200,230	φ 1,112,000 -	φ <u>525,521</u>	•	φ (420,070) φ -	569,969
Investments income, net	2,885,729	122,597	7,664	54,310	388,119	-	(392,937)	3,065,482
Loss on equity method investments	(1,202,295)		.,			(721,205)	2,866,406	942,906
Loss on NMTC unwind	6,977	-		-			-,,	6,977
Gain on sale of securities					1,041,401			1,041,401
Total financial income	38,415,315	1,430,329	287,914	1,166,703	1,759,041	(721,205)	2,047,091	44,385,188
Financial expense:								
Interest expense	25,865,404	797,445	188,062		659,042		(426,378)	27,083,575
Provision for credit losses	9,805,409	-	-	-	-	-		9,805,409
Total financial expense	35,670,813	797,445	188,062	-	659,042	-	(426,378)	36,888,984
Net financial income	2,744,502	632,884	99,852	1,166,703	1,099,999	(721,205)	2,473,469	7,496,204
				.,,	.,,	(_,,	.,,
Revenue and support:								
Loan servicing fees	2,277,061	-	-	-	-	-	(540,054)	1,737,007
Fees	1,774,599		-	-	330,165	-	(242,824)	1,861,940
Asset management fees from investments			-		3,014,780		-	3,014,780
Contract revenue	635,780		-				-	635,780
Contributions	45,155,925		-			-	-	45,155,925
Inter-company fee income	5,568,003	-	-	-	-	-	(1,825,239)	3,742,764
Other income	55,778	-		36,141		-	-	91,919
Net assets released from donor restrictions	17,876,926	•	-	•	-	•		17,876,926
Total revenue and support	73,344,072	-	-	36,141	3,344,945	-	(2,608,117)	74,117,041
Expenses:								
Innovative community lending program	17,873,475	523,091	91,093	214,437			(782,878)	17,919,218
Technical assistance	11,086,702		-	-	-		-	11,086,702
Total program expenses	28,960,177	523,091	91,093	214,437		-	(782,878)	29,005,920
Support expenses:								
Management and general	17,307,766	10,429	-	48,142	6,590,764	(620)	(1,825,238)	22,131,243
Fundraising	2,963,966	-		-				2,963,966
Total expenses	49,231,909	533,520	91,093	262,579	6,590,764	(620)	(2,608,116)	54,101,129
Change in net assets without donor restrictions								
before noncontrolling and controlling interest activities	26,856,665	99,364	8,759	940,265	(2,145,820)	(720,585)	2,473,468	27,512,116
								(10 000 500)
Noncontrolling interest – distributions Controlling interest - capital contributions				(20,374,474)	(3,333,333)		535,914 3,333,333	(19,838,560)
Controlling Interest - capital controluons Change in net assets without		-		-	(3,333,333)	-	3,333,333	
donor restrictions	26,856,665	99,364	8,759	(19,434,209)	(5,479,153)	(720,585)	6,342,715	7,673,556
Change in net assets with donor restrictions:								
Investment income, net	683,517		-		-		-	683,517
Grant revenue	17,666,645	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,666,645
Net assets released from donor restrictions	(17,876,926)	-	-		-			(17,876,926)
Change in net assets with donor								
restrictions	473,236	-	-	-	-	-	-	473,236
Change in net assets	27,329,901	99,364	8,759	(19,434,209)	(5,479,153)	(720,585)	6,342,715	8,146,792
Net assets, beginning	150,682,773	651,012	335,358	29,535,619	13,668,146	(324,135)	(22,307,286)	172,241,487
Net assets, ending	\$ 178,012,674	\$ 750,376	\$ 344,117	\$ 10,101,410	\$ 8,188,993	\$ (1,044,720)	\$ (15,964,571) \$	180,388,279

Consolidating Statement of Financial Position December 31, 2023

	Capital Impact Partners	Detroit Neighborhoods Fund, LLC	FPIF, LLC	Community Investment Impact Fund , LLC	Alliance Securities Manager LLC	Equitable Prosperity Fund 1 GP LLC	Eliminations	Total
Assets			,					
Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted	\$ 22,412,586	\$ 4,501,577	\$ 335,253	\$ 3,284,786	\$ 13,699,501	\$-	\$ -	\$ 44,233,703
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted	25,957,624	466,509	-	-	-	-	-	26,424,133
Accounts and interest receivable	6,982,806	136,803	24,541	238,127	1,207,193	-	(1,133,578)	7,455,892
Investments	63,996,180	-	-	-	107,710	(323,515)	(22,307,286)	41,473,089
Mortgage backed securities	33,822,580	-	-	-	-	-	-	33,822,580
Loans receivable	499,585,126	-	-	-	-	-	-	499,585,126
Less: allowance for credit losses	(12,573,430)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(12,573,430)
Loans receivable, net	487,011,696	-	-	-	-	-	-	487,011,696
Loans receivable - subsidiaries	-	25,215,656	5,000,000	26,765,888			(37,112,849)	19,868,695
Loans receivable - intercompany	2,500,000	-			-	-		2,500,000
Other real estate owned	658,498	-	-	-	-	-	-	658,498
Other assets	3,329,833	-	-	-	313,496	-	-	3,643,329
Right of use assets	9,428,191	-	-	-	1,505,623	-	(1,505,623)	9,428,191
Total assets	\$ 656,099,994	\$ 30,320,545	\$ 5,359,794	\$ 30,288,801	\$ 16,833,523	\$ (323,515)	\$ (62,059,336)	\$ 676,519,806
Liabilities and Net Assets								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 9,414,166	\$ 128,650	\$ 24,436	\$ 753,182	\$ 1,659,754	\$ 620	\$ (1,133,578)	\$ 10,847,230
Refundable advance liability	9,735,754	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,735,754
Due to subsidiaries	26,765,888	-	-	-	-	-	(26,765,888)	-
Revolving lines of credit	69,500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	69,500,000
Notes payable	68,786,736	-	-	-	-	-	-	68,786,736
Investor Notes, net	262,805,148	-	-	-	-	-	-	262,805,148
Subordinated debt	14,500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,500,000
Federal Home Loan Bank borrowing	24,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	24,000,000
Bond loan payable	5,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,000,000
Notes payable – subsidiaries	-	29,540,883	5,000,000	-	-	-	(10,346,961)	24,193,922
Liability for CECL - loan commitments	2,917,764	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,917,764
Lease liabilities	11,991,765	-	-	-	1,505,623	-	(1,505,623)	11,991,765
Total liabilities	505,417,221	29,669,533	5,024,436	753,182	3,165,377	620	(39,752,050)	504,278,319
Net assets:								
Without donor restrictions	105,361,446	651,012	335,358	-	13,668,146	(324,135)	(13,344,012)	106,347,815
Noncontrolling interest in a consolidated subsidiary	-	-	-	29,535,619	-	-	(8,963,274)	20,572,345
Total without donor restrictions	105,361,446	651,012	335,358	29,535,619	13,668,146	(324,135)	(22,307,286)	126,920,160
With donor restrictions	45,321,327	-	-	-	-	-	-	45,321,327
Total net assets	150,682,773	651,012	335,358	29,535,619	13,668,146	(324,135)	(22,307,286)	172,241,487
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 656,099,994	\$ 30,320,545	\$ 5,359,794	\$ 30,288,801	\$ 16,833,523	\$ (323,515)	\$ (62,059,336)	\$ 676,519,806

Capital Impact Partners and Subsidiaries

Consolidating Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2023

	c	apital Impact Partners	Detroit Neighborhoods Fund, LLC	FPIF, LLC	Investr	mmunity ment Impact nd , LLC	Alliance Securities Manager LLC	Equitable Prosperity Fund 1 GP LLC	Eliminations	Total
Changes in net assets without donor restrictions:										
Financial activity:										
Financial income:										
Interest income on loans Loan fees	\$	24,038,821 389,267	\$ 1,318,054	\$ 288,95	8\$	1,670,743	\$-	\$ - -	\$ (427,865) \$	26,888,711 389,267
Investments income, net		3,650,257	113,198	5,91	0	50,895	140,535	-	(406,431)	3,554,364
Loss on equity method investments		(3,923,391)	-			-	-	(140,618)	4,834,546	770,537
Total financial income		24,154,954	1,431,252	294,86	8	1,721,638	140,535	(140,618)	4,000,250	31,602,879
Financial expense:										
Interest expense		15,924,325	798,698	193,90	6	-		-	(427,865)	16,489,064
Provision for credit losses		(308,991)	-			-	-	-	-	(308,991)
Total financial expense		15,615,334	798,698	193,90	6	-	-	-	(427,865)	16,180,073
Net financial income		8,539,620	632,554	100,96	2	1,721,638	140,535	(140,618)	4,428,115	15,422,806
Revenue and support:										
Loan servicing fees		2,125,833				-			(545,095)	1,580,738
Fees		1,801,472				-	270,638		(341,949)	1,730,161
Asset management fees from investments		.,		-		-	1,568,719		(,,,,,,,,,,,,	1,568,719
Contract revenue		1,244,007				-				1,244,007
Contributions		94,000		-						94,000
Gain on debt extinguishment		352,238				-				352,238
Inter-company fee income		3,661,528	-			-	-	=	(266,145)	3,395,383
Other income		224.060				32,630	- 4		(200,145)	256.694
Net assets released from donor restrictions		32,177,179				32,630	-			32,177,179
Total revenue and support		41,680,317				32.630	1,839,361		(1,153,189)	42,399,119
Total revenue and support		41,660,317				32,630	1,639,361	-	(1,153,169)	42,399,119
Expenses: Innovative community lending program		18,026,832	526,724	94,23	2	311,784			(887,044)	18,072,528
Technical assistance		22,144,126	520,724	34,23	-	511,704			(007,044)	22,144,126
Total program expenses	-	40,170,958	526,724	94,23	2	311,784			(887,044)	40,216,654
Support expenses:										
Management and general		14.846.376	12.575			23,921	6,673,205	620	(266,145)	21.290.552
Fundraising		2.320.344	12,070			20,021	0,075,205	020	(200,140)	2.320.344
Total expenses		57,337,678	539,299	94,23	2	335,705	6,673,205	620	(1,153,189)	63,827,550
Change in net assets without donor restrictions										
before noncontrolling and controlling interest activities		(7,117,741)	93,255	6,73	0	1,418,563	(4,693,309)	(141,238)	4,428,115	(6,005,625)
Noncontrolling interest – distributions			-			(1,402,797)	-		390,665	(1,012,132)
Controlling interest - capital contributions		-		-		(1,112,111)	3,334,333		(3,334,333)	(.,,,
Change in net assets without							-,		(0,000,0000)	
donor restrictions		(7,117,741)	93,255	6,73	0	15,766	(1,358,976)	(141,238)	1,484,447	(7,017,757)
Change in net assets with donor restrictions:										
Investment income. net		304,422		-		-	-			304,422
Grant revenue		27,851,484		-		-	-			27,851,484
Net assets released from donor restrictions		(32,177,179)		-		-	-		-	(32,177,179)
Change in net assets with donor	-	<i>V i i i i</i>								
restrictions		(4,021,273)	-	-		-	-	-	-	(4,021,273)
Change in net assets		(11,139,014)	93,255	6,73	0	15,766	(1,358,976)	(141,238)	1,484,447	(11,039,030)
Net assets, beginning		164,110,363	557,757	328,62	8	29,519,853	15,027,122	(182,897)	(23,791,733)	185,569,093
Cumulative change in accounting policy		(2,288,576)	-				-			(2,288,576)
Net assets, ending	\$	150,682,773	\$ 651,012	\$ 335,35	8\$	29,535,619	\$ 13,668,146	\$ (324,135)	\$ (22,307,286) \$	172,241,487